C RLDatix

- Alert Examples Supplement -

FOR RISKMAN VERSION 19.02

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CONTENTS

Introduction
Notification Alerts
Notify the WHS manager by email when an OHS injury occurs7
Notify falls coordinator of a new resident fall10
Notify a user's nominated line manager when they enter a new incident (uses Manager/Staff Relationships)11
Notify a Department Manager of a new incident lodged in their department (uses Org Structure list)
Notify a unit manager that a new incident has been lodged for their unit (uses Org Structure Register)13
Notify a user when they are listed as a the accountable executive for a new risk17
Create an exception which doesn't sent workplace harassment incidents on to a user's line manager; instead sends them to a certain HR user20
Notify a user who created a journal task that it has been marked as complete23
Notify the CEO of all the serious patient incidents that happened in the previous 7 days via a digest alert
Acknowledgement Alerts
When a user submits an incident, send them an acknowledgement email to confirm receipt of the record, and inform them what they can do next
When an incident is marked as closed, send an acknowledgement email to the original reporter, thanking them for submitting the incident and confirming what has been done about it
Reminder Alerts
Demind the management is a second with a investigation for an incident have not use
Remind the responsible line manager that the investigations for an incident have not yet commenced, and the incident has now been in the system for more than 7 days. Add an escalation alert if nothing is still done 21 days later
commenced, and the incident has now been in the system for more than 7 days. Add an
commenced, and the incident has now been in the system for more than 7 days. Add an escalation alert if nothing is still done 21 days later
commenced, and the incident has now been in the system for more than 7 days. Add an escalation alert if nothing is still done 21 days later

Allow a user to see only records of a certain type in a register
Threshold Alerts
If there are more than 4 manual handling incidents in a 21 day period at a given facility, notify a
particular user
If resident #7654321 has 3 or more falls in a 14 day period, notify the facility manager53

INTRODUCTION

This document aims to provide examples of the various types of alerts that can be configured in RiskMan in order to orchestrate the workflows and processes required by your organisation.

When reviewing the examples of alerts in this document, please keep the following points in mind:

- It is intended that this document is used in conjunction with the **Alerts Management Guide**. This document provides examples of alert setup and configuration, whereas the Alerts Management Guide explains the actual functionality in-depth.
- The alert examples provided in this document were created in various different system configurations. Every RiskMan client configures RiskMan differently, so while some of the fields, registers, or functionality shown in the examples may not match your own system, what is more important is understanding the concepts behind the functionality. You can then transplant the examples into your own system, being sure to make adjustments to fit your own datasets, system functionality, etc.
- Most of the examples in this document are centred on the Incident Register. This is because the Incident Register is far and away the most commonly used register by RiskMan clients. Again, the concepts that are used can be applied to basically any other register in RiskMan.
- For each example alert provided, we quite deliberately do not exhaustively show every single setting or piece of configuration. Doing so would likely make it more difficult to read, and many settings are consistent or are up to you to decide. For example, most alert examples do not show how an email might be configured, unless the email itself was particularly unique to the alert example in question.
- This document will be amended as time goes by to include further examples of different types of alerts, including those which serve to demonstrate new alert-related functionality which may be added to the system in future releases of the software.
- Finally, remember that <u>alerts are the most important part of your system</u>. They control how your system behaves, and primarily grant users permission to see appropriate records.
 - They can be tricky, or sometimes difficult. RiskMan International wants to ensure when you are setting up alerts that you "*measure twice and cut once*". With that in mind, please do not hesitate to contact RiskMan Support if you have any questions about setting up an alert, or if you would like us to double-check the setup of an alert you have created before you switch it on.

You can contact RiskMan Support via the following:

- By phone: Call the helpdesk directly on +61 3 9686 5456
- By email: Send your queries, along with other helpful materials to support@riskman.net.au
- Submit a ticket to RiskMan Support directly by navigating to Help > RiskMan Support. Please keep in mind that this menu option is a user permission, and that you might not have permission to see it.

NOTIFICATION ALERTS

Common settings

Notification alerts will use the following settings in all examples, unless there is cause for an exception, which will be explained on a per-example basis.

Rules > Alert Method

The Alert Method will <u>always</u> be Check each item when it is saved.

The other 2 alert methods are specifically for

- Reminder alerts, and
- Threshold alerts

Rules > Settings

 If the alert is for a register that utilises posting (incidents, feedback), you can stipulate here that the alert should not trigger unless the record has been posted. This can be useful in certain scenarios, such as ensuring a manager has confirmed the severity of an incident before notifying senior management of serious incidents

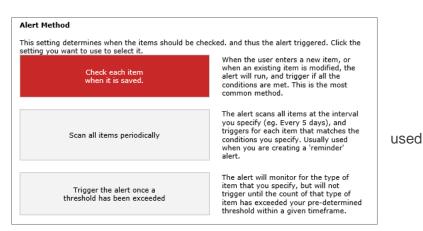
In the vast majority of cases, for a notification alert,
 Trigger only the first time for each recipient should be selected.

• Your requirements determine which email option(s) to choose.

• Seeing as these alerts are to *notify* somebody of something, we will always use the *Authorise* option

S The backdate function does not need to be used for

notification alerts. Refer to the Special Alert Functions section of this document for an example on when and how to use the backdate function.





Schedule

You do not need to make any changes to the Schedule options for a notification alert. There are some scenarios where you might need to, and these are explained as variations for some alert examples.

Notify the WHS manager by email when an OHS injury occurs

Conditions

On the incident form, we have determined that the following fields and values would need to be present in order for it to be considered a staff injury:

The subject affected is a must	Who Was Affected?
be Worker	The subject affected is a * Patient / Client Worker Type of worker * Relative / Visitor Non-Individual / Environment ntra
<i>Level of harm sustained</i> must be either Injury/illness or Death	Level of harm sustained Primary nature of injury / illness

Our resulting conditions look like this:

Where	Subject affected is equal to Worker
And	Level of harm sustained is one of 2 selected
	+

Recipients

In this example, we have named a specific user. This might be the case in a single facility or other smaller scale implementation.

	Recipients
Add a specific user as a recipient Type a name to search	Lauren Haupt
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category	Note: To delete an alert recipient, click the rubbish bin icon at the right. The recipient name/type will be crossed out. When you save the alert, the recipient will be removed from the list. Clicking the icon again will cancel the delete.
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	
Add a group of recipients	

Email

Email Subject					ail Subject								
	new worker injury has been lodged in RiskMan at [Program]												
Email Body	ail Body												
X 🗇 🛅 👼	- 🔶 🍋	$\mathbf{X}^2 \mathbf{X}_2 \mid \stackrel{1}{=} \stackrel{0}{=} \mid$	2 2 2		•	٩	N N						
Normal	▼ Arial	- (F	ize) 🔻	B	r <u>∪</u>	÷	≣	Ξ	∃	B	A	•	
An OHS injury ha	as been entered in I	RiskMan by [Notificat	ionName]. Ple	ease inve	estigate	e as so	oon as	poss	ible.				
Incident Summa	iry:												
Person affected: ([FirstName] [Surna	me]											
Initial incident out	tcome: [Outcome]	3											
Brief description:	[Description]												
Click Here to ope	n the incident and	eview it.											
4													
. · [D											
Design	HTML	Preview											

• We have decided to put the name of the ward / unit in which the incident was recorded into the subject line of the email. What is shown in the square brackets is the database field name, as opposed to the friendly label that you see on the incident form.

racini	Lý						oow	Johne	апо	spical	
Ward	/ Unit *					E	ndos	сору			
Divisi	on *					Гт	W E	maia	1		
NTRODUCTION	How often should this alort be pro-	censof?									
OFTINES	Everys		Minute	Hour	Day	Week	Month	Year			
¢°	Suit order when proceeding: The elect will text if a conditions or	1000	2								
	The alert will test it's conditions or Every minute Next 20 schodule date/times.	n thic schodule:									
	Friday, 12 January 2017 54:45 Frid Priday, 13 January 2017 54:43 Frid Priday, 13 January 2017 54:43 Frid Priday, 13 January 2017 14:47 Frid	lay,12 January 2 lay,13 January 2 lay,13 January 2 lay,13 January 2 lay,13 January 2 lay,13 January 2	Report	or's r					-		
	Friday, 12 January 2017 54:51 Frid Priday, 13 January 2017 14:53 Prid Priday, 13 January 2017 14:53 Prid	ley,13 January 2 ley,13 January 2 ley,13 January 2 ley,13 January 2 ley,13 January 2	Report		ianne				Syste	m Manage	r
SCHEDULE	Friday,13 January 2017 54:59 Frid	ley,13 January 2017	15:00								
PROCESSES											

2 [NotificationName] is the database field name for the field Reporter's Name.

In the body of the email, we have included the name of the person affected – achieved by entering the First Name and then Surname fields; the initial outcome rating of the incident, and the content of the Summary field. This is considered good practice – try not to include too much information in the email, lest the user perhaps be disinclined to click the link and open the record as they may feel they have all the information they need.

• You are able to determine where the link to open the record should appear in the email. Click the *Add email link to body* button to insert the "Click here" link text wherever your cursor is. Note



that you can change the link text from "Click Here" to something else just by typing what you want and deleting what you do not want.

Notify falls coordinator of a new resident fall

Conditions

This alert needs to trigger for resident falls that happen at a multi-campus hospital which has a site for residential care.

Site must be Residential Aged Care	Where Did It Occur? Site Residential Aged Care
The Event relates to must be either Patient/Client/Resident	Who Was Affected? The Event relates to a * • Patient/Client/Resident • Worker • Relative/Visitor • Non-Person
<i>Type of Event</i> must be Fall	Select Classifications Patient Care Support Services Fall Fall Support Services Show All Support Services Show Support Services Show All Support Se

Our resulting conditions look like this:

type of	Where	Site	is equal to	Residential Ag	od Caro		
(Intection) Type of Intection	where	Site	is equal to	Residential Ag	eu Gale		
(Restraint) Type of restraint used	And	The Ev	ent relates to	is equal to	Patie	nt/Client/Resident	
(Slip/Trip/Fall) Type of Contami	And	(Multis	elect)Type Of E	is e	qual to	Patient/Client/Resident> Patient Care> Fall	
(Slip/Trip/Fall) Type of External			2			+	
(Slip/Trip/Fall) Type of Internal							
Type of Worker							
(Multiselect)Type Of Event							

• Because one of the fields we needed to test was a multi-select field, we needed to select the appropriate field in the **The** focus of this alert is list.

ne focus of this alert is	Incidents (V2) and Type O 🔻	
	Incidents (V2) and Preventative / Corrective Actions	
turn of	Incidents (V2) and Recommendation	^
type of	Incidents (V2) and Journals	_
(Intection) Type of In	Incidents (V2) and (OHS) Body Parts Affected	
(Restraint) Type of re	Incidents (V2) and (OHS) Type of Injury	
	Incidents (V2) and Type Of Event	
(Slip/Trip/Fall) Type (Incidents (V2) and (Behaviour) Problem	\sim
(Slip/Trip/Fall) Type o	of External	_

Without this, the **Type of Event** field would not be available to test against. This same action must be performed whenever you need to create conditions for multi-select lists, subforms, and journals.

You can then search for the required value you wish to test.

(Multiselect)Type Of Event	is equal to	Patient/Client/Resident> Patient Care> Fall
		fall
		Hazard> Slip/Trip/Fall> From height (excluding stairs)
		Hazard> Slip/Trip/Fall> From same level (including slips and trips
		Hazard> Slip/Trip/Fall> From stairs
		Patient/Client/Resident> Patient Care> Fall
		Relative/Visitor> OHS> Fall, Trip or Slip (V)
		Worker> OHS> Fall, Trip or Slip (W)

Notify a user's nominated line manager when they enter a new incident (uses Manager/Staff Relationships)

Purpose

If your configuration of RiskMan utilises Manager/Staff Relationships to establish reporting pathways, then this example is relevant to you.

	Adn	ninistration 🔻	Log Out
	9	Configuration	
┢	್ಷ	Tools	
	8	User Permissio	
	Ψ	Manager/Staff	Edit Staff
	!	Alerts Manag	Staff Hierarchy ny

Recipients

In this case, the Recipient will be set as the "Reporter's Manager":

Recipients
The nominated line manager(s) of the user who originally reported the record
•
r

In a system where Manager/Staff Relationships are used, when this alert is triggered, only the **immediate** line manager will receive the email we configure; however, all staff <u>up</u> the reporting channel will have <u>permission</u> to see the record in question.

Conditions

In order for this alert to trigger, we only need one simple condition to be met. We usually base this on a mandatory field that the default user needs to complete, thereby assuring that all inicidents will trigger this alert. In this case, we have chosen the **Summary** field:

Where	Summary of incident is not empty
	+

Notify a Department Manager of a new incident lodged in their department (uses Org Structure list)

Recipient

This example is rather similar to the previous one. However, this example refers to organisational structure lists contained within list & codes maintenance:

				les Maintena			
List Name:	Aler	rt Roles - Department	t Manager [AlertRoles	_Department]	Lists for Register		•
		Department 💡	Role 💡	Username 💡	Sort Order 💡	8	
		A&E	Department Manager	Vaseem Ali	999	Ê	
		Biochemistry Lab	Department Manager	Rajini Kausalya	999	面	
		Clinical Physiology	Department Manager	Asma Said Al-Balushi	999	面	
		♥ Create Filter					

Various permutations of this type of list exist in some systems today; however, the principal in selecting the recipient is always the same:

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient	Department Manager	面
Type a name to search	•	
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each recor triggers this alert	d that	
Select a user category		
Alert a user named in a field		
Select a field that contains a Username		
Add a group of recipients		
Add a group of recipients		

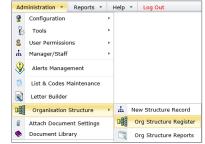
Remember that this kind of list allows you to target the responsible line manager in case a record is overdue for being followed up, or other similar situation.

Escalation processes

If your system uses manager/staff relationships, then you can easily have an escalation process in place if, for example, an incident does not have investigations performed in a satisfactory timeframe.

<u>Refer to Reminder Alerts</u> for an example on notifying a manager that they have not yet completed their investigations, and also creating escalation processes if nothing is done.

Notify a unit manager that a new incident has been lodged for their unit (uses Org Structure Register)



This is an example of an alert in a system that uses an

Organisation Structure register in order to automatically assign the recipient.

Conditions

As this is an initial notification alert, all we need to do is ensure that we have a condition whereby a field that is mandatory for the default user has been filled in, which will ensure this alert will trigger every time for any new incident:

What Happened?	
Summary *	A\$
Details	Abc
Action taken at time	0
	×

In this example system, we know that the **Summary** field is displayed for <u>every</u> incident, regardless of what type it is, and it is always mandatory. We will use this field as our condition to trigger the alert:

Where	Summary is not empty
	+

Recipient

In this example, we will use the last option; Add group of recipients, and select **Unit/Department Owner**:

	Recipients
Add a specific user as a recipient	
Type a name to search 🔹	
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert	
Select a user category	
Add a group of recipients	
Group Name	Parameter Help
HHS Groups	
This croups	Please enter the name of the group
Facility Groups	Please enter the name of the group Please enter the name of the group
Facility Groups	Please enter the name of the group
Facility Groups Unit/Department Owner	Please enter the name of the group No parameter required
Facility Groups Unit/Department Owner Unit/Department Secondary Owner	Please enter the name of the group No parameter required No parameter required

The **Unit/Department Owner** group recipient has been selected. The next thing to do is click the **Tick** button to add this selection as our recipient:

	Recipient
	•
Add a specific user as a recipient	
Type a name to search	
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that	
triggers this alert	
Select a user category 🔹	
Alert a user named in a field	
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	
Select a field that contains a Username	
Select a field that contains a Username	
Select a field that contains a Username	
Select a field that contains a Username	
Select a field that contains a Username	
Add a group of recipients	

In this final screenshot, you can see our selection added as the recipient:

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient	Unit/Department Owner - Parameter:null	童
Type a name to search 🔻		
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert	Note: To delete an alert recipient, click the rubbish bin icon at the right. The recipient name/type will be crossed out. When you save the alert, the	
Select a user category 🔻	recipient will be removed from the list. Clicking the icon again will cancel the delete.	
	Clicking the icon again will cancel the delete.	
Alert a user named in a field		
Select a field that contains a Username		
Add a group of recipients		

How the lookup works:

When an incident is entered, based on the combination of where it occurred, RiskMan will look up the corresponding matching value in the Organisational Structure register.

In the example to the right, we can see that the incident occurred in the ward/unit of **Pharmacy**, at **Bailey Henderson Hospital**.

Where Did It Occur?		
Hospital and Health Service	DARLING DOWNS	V
Service Region Facility	Toowoomba Baillie Henderson Hospital	
Ward / Unit *	Pharmacy	
Division *		
Service / Stream *	Clinical Support	~
Specific location		~
Did the incident occur offsite? *	⊖ Yes ⊖ No	

	0	My W	orks	pace	•	Management 🔹 🖌	Administration 🔹	Repor	ts • Help • Lo	g O	ut		USI	ER: System I	Manager	(Mai
Ć	°0.	Sele	ct a r	ecord	o di	isplay the available tools.	Organis New Organis	sational S	Structure and edits of Organi	e F sati			¢		×围	
rad	a colum	n heade	r here	to arc	up t	by that column										
	n	Dist		-			Hospital and Health	Convine	Encility	ę	Date opened 💡	Date terminated/closed 🕈	Encil	lity code		
	-0	Disc		10				Service	T demey	*	Date openied	-	Taci	ity code		
					9	1	P Darling	٩		۴	- Υ	- Υ				۴
	۲	None		5	1	Hospital and Health Servi	DARLING DOWNS			_						
	۲	None		200	1	Facility	DARLING DOWNS	0	Baillie Henderson Hospita	d	12.n 2000		007	01		
-	۲	None		201	1	Facility	DARLING DOWNS		Toowoomba - Breastscre.		1 Jun 1992		808	16		
\times																

The system locates the corresponding record in the Organisational Structure register:

Then it locates the matching ward/unit, and identifies the user(s) currently listed as responsible for it:

N	Nursing Informatics & Workforce	Nursing & Midwifery	Karen Abbott	Toowoomba	Administration, Level 2	×	1
1		Other Support Services	Carole O'Deg	Toowoomba	Maudsley, Level 2	×	1
P	Pharmacy	TW Clinical Support	Graham Caitens	Toowoomba	Recreation Centre, Level 1	×	1
P	Public Health Unit Management	Medical Services	Dr Penelope Hutchison	Toowoomba	Browne, Level 1	×	1
S P		Other Support Services	Maryanne French	Toowoomba	Whishaw, Level 2	×	1
50	Dueensland Country Practice	Medical Services	Janette Jones	Toowoomba	Garry Davies Service Centre, Level	×	1

So in the case of this incident, we can see that **Graham Caitens** will be the user alerted.

Notify a user when they are listed as a the accountable executive for a new risk

This example is the common method used to notify any user that they have been nominated as responsible for something. Although we are using the example of the executive accountable for a risk in the risk register, this is example is fairly universal and you can simply switch out the register and field name of your choice.

Scenario

When a user is nominated as the accountable executive for a new risk, notify them via email:

Key Personnel				
Accountable Executive	BROWN, MARY (bro013n)	- 8	Notify of Associated Incident	Yes 🔿 No 🖲
Responsible Manager	BURNS, PETER (bur03glr)	- 8	Notify of Associated Incidents	Yes 🔿 No 🖲
Opened By	Manager	- 8	Reported To	

Conditions

At the most basic level, all we need to do is check to see if the **Accountable Executive** field has been completed. As soon as there is a user listed in that field, we want this alert to be triggered:



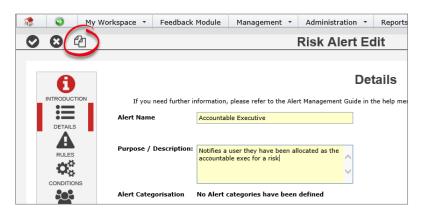
Recipient

We need to tell the system to choose the user listed in the **Accountable Executive** field and make them the recipient:



Pro Tip 1: Alert Cloning

You will notice that in the example listed above, there were two fields where responsible users can be nominated; Accountable Executive, and Responsible Manager. Once you have saved the first alert, you can use the alert **Clone** button (as shown to the right here) to instantly



create the alert that monitors the Responsible Manager field instead. You will just need to change the Recipient to "The user listed in the Responsible Manager field" via the "Add a user named in a field" option under Recipients.

Pro Tip 2: When using this technique to notify users named in subforms

This exact technique can be used to notify users listed in subforms, however in order to be able to choose the fields from subforms, you must remember to do the following.

Let's suppose that we wanted to use this technique to notify a user that a preventative/corrective action has been assigned to them:

Is P	reventati	ve / Corrective Action Required	1?	● Yes ○ No					
	Ade	d Action							
	Action ID	Action Description	Costs (\$)	Person Responsible for Implementation				Date action completed	
1		Put up signage to inform staff of proper procedure		Andrew_mgr (Andrew_mgr)		15 Feb 2017	No		×

In order to be able to use the fields from the subform as both conditions and recipients, we need to make sure that we choose that this subform is the focus of this alert:

0		Conditions		
	Here you need to define the conditions w	hich must be met in order for the alert to trigger. You can a	add as many conditions as neo	essary.
:=	The 'Test Conditions' button will to	ell you how many existing records there are which match th	he conditions you have added.	
DETAILS	Please enter a Descriptive name for these conditions: Eq. Staff n	nanual handling injuries; Risks with overdue status, etc		
RULES	The focus of this alert is Incidents and Action	Select to add a related filter for	•	Test Conditions
CONDITIONS ECIPIENTS SCHEDULE ROCESSES	Start typing a field name here (Accountable Medications) Action tak (Accountable Medications) Actual me (Accountable Medications) Additional (Accountable Medications) Commenc (Accountable Medications) Commenc (Accountable Medications) Commenc (Accountable Medications) Commenc (Accountable Medications) Date loss/		÷	

Now we are able to search not only for the fields on the main form, but also the fields in the Preventative/Corrective Actions subform:

ocus of this alert is Incidents and Action	-	Select to add a related filter for
action	Whore	(Action) Derson Responsible for Implementation (Learneme)
(Action)Action Description	Where	(Action)Person Responsible for Implementation (Username) is not en
(Action)Costs (\$)	1	+
(Action)Person Responsible for Imple		
(Action)Person Responsible for Imple		
(Action)Date Person Responsible Not		
(Action)Outcome measure	1	

This also allows us to see the "person" fields from the subform in order to add them as the recipient of the alert:

	Recipients		
Add a specific user as a recipient	User(s) listed in the "(Action)Person Responsible for Implementation (Username)" field	Ú	Ì
Type a name to search			
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each r triggers this alert Select a user category			
Alert a user named in a field			
Select a field that contains a Username			
Add a group of recipients			

Create an exception which doesn't sent workplace harassment incidents on to a user's line manager; instead sends them to a certain HR user

This example involves not one, but two alerts. One alert will send on all incidents to a user's manager, excluding staff workplace harassment incidents; the second will send on staff workplace harassment incidents only to a certain user in the HR department.

This example is based on a system using Manager/Staff Relationships, but the technique itself is fairly universal.

Scenario

In this example, we will be focussing on the following section:

Type of Incident	
Classification *	Workplace
Primary incident type *	Workplace
<u>Workplace</u>	
Туре *	Workplace harassment

You will need to adjust the following example settings to suit your own system configuration. For example, your system might have a separate classification for workplace harassment (or similar).

Alert 1: Send incidents to the line manager, with the exception of workplace harassment

Conditions

Because the field we want to test, Workplace - Type, is a multi-select list, we will need to ensure that we select is as part of the **alert focus**, as shown in **0** below:

0			Conditions	
The focus of this alert is Incidents and (WHS)	Workplace	¥	Select to add a related filter for v	Test Conditions
Start typing a field name here		Where	(Multiselect)(WHS) Workplace is not equal to Workplace harassment	
Who did you report the incident to?	^			
WHS review complete			т	
WHS summary / review				
Worker's Division				
(Multiselect)(WHS) Workplace	v			

We can then see **9** the **(WHS) Workplace** field in the list of available fields.

We will add that field as our condition: We want this alert to trigger ⁽³⁾ if the value chosen in that field **is not equal to** Workplace harassment. This means the alert will trigger for absolutely anything else, and the incident will be sent to the appropriate line manager, as expected.

Recipient

Our recipient will be the line manager of the user who entered the incident:

Add a specific user as a recipient	The nominated line manager(s) of the user who originally reported the record	
Type a name to search		
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that rriggers this alert	Note: To delete an alert recipient, click the rubbish bin icon at the right. The recipient	
Select a user category	name/type will be crossed out. When you save the alert, the recipient will be removed from the list. Clicking the icon again will cancel the delete.	
Alert a user named in a field		
Select a field that contains a Username		
Add a group of recipients		

Alert 2: Send any Workplace Harassment incidents only to a certain user in HR

Conditions

The conditions are just as simple for the second alert. If Workplace harassment <u>was</u> selected, then irrespective of any other information in the incident, it should only be sent to the appropriate HR user for confidential follow up:

		Conditions		
focus of this alert is Incidents and (WHS) Workpl	ace 🔻	Select to add a related filter for	-	Test Conditions
Start typing a field name here	Where	(Multiselect)(WHS) Workplace is equ	al to Workplace harassment	
Who did you report the incident to?				
WHS review complete			Т	
WHS summary / review				
Worker's Division				
(Multiselect)(WHS) Workplace				

Pro Tip: Yes, you should Clone the original alert in order to save time!

Recipients

Now we will send any of these confidential harassment incidents only to a certain user in HR:

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient	Nick Jones	<u>ش</u>
Type a name to search		
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert		
Select a user category		
Alert a user named in a field		
Select a field that contains a Username	•	
Add a group of recipients		

Notify a user who created a journal task that it has been marked as complete

This example "closes the loop" with journal tasks, notifying the user who *created* the journal task when the nominated user marks it as **Actioned**.

Scenario

This alert will monitor journals of the type "Action required" and for when journals of that type are marked as Actioned:

	al Entry						
Add new ooun	iai cita y						
DateStamp	Journal Type	Comment / Action Requi	red		Follow Up Allocated To	Follow Up By Date	Item Actioned
25 Jan 2017 02:01	Action required	Please follow up with the	NOK and report your	findings. Thanks	Nick Jones	30 Mar 2017	on
Journal Type:	Action requir	ed [DateStamp:	25 Jan 2017 02:01			
Comment / Action Required:	ON Please follow	up with the NOK and repo	ort your findings That				
	30 Mar 2017 ate:	- C	tem Actioned:	No Action	Follow Up Allo	Cated Nick Jones	(Nick Jones)
Follow Up By D							

Conditions

Because we want to add conditions for Journal fields, we have to ensure we select Journals as the **alert focus**:

		Conditions		
ocus of this alert is Incidents and Journals		Select to add a related filter for	*	Test Condition
Start typing a field name here	Where	(Journals)Journal Type is equal to Acti	on required	
(Journals)Item Actioned	And	(Journals)Item Actioned is equal to Ye	s	
(Journals)Journal Follow Up Date				
(Journals)Journal Type				
(Journals)Linked Document Path				
(Journals)Received Date				

Recipients

We will use the **Alert a user named in a field** option to nominate the **(Journals)Username** field, which is the name of the user who originally created the journal action.

Recipients			
Add a specific user as a recipient Type a name to search	User(s) listed in the "(Journals)Username" field	យ៍	
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert. Select a user category			
Select a field that contains a Username			
Add a group of recipients			

Notify the CEO of all the serious patient incidents that happened in the previous 7 days via a digest alert

This example demonstrates how to use the Digest Email functionality. A digest email is a summary of all the records that matched/triggered your alert during a given timeframe, eg. The previous 7 days.

It should be noted that at this stage, digest alerts can only be used when the recipient of the alert is a specific (i.e. Static) user, instead of dynamically assigned users.

Rules

In order for the settings for a Digest Email to appear, you must have selected that you want to send a digest email in the Rules section:

6		Rule	25
INTRODUCTION	If you need furt	her information, please refer to the Alert Management Guide in the	help menu. If you encounter difficulties or errors, please contact RiskMan Support.
i	Alert Method		
DETAILS	This setting determines when the items should be cheat want to use to select it.	ked. and thus the alert triggered. Click the setting you	Settings
RULES	Check each item when it is saved.	When the user enters a new item, or when an existing item is modified, the alert will run, and trigger if all the conditions are met. This is the most common method.	Should this alert be triggered as soon as an item is entered, or should it only trigger once there is a posted version?
CONDITIONS	Scan all items periodically	The alert scans all items at the interval you specify (eg. Every 5 days), and triggers for each item that matches the conditions you specify. Usually used when you are creating a 'reminder' alert.	Wait until there is a posted version before triggering
	Trigger the alert once a threshold has been exceeded	The alter will monitor for the type of item that you specify, but will not trigger until the count of that type of item has exceeded your pre-determined threshold within a given timeframe.	Would you like this alert to trigger only the FIRST time it meets the conditions? Or would you like it to trigger EVERY time an item is saved and meets the conditions? Trigger only the first time for each recipient Trigger only once per item (usually only for process alerts)
PROCESSES			Email Notifications Send an email every time the conditions are satisfied Send an Digest email at the end of the nominated interval which summarises every item that satisfies the set or conditions.

Please note that Digest Emails can only be configured using the **Alert Method** of **Check each item when it is saved**.

Conditions

For the purpose of this example, we have stipulated that we consider the incident to be "serious" if the **Confirmed Outcome** was either **1** or **2**. We have use the "is one of" test to achieve this easily:

		Conditions
ocus of this alert is Just Incidents		Select to add a related filter for
confirmed	Where	Subject affected is equal to Patient / Client
Confirmed level of care	And	Outcome (confirmed) is one of 2 selected
Confirmed Level of Harm Confirmed treatment required		⊘ 1
Outcome (confirmed)		<mark>√2</mark> □3
Reason for confirmed outcome change		

Recipients

We have selected our CEO manually as the intended recipient. Remember that digest alerts will only work when you select a specific user as the recipient, as opposed to the dynamic methods.

Recipients				
Add a specific user as a recipient Type a name to search	Lauren Haupt			
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category	Note: To delete an alert recipient, click the rubbish bin icon at the right. The recipient name/type will be crossed out. When you save the alert, the recipient will be removed from the list. Clicking the icon again will cancel the delete.			
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username				
Add a group of recipients				

Digest Email Setup: Time Frame

The first thing to configure for our digest email is what time frame we want to include, and how often we want the digest email to be sent to the recipient.

In our example, we have said that we want the digest email to be delivered every Monday morning at 8:30am, and it should include the previous 7 days from the day prior to the run date as the time frame:

	Digest En	nail
Time Frame: The previous 7	🗍 Day(s)	▼ up to Prior Day End ▼
Run Frequency:Every week of	on Monday at 08 :	30

Note that we could also achieve the same time frame by saying that we want it for the previous 1 week up until the prior week's end, which is considered to be Sunday:

	Digest Emai	I
Time Frame: The previous 1	÷ Weeks(s)	▼ up to Prior Week End ▼
Run Frequency:Every week	on Monday at 08 : 30	

Digest Email Setup: Static Content

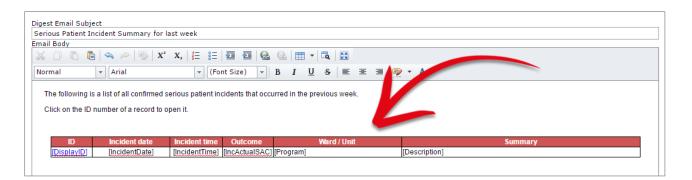
Add the static content of the email as required. Our example is as follows:

nail Body	t Incident Summary for la		
% 🗇 🖻	🛅 🖘 🔗 🚳 X²	X, Ξ 🗄 4 4 4 4 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Normal	▼ Arial	▼ (Font Size) ▼ B I <u>U</u> S Ξ Ξ Ξ 🕸 ▼ A ▼	

Digest Email Setup: Summary Table (dynamic content)

The idea of a digest email is to summarise all the associated records in the digest via a table. You can choose the columns you wish to display in summary of each record in the digest. You can also designate that one column should be the clickable link to open the associated record – which would usually be the ID number of the record.

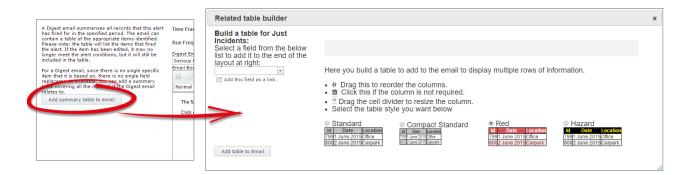
Here is what our end point looks like. We will then examine how we arrived at the end point.



As you can see, we have decided to build our summary table including the following fields:

- Incident ID (inserted as the clickable link to open each respective record)
- Incident Date
- Incident Time
- Confirmed Outcome Rating
- Ward / Unit
- Summary

In order to add this table to the body of the email, we need to click the **Add summary table to** email button, which will then open the **Related Table Builder**:



The idea of the related table builder is to:

- 1. Find and add all the fields from the form you want as columns in your table
- 2. Adjust their widths, and the order in which they appear in the table
- 3. Choose a pre-defined table format
- 4. Apply finishing touches once you have added the table to your email body.

Let's follow those steps now.

Find and add all the fields from the form you want as columns in your table

From the drop down field on the left, find each field you wish to add to the table. As you click on a field, it will be added to the table as a column header, in the grey area marked below:

Related table builder					×
Build a table for Just	 II Drag this to reor III Click this if the 	column is not required. ider to resize the column.	play multiple rows of inf	ormation.	
Add table to Email	Standard Id Date Location 799 1 June 2015 Office 800 2 June 2015 Carpark	Compact Standard	Red <u>Id Date Location</u> 7991 June 2015Office 8002 June 2015Carpark	Hazard Date Location 799 1 June 2015 Office 800 2 June 2015 Carpark	

The first field we will add is **Incident ID.** Because we want Incident ID to be the clickable link to open each record in the table, <u>before</u> we add it to the table, we will **0** select the **Add this field as a link** check box:



2 Start typing the name of the field we want – 'incident'. Then **S** click on the desired field:

Related table builder	
Build a table for Just Incidents: Select a field from the below	
list to add it to the end of the layout gight:	Hara yay build a tabla t
incident 🖌 🔽	Here you build a table to
Incident Day Name Incident ID	orde
Incident review date Incident status	/ide
Incident time	:yle
Is Grouped Incident Is Initial Incident (Upposted Only)	•
	Id Date Location

The field is added to the table column header area:

Related table builder				:	×
Build a table for Just Incidents: Select a field from the below list to add it to the end of the	4	Incid	dent ID	匬	
Add this field as a link.	 II Drag this to reo II Click this if the 	column is not required. ider to resize the column.	play multiple rows of inf	formation.	
Add table to Email	Standard Id Date Location 7991 June 2015Office 8002 June 2015Carpark 8002 June 2015Carpark	Compact Standard	Red Id Date Location 7991 June 2015 Office 8002 June 2015 Carpark	Hazard Id Date Location 7991 June 2015/Office 800/2 June 2015/Carpark	

Repeat to add the other fields you wish to add as columns in your table:

Related table builder					3		
Build a table for Just Incidents: Select a field from the below list to add it to the end of the	∲Incident ID ՠ	Incident date [™]	Incident time [™]	₩ward / Unit ₪	Outcome (confirmed)	∲ Summary Ճ	
Add this field as a link.	Here you build a ● II Drag this to ● II Click this if i ● I Drag the cell ● Select the table	reorder the col the column is n divider to resiz	umns. ot required. ze the column.	play multiple row:	s of information.		
Add table to Email	Standard Id Date Locatio 799(1 June 2015) Office 800(2 June 2015) Carpart	n Id Date I 7991 June 2015 (Red <u>Id Date Loc</u> 7991 June 2015 Offit 8002 June 2015 Car	ce 7991 Jun	ard Jate Location ne 2015Office ne 2015Carpark	

You will notice that the space allocated for each column you add is divided equally between the total number of columns. You will have a chance to adjust the column widths as appropriate in the next step.

Adjust column widths, and the order in which they appear in the table

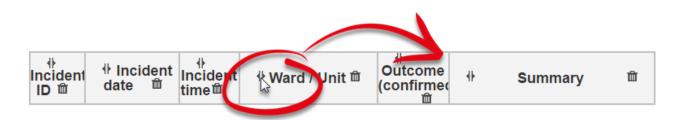
Place your mouse cursor on the border line in between each column header in order to resize it:

Incident ID Incident ID Incident ID Incident ID Incident ID Incident ID Incident In	ward / Unit de Confirmed) de Summary
---	--------------------------------------

After adjusting the widths, our columns are looking more appropriate for the content they will likely contain:

∯ Incident ∯ Inci ID ⊞ date	dent [⊞] Incident time [⊞]	∲ Ward / Unit 🛍	∲ Outcome (confirmec ⊞	₽	Summary	面
-----------------------------------	--	-----------------	---------------------------------	---	---------	---

The next step to change the order of the columns as desired. To do this, click on the ¹/₁ icon of a column header, and drag it to the desired position:



Our final column header setup is as follows:

小 Incident ID 面 date 面	H Incident time⊞ ∰	∜ Ward / Unit ា	₩	Summary	面
------------------------------	-----------------------------	-----------------	---	---------	---

Choose a pre-defined table format

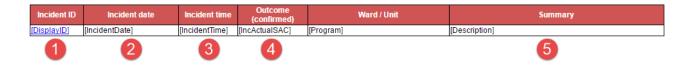
• Choose from one of the table formats at the bottom of the related table builder dialogue. • Click the **Add table to email** button when you are happy with the setup of the table. It will be added to your email body where the cursor was.

Related table builder									×
Build a table for Just Incidents: Select a field from the below list to add it to the end of the	∲ Inciden ID ា	∜ Incident date ⊞	∲ Incident timeᄈ	∲ Outcome (confirmeo ⊞	⊪ Ward / Unit ա՞	₩	Summary	面	
layout at right:									
Add table to Email	 Standal Id Date 7991 June 20 8002 June 20 	Location 15 Office					O Hazard Id Date Locati 799∣1 June 2015Office 800 2 June 2015Carpa		

rious Patient Inc	ident Summary for last	week					
ail Body							
(0 6 🖻	i 🖘 🔌 🔤 X² X						
ormal	✓ Arial	▼ (Font Size)) - B I	<u>U</u> - <u></u> s ≡ ∃	E 🗏 👰 👔	A	
-	a list of all confirmed serio	us patient incidents	that occurred in the	previous week.			
Click on the ID n	umber of a record to open	it.			L		
Click on the ID nu	umber of a record to open Incident date	it. Incident time	Outcome (confirmed)	w	/ard / Unit		Summary

Apply finishing touches once you have added the table to your email body

We have decided to make the following formatting changes to our table:



• Change the column header to just say "ID". Centre the actual display ID number, and format it as bold.

- Centre actual date value
- Centre the actual time value
- **O** Change the column header to just say "Outcome". Centre the Outcome value.
- **6** Format the actual summary value to be in italics.

Our finished table now looks like this:

	ID	Incident date	Incident time	Outcome	Ward / Unit	Summary
[[DisplayID]	[IncidentDate]	[IncidentTime]	[IncActualSAC]	[Program]	[Description]

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT ALERTS

When a user submits an incident, send them an acknowledgement email to confirm receipt of the record, and inform them what they can do next

This is a great alert to have in your system in order to provide guidance to end users on both RiskMan functionality, and also pointers about policy / procedure in your organisation.

Granted, in many organisations, there may be a significant percentage of users who do not have a company email address. However, having an alert in place like this can really assist with getting buy-in with a new (or even existing) system.

Conditions

As seen previously, this is another scenario where we need to check for a mandatory field being filled in, order for the alert to trigger. In this example we are using the Summary field:

		Conditions	
The focus of this alert is Just Incidents		Select to add a related filter for	▼ Test Conditions
summary	Where	Summary is not empty	
Complaint summary SBAR Summary		+	
Summary			
WHS summary / review			

Recipients

The recipient will be defined as the original reporter of the record, based on the Review History content:

Alert Examples Supplement

	Re	ecipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient		The user who originally reported the record	ť
Type a name to search	-		
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each r triggers this alert	ecord that		
Select a user category			
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	-		
Add a group of recipients	-		

Email

The email is the most important facet of this alert. We want the email to be as useful as possible for the user - including direction on what do to next in the incident process, as well as pointing out useful functionality - without it being so long or detailed that the user doesn't bother reading it.

With that in mind, this is one way of configuring the email:

Dear [NotificationName]:

Thank you for submitting incident #[DisplayID] in RiskMan. This email is to confirm that this [IncidentInvolved] incident has been received, and has been forwarded on to your immediate line manager for review.

The following is a summary of the incident for your information

Incident Type: [IncidentInvolved]

Summary: [Description]

Initial Severity/Impact Rating: [Outcome] (please note that this rating may be altered when your manager reviews and investigates the incident)

Incident Location: [Specialty], [Program]

What happens next?

Your incident will be reviewed by your line manager, and depending on the severity, by additional personnel too. Please note that you can always return to any incident you have submitted and:

- Add further information as it becomes available
- Correct any information as required; for example if the severity of an injury ended up being different than what was first suspected
 Check to see who else has viewed and/or modified your incident.

How do I open the incident?

To open this incident again, you can either:

- · Click on the blue link at the bottom of this email, or
- Log in to RiskMan, and from the menu at the top of the screen, choose My Workspace > Review My > Incidents. This will display a list of all the incidents you have submitted. You can open any of these incidents by clicking its blue ID number.

What can I do once I've opened the incident?

When you review an existing incident, you are able to:

- Check the Review History. The Review History is an electronic audit trail which details every action associated with the incident. You will be able to see who has been notified of the incident, who has looked at it, who has edited it, and when all these actions occurred. The Review History is located at the very bottom of the Incident form.
- Check the Change History. The Change History outlines the exact modifications made on the form, and who made each change. This will allow you to see who has added which pieces of information (or who has edited information you wrote). The Change History is a button located in the Control Panel at the top of the Incident form.
- Create a Personal Alert. If desired, you can create a Personal Alert for this incident, which will notify you via email whenever this incident is modified by somebody else. To setup a Personal Alert, in the Control Panel at the top of the form, click the Alert Me! button, and choose the length of time you would like the system to monitor this incident for changes.
- If you add any further information to the form (or modify any existing information), click the Submit button at the bottom of the page to save your changes. Remember, every time anybody modifies an incident, a new historic version of the incident is created, meaning no information is ever 'lost'.

If you require any further assistance with RiskMan, please consult your line manager. Alternatively, in the Help menu within RiskMan you will be able to access the appropriate reference quides.

When an incident is marked as closed, send an acknowledgement email to the original reporter, thanking them for submitting the incident and confirming what has been done about it

This example is obviously going to be very similar to the previous one. Again, the aim is to close the feedback loop and include the original reporter in the overall process.

Conditions

Depending on how your system is configured, there are a number of ways you may elect to trigger the alert, including:

- Investigations completed date has been filled in
- Investigation status = complete
- Incident Closed on date has been filled in
- Incident status = closed

This is our example:

Conditions							
focus of this alert is Just Incidents (V2)) –	Select t	o add a related filter	r for 🔹	Test Conditions		
status	Where	Incident Status	is equal to	Closed - Review Completed			
Assessment of risk status documen Emergency response status				+			
Incident Status							
Investigation Status Status (Unposted only)							

Recipients

As with the previous example, the recipient will be defined as the original reporter of the record, based on the Review History content:

	Re	ecipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient		The user who originally reported the record	ŵ
Type a name to search	-		
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each re triggers this alert	cord that		
Select a user category	- ×		
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	•		
Add a group of recipients			
	•		

Email

As with the previous alert example, the email is arguably the most important part of the alert. You need to decide what information is included, such as should you include information from fields to which the user does not have permission. We have configured our example as follows:

Dear [NotificationName]:
On [DateEntered] you submitted the following incident on RiskMan:
Incident Type: [IncidentInvolved]
Summary: [Description]
Severity/Impact Rating: [Outcome]
Incident Location: [Specialty], [Program]
This email is to confirm that the investigations for this incident have now been marked as completed. Thank you for reporting this incident - it has helped us provide a better and safer environment for all our patients, staff and visitors at [Incident_Location].
Investigations were completed by [InvestigatedBy] on [DateClosed]. The severity/impact of the incident has been recorded as [Outcome].
If you wish to review the outcome of the investigations, you can click on the link below to open and review the incident.

REMINDER ALERTS

Remind the responsible line manager that the investigations for an incident have not yet commenced, and the incident has now been in the system for more than 7 days. Add an escalation alert if nothing is still done 21 days later.

Situation

If an incident has <u>no</u> investigation/follow up added at all after **7 days** of an incident being reported; then, remind the appropriate line manager every 4 days via email that this hasn't been done. If, **after 21 days**, there is still NOTHING entered in that field, **escalate** this to *that* manager's line manager.

Alert 1: Checking if the immediate line manager has entered something into investigations or not

Rules

This alert will be a **periodic** alert; meaning that we will scan all items periodically at the interval we specify using the **Schedule** settings.

	:=	Alert Method
l		This setting determines when the items should be checked, and thus the alert triggered. Click the setting you want to use to select it.
	RULES	Check each item when it is saved. When the user enters a new item, or when an existing tem is montifield, the alter will run, and trigger if all the conditions are met. This is the most common method.
	CONDITIONS RECIPIENTS	The alert scans all items at the interval you specify (eg. View 5 days), and traggers for each item that matches ne conditions you specify. Usually used when you are creating a reminder aler.
	SCHEDULE	Trigger the alert once a speedly, but will monitor for the type of item that you speedly, but will not tigger until the count of that type of item has exceeded your pre-determined threshold within a given timeframe.
	PROCESSES	

Conditions

We will check if anything has been entered into the investigations/findings field. We will also check to see how long since the incident was entered - greater than 7 days, and fewer than 21 days:

Where	Investigatio	ons/Findings is empty
And		Incident date(Periodic) Days Since >= 7
	And	Incident date(Periodic) Days Since =< 21
		+
		+

Note that when you are creating a periodic alert, as in example above, there will be two versions of each date field – **Incident date**, and **Incident date (Periodic)**. The latter is the field to use in your test for the number of days until or since that date, is it allows you to use the numerical operators such as greater than or equal to, and less than or equal to.

The reminder will only be sent to the user while the record is between 7 and 21 days old in the system. Please note that this is just one example of how you might measure the age of the record; you could also opt to base this timing on when the record was first entered into RiskMan instead.

Recipients

The recipient will be the line manager of the person who entered the original record, as they are expected to perform the follow up for an incident in the first instance.

Add a specific user as a recipient		The nominated line manager(s) of the user who originally reported the record	
Type a name to search	-	The nominated line manager(s) of the user who originally reported the record	
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each	n record that		
triggers this alert			
Select a user category			
Select a user category			
Select a user category			
Select a user category Alert a user named in a field	•		
Select a user category Alert a user named in a field	、		
Select a user category Alert a user named in a field	V		
Select a user category Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	•		
Select a user category Alert a user named in a field	•		

Schedule

We wanted to remind the responsible manager **every 4 days** that they haven't started any investigations for an incident. So we will setup the Schedule accordingly:



You could set up the reminder schedule based on day of the week if you wanted; it just depends on your requirements. In this case, we will remind the responsible manager every 4 days (based on the date of the month) that they haven't entered any investigations, and send the resulting reminder email at 11:15am.

The Escalation Alert: If the initial line manager still hasn't done anything about this record, and it's now more than X days old, let's escalate this to their immediate manager for follow up

Let us suppose that it is now more than 21 days since the incident, and STILL nobody has entered any investigations. You want this record to be escalated to the line manager of the manager who is responsible for that initial investigation.

Conditions

The conditions for the escalation alert will look like this:

Where	Investigations/Findings is empty
And	Incident Date(Periodic) Days Since >= 21
	+

So, now we are saying that if it is now at least 21 days since the date the incident occurred, and the investigations field is <u>still</u> empty, then trigger this alert.

Recipient

The immediate line manager has not completed their responsibilities within the given timeframe. So, we need to push this up the tree to that person's manager. We select the recipient accordingly:

Rec	ipients
Add a specific user as a recipient Type a name to search	The nominated line manager(s) of the line managers of the original reporter
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category	Note: To delete an alert recipient, click the rubbish bin icon at the right. The recipient name/type will be crossed out. When you save the alert, the recipient will be removed from the list. Clicking the icon again will cancel the delete.
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	

Schedule

This will be down to your requirements. We have opted to send the reminder email to the manager's manager every Wednesday at 10am.

			Sc	hedu	le							
How often should this alert be processed?												
Every:			Minute	н	our	Day	Wee	ek N	lonth	Yea	r	
Days of week:	Saturday	Su	ınday	Mor	nday	Tues	day	Wedn	esday	Th	ursday	Friday
Hours of the day:	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11
Hours of the day:	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Γ		00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
Minutes of the hours:		20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
Plinutes of the notifs.		30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	
		40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	
		50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	

Remind a user that a journal task assigned to them is now overdue, and has not been actioned

Scenario

This alert is designed to monitor journals where action is required, we are now PAST the due date of that action, and the task has not been marked as actioned.

Conditions

The conditions for this alert warrant some further explanation:

		Conditio	ns			
focus of this alert is Incidents (V2) an	d Journal 👻 🚺	Select to add a rel	ated filter for		Ŧ	Test Condition
status	Where 2 (Journals)Follow Up By Da	ate(Periodic)	Days Since >=	3	
Assessment of risk status documen	And 3 (.	Journals)Item Actioned	is equal to	No		
Emergency response status	And (.	Journals)Journal Type	is equal to	Further Action		
Investigation Status	And 5	itatus (Unposted only)	is not equal to	Deleted		
Status (Unposted only)				ł.		
(Journals)Status						

• Remember to select Incidents & Journals as the **focus** of the alert – otherwise the Journal fields will not be available to be added as conditions, and you will not be able to select users named in journals as recipients.

Phis condition lets us determine when we should start to remind the user that their task is overdue. If you set this to be 1, then the reminder will be sent on the first day after the due date. We have opted to give the user a 3 day grace period before we start to remind them. It's up to you to find the right balance!

• This test ensures that the alert will on trigger for journal tasks which have not yet been marked as actioned.

• We have restricted the alert to only look at journal types of Further Action. You may need to do something similar in your own alert, depending on how you have configured journals for this register.

• This test ensures that the alert should not trigger for journals which are attached to incidents which have been deleted. We would always recommend adding this condition to journal-related

alerts. If we didn't include this condition, and a journal task is assigned for an incident, and that incident is subsequently deleted, then the alert doesn't care whether it is triggering for journal tasks attached to deleted incidents or not. This is an undesirable behaviour, so be sure to include this condition with your journal-related alerts.

Recipients

We will use the "Alert a user named in a field" function to dynamically assign the recipient:

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient	User(s) listed in the "(Journals)Follow Up Allocated To" field	ť
Type a name to search		
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert		
Select a user category	-	
Alert a user named in a field		
Select a field that contains a Username	*	

Optional: You could also notify the user who <u>created</u> the journal task by adding "(Journals) Username" as a recipient.

Email

Here is an example of an email we might send to the responsible user to inform them that their task is overdue:

Dear [FollowUpUser]
This email is to inform you that a journal task assigned to you as part of incident #[DisplayID] is now overdue.
Please complete this task as soon as practical by clicking the link below and marking the journal task as Actioned.
Task Summary:
Originally assigned to you on [JournalDateStamp]
The original due date of the task was [JournalFollowUp]
Task Description:
[JournalDescription]
Click Here to open the associated incident and mark the task as Actioned.

Remind a user that an action assigned to them for a risk is overdue

This example monitors the Action subform in a Risk Register, and reminds a user when an action assigned to them has become overdue. The following is the subform in question:

Ac	tion Plan						
	Add Action						
		Action By Date	Action Description			Action Response	
1	25 Jan 2017	08 Feb 2017	Provide additional signage around the facility on the importance of handwashing	Sally Kruger (sallyk)	sallyk		×

Conditions

Given the available fields in this subform, we will base our conditions around the **Action By Date** field, and that the **Completed On** field is still empty:

		Conditions		
e focus of this alert s Risks and Treatn	nent/Actio 🔹	Select to add a related filter for	•	Test Conditions
completed	Where	(Treatment/Actions)Action By Date(Periodic)	Days Since >= 3	
(Treatment/Actions)Completed On	And	(Treatment/Actions)Completed On is empty	y	
		+		-

As you can see, we still favour giving the user a grace period. Also, don't forget to select the appropriate subform as your alert focus (as highlight in the screenshot).

Recipients

We have use Alert a user named in a field to add the "Allocate to" field to determine the recipient:

Add a specific user as a recipient Type a name to search	Jser(s) listed in the "(Treatment/Actions)Allocated To(Username)" field	ť
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category		

Remind the key users that the anticipated completion date for a quality activity is 14 days away, and the status of the activity is currently not set to 'completed'

Here is an example of a reminder alert that notifies users that a key date is approaching, rather than past.

Scenario

Person #1 name	Caine, Therese (Therese Caine)	Person #1 position	
Person #2 name	Piriatinski, Boris (Boris Piriatinski)	Person #2 position	
Name of group (if applicable)			
Key dates			
Activity status	Commenced		
Anticipated commencement date		Anticipated completion date	8 Feb 2017
Approval by		Approval date	

We will have 3 recipients for this alert; **key person 1 & 2**, and also the person who **approved** the quality activity.

We will be testing the Activity Status field, and we will also add conditions so that the alert will only trigger 14 days before the date listed in the **Anticipated completion date** field.

Conditions

Conditions					
The focus of this alert is Just Quality Activi	ities 🔻	Select to add a related filter for	Test Conditions		
anti Anticipated commencement date Anticipated completion date Anticipated outcome Anticipated commencement date(P	Where And And	Activity status is equal to Commenced Anticipated completion date(Periodic) Days Until =< 14 Anticipated completion date(Periodic) Days Until >= 13			
Anticipated completion date(Periodi					

There are two things we are concerned with for these conditions:

 The alert should only trigger on quality activities which have a status of
 Commenced. This eliminates the chance that the alert will trigger for activities which

Activity status	
	Proposed
	Accepted
	Commenced
	Completed
	Not accepted
	Not completed

were not accepted, or have already been completed, or are just proposed at this stage, etc.

• The way we have added the periodic date tests for the Anticipated Completion Date field will ensure the alert will only trigger 14 days before the date listed in that field.

Recipients

We have 3 recipients to add to this alert; the users listed in the fields:

- Person #1 name
- Person #2 name, and
- Approval by

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient Type a name to search	User(s) listed in the "Approval by" field User(s) listed in the "Person #1 name" field User(s) listed in the "Person #2 name" field	
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category		
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username		

RESTRICTION ALERTS

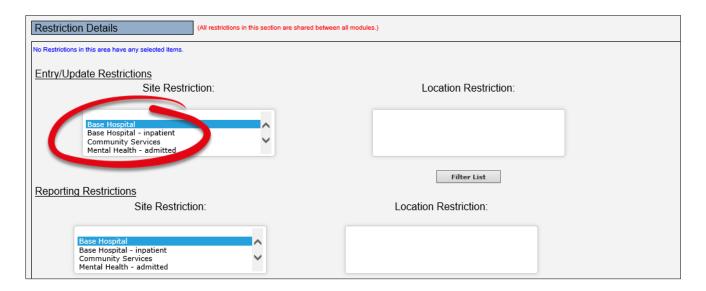
Allow a user to see only records of a certain type in a register

Let's picture the following scenario: In your system, there are two users who have permission to see the Incident Inbox:

0.	Sele	ect a rec	ord to	o display	the availab	le tools.	INB	OX - Incide New Incidents and		ew		\$	
Drag a	colum	n heade	r here	e to group	by that co	lumn							
	ŋ	Dist		ID	Group	Date Notified 📍	Notification Type 📍	Who was affected 🕈	Campus 🕈	Summary 🕈	Actual Severity 📍	Overall Severity (Actu	Primary Incident
			[Ŷ	٩	P	٩	Ŷ	٩	۴	٩	Ŷ	
(None		349		29 Apr 2015	Clinical Incident	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	а		Unknown	Adverse outcome/
		None		348		29 Apr 2015	Clinical Incident	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	a		Unknown	Hazard-emergency
X		None		347		5 Dec 2014	Non Clinical/Non O	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	Complaint made t			
		None		334		18 Aug 2011	Non Clinical/Non O	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	see ADR form	4	4. No Harm/Near	Adverse outcome/.
		None		327		8 Dec 2010	Clinical Incident	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	cvdff	3	3. Mild	Retained Instrume
		None		326		29 Nov 2010	Clinical Incident	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	anskljdj	3	3. Mild	Adverse outcome/
		None		321		22 Mar 2010	Clinical Incident	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	test	3		Bruising
()		None		317		30 Dec 2009	OH&S Incident	Health Care Provid	The Royal Women'	test	3	3. Mild	Death, cause unkn
		None		316		30 Dec 2009	OH&S Incident	Non-Person	The Royal Women'	test			Air quality/smoke/
،		None		313		30 Dec 2009	Non Clinical/Non O	Non-Person	The Royal Women'	test test		4. No Harm/Near	Adverse outcome/

Now, if a user has permission to see the Inbox, then unless you place any additional restrictions on that user, then they will see **all records in the Inbox** across the entire organisation.

To further restrict what a user can see in the Inbox, you can restrict them down to a particular site via their user profile:



Adding the site restriction shown above will allows a user only to see incidents from **Base Hospital** in the Inbox. But what if this is not granular enough?

Suppose the responsibility for posting incidents was divided between two users: one user who is responsible for posting all the patient related

Who Was Affected?	User 1's responsibility		User 2's respons	ibility
The Event relates to a *	Patient/Client/Resident	O Worker	O Relative/Visitor	O Non-Person

incidents; and the other, responsible for posting all other incidents, including WHS, non-person, etc.

The good news is that you can further restrict the records that a user can see using alerts (also, note that this same technique applies to any register accessed via the Management menu).

Part 1: Create the requisite alerts

In our example we will need to have 2 alerts configured; one for each user.

Conditions

The first alert, for the user who needs to work with patient incidents, will have the following:

Conditions					
The focus of this alert is Just Incidents (V2)	•	Select to add a related filter for			Test Conditions
the event	Where	The Event relates to	is equal to	Patient/Client/Resident	
(Slip/Trip/Fall) Where did the even The Event relates to				+	

The second alert will be the opposite:

Conditions						
The focus of this alert is Just Incidents (V2) 🔹 Select to add a related filter for 🔹 Test Conditional Conditiona Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditiona Conditiona						
the event (Slip/Trip/Fall) Where did the even The Event relates to	Where	The Event relates to vision equal to Patient/Client/Resident				

Part 2: Apply additional restriction to each user's profile

The second step involves applying an additional setting to each user's profile. Load the profile, choose (in this case) the **Incident tab**, and scroll down to the **Specific Restrictions** section:

Specific Restrictions (Restrictions in this section are specific to the register.)	
Entry/Update Restrictions	
☑ Show only "Alerted" Incident (V2) items in Inbox.	
The Event relates to Restriction:	
Patient/Client/Resident Weinstein Relative/Visitor Non-Person	
Reporting Restrictions	
Show only "Alerted" Incident (V2) items in Reports.	
The Event relates to Restriction:	
Patient/Client/Resident No fer Relative/ vanco Non-Person	
Restrict to these Reports:	Restrict to these Journal Types:
(Sub-Report) Journal (Sub-Report) Medication (Sub-Report) Pressure Injury (Sub-Report) Preventative Corrective Actions	General Comments Task Further Action Internal Notification

Enabling the two options shown above will ensure the users can only see incidents in the Inbox that their respective alert has given them permission to see. This setting overrides all other methods of defining what a user can see.

THRESHOLD ALERTS

Threshold alerts count the number of occurrences of records of your chosen type. If the number of occurrences of that type of record exceeds the limit you designate during a time frame that you stipulate, then your nominated user(s) can be informed of that with these alerts.

These alerts are often used in conjunction with Indicators. Indicators can be setup to do the same thing, however we can consider having to go and run the indicator set to be "passive" – meaning if the user does not run the indicator set, they might never know that a threshold (or tolerance) has been exceeded. Therefore, for select situations, it could be advantageous to use threshold alerts to monitor certain things, as this "active" means of monitoring means the users will be informed as soon as the threshold has been exceeded.

When creating a threshold alert, in the **Rules** section, you must select the **Alert Method** of **Trigger the alert once a threshold has been exceeded**. This will then expose the threshold options in the **Settings** section:

6		Rule	25
INTRODUCTION	If you need fur	ther information, please refer to the Alert Management Guide in the	help menu. If you encounter difficulties or errors, please contact RiskMan Support.
:=	Alert Method		
	This setting determines when the items should be cho want to use to select it.	cked. and thus the alert triggered. Click the setting you	Settings
RULES	Check each item when it is saved.	When the user enters a new item, or when an existing item is modified, the alert will run, and trigger if all the conditions are met. This is the most	Should this alert be triggered as soon as an item is entered, or should it only trigger once there is a posted version?
Q3		common method.	Trigger on the unposted record
CONDITIONS		The alert scans all items at the interval you specify	O Wait until there is a posted version before triggering
	Scan all items periodically	(eg. Every 5 days), and triggers for each item that matches the conditions you specify. Usually used when you are creating a 'reminder' alert.	
RECIPIENTS		when you are creating a reminder alert.	What should this alert do regarding access permissions to the item for each recipient.
	Trigger the alert once a threshold has been exceeded	The alert will monitor for the type of item that you specify, but will not trigger until the count of that type of item has exceeded your pre-determined threshold within a given timeframe.	AUTHORISE access DENY access REVOKE ALERTED access
SCHEDULE			REVOKE ALL access
&			Remove DENY access
PROCESSES			© NONE
TROOLDOLD			
			Number of days in the threshold timefame: Maximum number of matching items in the timefame: The alert will trigger if there are <u>more</u> than 5 matching items in any 7 day period. Maximum number of emails to send per day when the threshold is exceeded: What date field should the alert monitor?: These checks will occur each time an item is entered that meets the specified conditions.

The last two settings control the following:

Maximum number of emails to send per day when the threshold is exceeded: On the day when the threshold is first exceeded, an email will be sent to the recipients. However, if another (incident) is entered on the same day that matches the alert conditions, do you want yet another email to be sent on the same day? Or is once per day enough? Most users tend to set this setting to 1.

What date field should the alert monitor: You must stipulate which date field from the register in question that the system should use to monitor and count occurrences.

If there are more than 4 manual handling incidents in a 21 day period at a given facility, notify a particular user

Threshold Settings

Number of days in the threshold timefame:	21 🗘
Maximum number of matching items in the timefame:	4 ‡
The alert will trigger if there are <u>more</u> than 4 matching ite Maximum number of emails to send per day when the thre exceeded:	
What date field should the alert monitor?:	Incident Date 🔹
These checks will occur each time an item is entered that	meets the specified conditions.

Conditions

Conditions						
he focus of this alert is Incidents (V2) and Type O			•	Test Conditions		
Start typing a field name here	Where	(Multiselect)Type Of E	vent is equal to	Worker> OHS> Manual	I Handling (W)	
(Exposure) Was all personal pro	And	Site is equal to	Base Hospital			
(AAC) Problem (AAC) Process			+			
(ADR) Comments						
(ADR) Contact Details (email or						
(ADR) Date reported						
(ADR) Date Reported to SAFEVIC						

In the system that we made this example, "Type of Event" is a multi-select field. Subsequently, we had to ensure we chose "Type of Event" as the alert focus, so that we could add a condition for that field.

If resident #7654321 has 3 or more falls in a 14 day period, notify the facility manager

Threshold Settings

Number of days in the threshold timefame:	14	* *	
Maximum number of matching items in the timefame:	2	* *	
The alert will trigger if there are <u>more</u> than 2 matching items Maximum number of emails to send per day when the threshold is exceeded:	s in an 1	y 14 day period.	
What date field should the alert monitor?:		ent Date	-
These checks will occur each time an item is entered that me	eets th	e specified condition	ons.

Conditions

Conditions						
The focus of this alert is Incidents (V2) and	Туре О 🔻	Select to add a related filter for		▼ Test Conditi	ons	
client	Where	(Multiselect)Type Of Event	is equal to	Patient/Client/Resident> Patient Care> Fall		
(Elder Abuse) Client Required A (Elder Abuse) Relationship of all	And	Client ID/MRN is equal to	7654321			
(Patient/Client) Age			+			
Client ID/MRN						
Details - Has the pressure injur						
Has the patient/resident/client						
Other Details - Has the pressur						

As with the previous example, the system this alert was built in has a multi-select field for incident classification.

Please note that at present, there is no functionality in the system that allows you to stipulate that the alert should simply count based on <u>any</u> Client ID/MRN. That means that if you want to monitor multiple people, you will need to setup a separate alert for each person you wish to monitor. Remember that the **Clone** function will save you time if this is what you need to setup.