C RLDatix

- Creating Reports -

FOR RISKMAN VERSION 2106

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INTRODUCTION

This guide provides you with all the information required to create qualitative reports. Please note that although the screenshots used in this guide will not match what is in your system, the techniques and functionality are transferable to any dataset in any module.

Especially if you are new to creating reports, we would strongly recommend familiarising yourself with the theoretical content of this guide before actually going to create a report – your experience will be a much smoother one.

What do reports look like?

Here is a sample of data output:

ciae	ents by Facili	ty and Loca	ation		RISKMan Educat
ID	Incident Date/Time	Gender Age	Summary Details	Service Day Of Week	Severity
cility	e de la companya de l	Wattle Priva	ite		
L	ocation	Com	munity Health Centre		
8	31 Jan 2012 14:25	Male 50	Overdose verapamil (None Entered)	(None Entered) Tuesday	X0000000X
24	12 Jan 2012 21:30	Male 48	Unwitnessed fall from chair. Foot pain. (None Entered)	Medical Specialties Directorate Thursday	XXXXXXXXXXXX
N	lumber of item	s for Commu	nity Health Centre: 2		
L	ocation	GICU			
4	31 Jan 2012	Male 30	Wrong technique	Musculoskeletal & ICU Directorate Tuesday	XXXXXXXXXXXX
7	31 Jan 2012	Male	Extra dose given	Musculoskeletal & ICU Directorate	XXXXXXXXXXX
	(None Entered)	73	(None Entered)	Tuesday	
3	31 Jan 2012	Male	Extra dose of antiobiotics.	Musculoskeletal & ICU Directorate	X00000000X
	23:45	20	(None Entered)	Tuesday	
7	31 Jan 2012	Female	Incorrect rate of Potassium Infusion	Musculoskeletal & ICU Directorate	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	23:10	50	(None Entered)	Tuesday	
9	31 Jan 2012	Female	Wrong rate Nimodopine (Neno Esternd)	Musculoskeletal & ICU Directorate	X0000000X
1	31 Jan 2012	Female	Does omitted (Intravite and trace elements IV)	Musculoskeletal & TCH	
	22:00	78	(None Entered)	Directorate Tuesday	00000000
N	lumber of item	s for GICU: 6			
L	ocation	Oper	ating Suite		
7	25 Jan 2012 07:20	Male 20	Protective equipment missing from mouth gag in tonsil set. (None Entered)	Sugical Services Directorate Wednesday	XXXXXXXXXXX
54	28 Jan 2012 16:30	Female 57	Unsterile surgical equipment (None Entered)	Sugical Services Directorate Saturdav	XXXXXXXXX

47 discrete records in the current selection.

Date Range: 1 Jan 2012 to 31 Jan 2012

10/11/2017 3:05:53 PM Page 1 of 7

This example is based on an incident register, but reports will look the same irrespective of which register they are from. Note that the data in this report has been aggregated (grouped) on two levels; first by facility, then by location.

There is a fairly light amount of summary data for each incident in the report.

Your generated report can be either **A4** or **A3** in size, and in either **portrait** or **landscape** orientation.

Refer to the next page to see a breakdown of each editable component of the report.

Components of a report

Report title and organisation name

The report title and organisation name values can be defined when you save your report. There is also an option available that allows you to change these titles when you run the report – this can be useful, for example, if you want the title of the report to reflect the time frame of data in it, e.g. **Incidents by Facility and Location, Q3 2018**

Field label bar

Incident	ts by Facilit	y and Loca	ation		RiskMan Education
ID	Incident Date/Time	Gender Age	Summary Details	Service Day Of Week	Severity
Facility		Wattle Priva	te		

This grey bar appears at the top of every page. It contains the names of the summary fields included in your report. You are able to choose which summary fields should appear in your report.

Data aggregation / grouping

Incluer	its by Facili	ty and Loc	ation		RISKMAII EQUCATION
ID	Incident Date/Time	Gender Age	Summary Details	Service Day Of Week	Severity
Facility		Wattle Priv	ate		
Lo	cation	Corr	munity Health Centre		
418	31 Jan 2012 14:25	Male 50	Overdose verapamil (None Entered)	(None Entered) Tuesday	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
2824	12 Jan 2012	Male	Unwitnessed fall from chai	Medical Specialties Directorate	xxxxxxxx

The majority of the time you will want to aggregate (or group) the data in your report; you can aggregate the data by as many as 5 fields. Note that if you want to generate a chart, the chart is based on the field you chose to aggregate by.

Summary field data

397	31 Jan 2012	Male	Extra dose given	Musculoskeletal & TCU	*****
	(None Entered)	73	(None Entered)	Directorate Tuesday	
413	31 Jan 2012 23:45	Male 20	Extra dose of antiobiotics. (None Entered)	Musculoskeletal & ICU Directorate Tuesday	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
417	31 Jan 2012 23:10	Female 50	Incorrect rate of Potassium Infusion (None Entered)	Musculoskeletal & ICU Directorate Tuesday	X000000000X
429	31 Jan 2012 14:00	Female 50	Wrong rate Nimodopine (None Entered)	Musculoskeletal & ICU Directorate Tuesday	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
431	31 Jan 2012 22:00	Female 78	Dose omitted (Intravite and trace elements IV) (None Entered)	Musculoskeletal & ICU Directorate Tuesday	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	Number of iten	ns for GICU:	6		

This is the summary information for each record in your report. You are able to choose which summary fields should appear in your report. Note that you can have up to **4 rows** of data **per record** in a report.

Page footer

Γ	2834	28 Jan 2012 16:30	Female 57	(None Entered)	Sugica Saturd	n services priectorate xx: day	*****	
╇								
	47 discret	e records in the cu	rrent selection.	Date Range: 1 Jan	2012 to 31 Jan 2012	10/11/	2017 3:05:53 PM	Page 1 of 7

The footer of each page can contain the discreet record count, the date range of the data included in the report, when the report was generated, and the page count.

Report criteria

Incidents by Facility and Location	RiskMan Education
ID Incident Gender Summary Date/Time Age Details	Service Severity Day Of Week
Report Criteria (If Applicable) Incident Date from 1 Jan 2012 Incident Date to 31 Jan 2012	
Incident Involved Patient/Client	
Facility Wattle Private Comment/Footnote This report details all incidents by facility and location and is used in the monthly subcommittee meeting.	

At the very end of your report you will find the **Report Criteria**. It includes:

- The filtering applied to the report (if any), and
- The report **Comment / footnote** (if entered), which is a free text area where you can put comments or information that helps contextualise the report, which is especially useful if the report you create is for other people and not just yourself

What types of charts can I generate?

The following are examples of the same data being plotted in the various chart types in qualitative reports:





Bar (vertical)

3D column



Pie



Timeline

Timeline with regression (trend) line



30

250

20

150

100





Line



Cross tab data table

Acacia Private Begonia Day Surge Eucalyptus Lodge Wattle Private

Stacked bar

	Friday	Monday	Saturday	Sunday	Thursday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Total
Acacia Private	32	13	33	29	37	32	34	210
Begonia Day	105	35	97	54	57	69	75	492
Eucalyptus Lodge	111	28	135	10	109	192	152	737
Wattle Private	43	27	51	30	52	50	46	299
Total	291	103	316	123	255	343	307	1,738

How to identify your report requirements

Identifying your report requirements is extremely important. You must have an idea of what you want to achieve with this report before you go to create it. This means being familiar with the dataset in your system, and understanding the needs of the audience of the report (be that you, or other people).

Before you attempt to create a report in RiskMan, it is essential to have the answer to the following questions:

What type of records am I reporting on? And...

How do I need this information to be presented? Or What's the question I am trying to answer with this report?

Example answers for question one:

- I need to report on all patient falls
- My report should only include risks with an inherent score of extreme or major
- I have to report on all the quality activities which are due for completion within the next two months
- I need a report displaying all the quality activities relating to a particular standard
- I need a report the shows me all **complaints** that are **not marked as closed**, and are **more than 28 days old**
- I need a report which details **staff LTIs**
- I want a summary of all the risks relating to a particular Responsible Executive
- I need to see all of the audits that have **outstanding actions** attached to them

This statement is critical because it will help you define what kind of **filtering** you need to apply. If you do not get your filtering correct, your report will not be accurate!

Example answers for question two:

- I need to know **how serious** the falls are
- I want to know which Risk Categories have the most severe risks
- I need to know who is responsible for these Quality Activities
- I want to know the status of all the quality activities related to this standard
- I need to know where these staff incidents are occurring
- I'd like the risks to be **grouped** based on their **risk rating**

Note that with the statements above, they are all identifying what the *key question* is that you are asking about these particular records. Most people are able to articulate that they require a patient falls report. But what do you actually want to know about the patient falls?

- How serious have they been?
- Which resulted in injuries?
- Where are they occurring?
- What time of day are they occurring?
- Which day of the week has more falls?
- What was the context of the fall?
- Which falls involved mobility aids?
- Et cetera

What we are trying to determine here is the **aggregation / grouping** for your report. Eg. Group by day, group by location, group by severity, group by hour of the day. Your chart (if required) will be <u>based on the grouping you choose</u>, and grouping is determined by the report **Layout** you choose.

What data will I see when I run a report?

The data that you see in a report is dependent on how your individual user profile has been configured. The configuration of your user profile establishes what we refer to as the User Domain – that is, all the records that you have permission to see and report on in a given register. There are many different ways a user profile can be configured; it will usually be one of the following:

- You can only report on records which match your user profile **restrictions**. For example, when you enter records, you are limited to entering for facility A only not facilities B and C. This same restriction is enforced when you run reports you can only see the data from facility A when you run reports, not facilities B and C.
- The only records you can see when you run a report are those where an **alert** has triggered and granted you permission.
- A combination of the above two scenarios; whereby you can report on records which match your user profile restriction, *plus* any records to which you've been granted permission via an alert.
- You have a user profile restriction that limits you to *enter* records for facility A, *however* for running reports, you are permitted to see data from facilities A *and* B, but not C. This example is not as common where a user has wider permissions for reports than they do for data entry and management.
- You are able to report on *all* records in a given register. This is usually the case for administrators or system owners.

It should also be noted that specifically in the incident and feedback registers, records must be **posted** in order to appear in any qualitative reports you run. Occasionally, some clients opt to bypass this process. If you are unsure, please consult your system administrator.

The steps to follow to create a report

The following is a simple summary of the steps involved in creating a report:

1. Identify your report requirements

- Which data are you reporting on? What is it that you need to know about that data?
- •

2. Apply the necessary filters to your data

- If you don't apply the correct filter criteria, your report will not be accurate
- 3. Choose an appropriate layout for your report

- If you have the permission to do so, you can create a new layout, or modify an existing one
- •

4. Run the report

- Check that everything is as you expect it to be. Make changes as necessary.
- •
- 5. Save the report
 - Save the report for future use. You can run it whenever you need it, or even setup schedules to make the report generate automatically (if you have the permission to do so)

Remember, a report in RiskMan is always made up of:

The filtering you apply

(so that only the correct records appear in the report), and

The layout that you choose

(which determines how the information is going to be presented)

CREATING A REPORT

Where to go to create a report

Navigate to *Analysis* > *Reports*.

Depending on the permissions you have in your user profile, the screen might look like the image here, or you might not be able to see the Library. In the top left of the page, there will be a drop

Administration 👻	Analysis 🔻 Help 🔻	Log Out
2	Reports	
	InfoCentre	
	Indicators	
	Workbook Reports	

down box containing the names of all the registers for which you are able to create reports. Select the desired register and click the **B** icon to go to the report creation page.

🕸 🧿 My Workspace 🔻 Managem	nent 👻 Administration 👻 Analysis 👻 Help 👻	Log Out	USER: System Manager (Manager)				
+ Incident Reports							
My	/ Reports	Reports Library					
3 My Reports	Welcome to My Reports	Reports Library	Welcome to Reports Library				
Incidents reports (migrated)		Incidents reports (migrated)					
Risks reports (migrated)	Risks reports (migrated) Io get started, click a tolder on the left to see the reports you can run.		Browse through the tolders to the left to see all the available reports.				
	If you can't see any folders on the left, it means that either:		Once you find the report you want, you can drag it to one of				

The report creation page



• When you first load the report creation page, you will land on the **Introduction**. After reading this information, note the **Skip this introduction in future** checkbox, and tick this option if you no longer need to see this information.

• Down the left of the page are various **Option Groups**. The idea is to visit each group and configure the available options as required for your report. An asterisk denotes you have not yet visited that option group this time round.

In the toolbar are the function buttons to Ø run the report now, Ø save the report, and Ø cancel & return to the previous screen.

CHOOSE THE FILE FORMAT

On the File Format option group, you can choose the type of file in which you want your report generated. In most systems the default choice is PDF. The table provides a description of each file format.

- 🤹	My W	/orkspac	e -	Management	•	Administration - Analysis -	Help + Log	Out USER: System Manager	(Manager
		Ø	0	Θ			Create In	cident Report	
							Fi Which format woul	le Format d you like the report generated in?	
	FILE FORMAT					Format	Purpose	Description	
	* 🛗				0	Adobe Portable Document Format (.pdf)	Presentation	Universally compatible document format. Cannot be edited easily.	
						Microsoft Word (.doc)	Presentation	Widely used format, editable.	
	BASIC FILTERS					Microsoft Excel (.xls)	Presentation	Presented in the same way as .pdf and .doc, but in Excel format.	
	ADVANCED					Rich Text Format (.rtf)	Presentation	Widely used format, editable.	
	FILTERS					Standard Format (.rpt)	Presentation	Generates your report in a web browser window as opposed to creating a file. Use this format if the computer you are using doesn't have any of the above software installed.	
	ADDITIONAL OPTIONS					Microsoft Excel (.xls) - Grid Format	Data Export	Use this format when you want to export 'raw' data to be manipulated in Excel. Includes column headen and grouping. You will need to create a Layout specifically for this purpose.	s
	LAYOUT								
	SUMMARY *								

Presentation formats

These options provide you with a fully formatted presentation report, and chart if desired.

Data export format

Use this option to export your report data directly to a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet. From there you can manipulate the data as you see fit. We recommend that you create a report **Layout** for the specific purpose of exporting data. Please refer to the **Report Layout Editor** guide for more information.

The following is an example of data exported to Excel:

🗱 🖯 😜 🗇 🖉 🔹		Data	Snapshot (4).xls [Compat	ibility Mode] - Excel		e ? 3 – 🗆 ×	
FILE HOME INSERT PAGE LAYOUT FORMU	JLAS DATA REVIEW VIEW	1				Andrew MARTIN -	
$\begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ & & & \\$	A [×] ≡ ≡ ₩	Text General e & Center ~ \$ ~ %		Normal Normal as Neutra g * Table *	Bad Good Calculation Check Cell Insert Delete Format	AutoSum [×] A ↓ Fill [*] Sort & Find & Clear [×] Filter [×] Select [*]	
Clipboard 12 Font	Alignment	G Nurr	iber 🕠		Styles Cells	Editing A	
H3 \checkmark : $ imes f_x$ Pt found lying	H3 v i 📉 v fk Pt found lying on the floor. No injuries noted v						
АВС	D	E	F	G	Н		
1 Incident ID Incident Date Incident Involved	Full Name	Facility	Location	Severity	Summary		
2 89 29 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Thomas Piper	Acacia Private	Ward B2	ISR 4 MINOR	Pt fell from chair. No injuries sustained		
3 117 1 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Lilly Crompton	Acacia Private	Ward A2	ISR 4 MINOR	Pt found lying on the floor. No injuries noted		
4 142 30 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Michael Walsh	Acacia Private	Ward A2	ISR 3 MEDIUM	Pt found in bathroom on the floor fitting		
5 143 3 Jan 2012 Environmental	Lauren Haupt	Acacia Private	Operating Suite	ISR 4 MINOR	Inappropriate equipment available so unable to perform all cases book being available to perform all cases in theatre	ed for theatre. Equipment not	
6 144 4 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Jean Stadus	Acacia Private	Ward B3	ISR 4 MINOR	Pt give another patient medications		
7 145 4 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Gladys Hansen	Acacia Private	Ward B3	ISR 3 MEDIUM	Pt was given incorrect tablets oxycontin 10mg. NUM informed		
8 146 3 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Marjorie Auty	Acacia Private	Ward A3	ISR 4 MINOR	Pt given wrong medication		
9 153 5 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Thelma Rensch	Acacia Private	Ward A2	ISR 4 MINOR	Pt absconded from hospital. Brought back to hospital by staff from ca	feteria	
10 156 5 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Ellen Ebery	Acacia Private	Ward A2	ISR 4 MINOR	Found patient on floor no injury sustained		
11 166 7 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Shirley callaghan	Acacia Private	Ward A2	ISR 4 MINOR	Pt fell whilst going to the toliet		
12 167 9 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Eleanor Stevens	Acacia Private	Ward A2	ISR 4 MINOR	Pt found on floor ? Slipped out of chair		
13 168 9 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Michael Etlis	Acacia Private	Ward B3	ISR 4 MINOR	Pt found wandering outside the hospital		
14 174 6 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Sheila Brewer	Acacia Private	Operating Suite	ISR 3 MEDIUM	Skin tear occurred to patient whilst having surgery		
15 175 7 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Michelle Pyne	Acacia Private	Ward A3	ISR 4 MINOR	Incorrect dose of Pencillin given to patient		
16 177 17 Jan 2012 Staff Member	Nicole McCormack	Acacia Private	Operating Suite	ISR 4 MINOR	Lumbar strain		
17 178 16 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Gurpal Singh	Acacia Private	Ward A2	ISR 4 MINOR	Pt writen up for coversyl plus and but only given converyl BP slightly e	levated 150/70	
18 179 19 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Susan Coughlin	Begonia Day Surgery	Ward A3	ISR 4 MINOR	Oxycontin SR given instead of endone.		
19 180 20 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Jeffrey Knorpp	Acacia Private	Ward B3	ISR 4 MINOR	Pt fell out of bed No injury sustained from the fall		
20 181 21 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Jeffrey utting	Acacia Private	Ward A2	ISR 4 MINOR	Pt f fell whist walking. Nil obvious injuries sustained		
21 182 24 Jan 2012 Patient/Client	Arnaliss O Conell	Acacia Private	Ward A3	ISR 5 NEAR MISS	Pt complaining that she did not sleep as she was disturbed and frighten	form the shouting next door.	

DATE / TIME RANGE

Filter your records by date

The default date range is always the last full calendar month. Change the date restrictions as required. In some registers, date range filtering is often not used.

Date Range
Select the date range you wish to report on, and the date field from the form you want to base it on.
 Don't apply any date restrictions to this report Apply the following date restrictions: Where the Incident Date 1 vas from 01 Jan 2012 to 31 Dec 2016
Z From the above date range, only include data from the following months: January S February March S

• Select the date field from the register that you want to base your filter on. The available fields in this drop down can be modified via *Administration > List & Codes Maintenance > ([Register name]) [Register name] Report Date Selection*

O This option allows you to filter for certain months from a date range that spans 2 or more years. In the example above, we've set the date range from 2012 to 2016, but from that date range, we only want the data from the first 3 months of each year.

Note

Date filtering is for running your report now, and is not retained when you save your report.

Filter your records by time

In registers where it makes sense to do so (the Incident register for example), you will be able to filter records to only include those which happened in a certain time frame. The default behaviour is to not filter by time.

If you want to filter by time, type in the desired time in 12 hour format, then use the spinner button to set AM or PM.



Note

For technical reasons, creating a time filter that crosses over midnight (for example, 11:00pm to 7:00am) is not possible here. If you need to filter for a time frame that crosses over midnight, it needs to be done in the Advanced Filters option group. An example is provided in this guide.

BASIC FILTERS

This is where you can start filtering your records, so that you only get the correct records appearing in your report.

🔋 😈 My Workspa	ce 🔹 Management 👻 Administ	ration 🔹 Analysis 👻 Help 👻 Log	Out	USER: System Manager (Ma
Ø	00	Create Inc	ident Report	
6		Bas	sic Filters	
	Apply filters to ensure the con	rect data appears in your report. If you want to filter	r your data based on a field which is	s not shown here, you can use the Advanced Filters section.
FILE FORMAT	By Classification:			
	By Contributing Factor:			
	By Custom Selection:	Click to custom select	By Journal Type: Click to a	select journal(s) Only show Journals of the selected type(s)
BASIC FILTERS				
₩.	By Incident Involved:	Click to select Incident Involved(s)	By Facility:	Click to select Facility(s)
ADVANCED FILTERS	By Location:	Click to select Location(s)	By Patient Status:	Click to select Patient Status(s)
ADVANCED FILTERS	By Location: By Severity:	Click to select Location(s) Click to select Severity(s)	By Patient Status: By Specialty:	Click to select Patient Status(s) Click to select Specialty(s)
ADVANCED FILTERS	By Location: By Severity: By Aggregate:	Click to select Location(s) Click to select Severity(s) Click to select Aggregate(s)	By Patient Status: By Specialty: By Service:	Click to select Patient Status(s) Click to select Specialty(s) Click to select Service(s)
ADVANCED FLITERS ADDITIONAL OPTIONS	By Location: By Severity: By Aggregate: By Source Of Notification:	Click to select Location(s) Click to select Severity(s) Click to select Aggregate(s) Click to select Source Of Notification(s)	By Patient Status: By Specialty: By Service: By Body Part Affected:	Click to select Patient Status(s) Click to select Specialty(s) Click to select Service(s) Click to select Body Part Affected(s)
ADVANCED PLITERS * ADDITIONAL OUTIONS LAYOUT *	By Location: By Severity: By Aggregate: By Source Of Notification: By Type Of Injury:	Click to select Location(s) Click to select Severity(s) Click to select Aggregate(s) Click to select Source Of Notification(s) Click to select Type Of Injury(s)	By Patient Status: By Specialty: By Service: By Body Part Affected: By Mechanism Of Injury:	Click to select Patient Status(s) Click to select Specialty(s) Click to select Service(s) Click to select Body Part Affected(s) Click to select Mechanism Of Injury(s)

Some key points about adding basic filters:

- Selecting nothing will include everything. So, if for example you wanted data from all facilities, you do not need to go and select all facilities; it is implicit that all facilities will be included unless you say otherwise.
- Adding filters helps you to build a test. That test is then applied to every record, one at a time. If the test fails, the record will not be included in the report. If the test passes, the record will be included in the report.
 - So for example, the following filter condition:
 By Incident Involved: Staff Member S
 - Means that an incident will only appear in your report if the Incident Involved field was Staff Member.
 - In this next example:

By Incident Involved:	Staff Member 😢 Volunteer (8

• Means that an incident will only appear in your report if the Incident Involved field was **either** Staff Member **or** Volunteer. So, if you select multiple values, the test between them is an OR test.

• If you filter by multiple fields, for example:

By Incident Involved:	Staff Member 😆 Volunteer 😫
By Facility:	Eucalyptus Lodge 😣

- Means that an incident will only appear in your report if the Incident Involved field was either Staff Member or Volunteer, and it occurred at Eucalyptus Lodge. So, when you filtering your data by more than one field, the test between those fields is an AND test.
- The fields that appear in Basic Filters are the main/key fields that you are likely to need. The fields that are shown here can be controlled by navigating to *Administration > List & Codes Maintenance > ([Register name]) [Register name] Report Filter Options.*

Тір

While you are still getting used to your dataset, it can be a good idea to look at the actual form to find the fields you wish to filter by, and the values you wish to filter for. The easiest way to do this is to right-click the browser tab and select "Duplicate", or similar:



This way, you can have one tab with the report creation page open, and the other tab with the form in question open, which should help you find the fields you need more quickly:

ctical Innovative Risk Management	stanning Site	TRAINING SITE	
My Workspace 🔹 Manag	ement • Administration • Reports	s • Help • Log Out Feedback Module	USER: System Ma
When Did It Happen?			
Incident Date * Date Entered in RiskMan	13 Nov 2017	Incident Time *	
What Happened?			
Type of incident Type of incident			
Summary *			АВС
Brief Detail of Incident *			ABC
Immediate Action Taken *			Авс
Did this involve any equipment device / consumable?	/ O Yes O No		
Did the Incident Result in Harm	? [★] ● Yes O No	Body Parts Affected *	
Main Type of Injury *			
Main Type of Injury * Treatment required *			

Filtering by custom selection

Sometimes you will have filter criteria where it isn't possible to reproduce using basic or advanced filters. In many cases, the system can support all kinds of special filter criteria via the **By Custom Selection** box.

For example, in a feedback register, you might want to have a filter that only includes complaints that are still open and are more than 30 days old. Though this is not possible via the general user interface, RiskMan Support can assist you in adding this special filter criteria as an option in the By Custom Selection box.

The content of the By Custom Selection box is available by navigating to Administration > List & Codes Maintenance > ([Register name]) Custom (Register name) Report Selection.

ADVANCED FILTERS

If the field you want to filter by is not available as a basic filter, or if you need to do any filtering greater than just "and/or", you can add **advanced filters**.

For the purpose of explaining how advanced filters work, let's assume that the report we are creating is for worker injuries.

You must always carefully consider which information would need to be in place on the respective data entry form that would count it as a record you want included in your report. Again, we'd recommend opening a blank incident entry form to assist identifying which fields will need to be tested. In the case of our example, we've decided we'll need to create conditions for two fields:

	Who Was Affected?		
The subject affected is a *		Patient / Client Worker	
	Patient affected type *	Relative / Visitor Non-Individual / Environment	
		Initial Assessment	
	Level of harm sustained *	Injury/illness	~

We want to test that the subject affected was a **Worker**, and that the level of harm sustained was **Injury/illness**.

We need to create a condition for each of those fields.

Adding conditions

Conditions work like this:





Once you have identified the name of the field you need to test, start typing that field name in the filter box. The list of fields will show the fields that match what you type.

Once you find the field you need, click and drag it to the **drop zone**:

апе		+
Patient affected type	Subject affected	
Subject affected		
Take a statement from affected wo		

Once you have the added the field in the drop zone, you need to select the type of test you need to perform:

	ſ	[select a test]	~
		is equal to	
		is not equal to	
		is empty	
		is not empty	~
Where	Subject affected	[select a test]	_
			+

Then you need to select the value that you want for your test. Click **select an option**:

Where	Subject affected is equal to [select an option]

The values from the field you have selected will appear. Choose the value you are testing for (**Worker** in our case):



We then have to add our second condition. Follow the same process to find the field you need to test:

Where	Subject affected is equal to Worker
And	Level of harm sustained is equal to Injury/illness
\smile	+

Note that for each subsequent field you add as a condition, there is a button at the start of each which contains **And** and **Or** (highlighted above). This allows you to stipulate whether <u>both</u> conditions need to be met in order for a record to be included, or if <u>either</u> of those conditions can allow a record to be included (click the button to change between **And** and **Or**).

So, for our example, a record will only be included in our report if the subject affected was a **Worker**, and the level of harm sustained was **Injury/Illness**.

Test name	Description
Is equal to	You want the stated value to be in this field
Is not equal to	You do not want the stated value to be in this field, but any other value is fine
Is empty	The field you are testing contains no data
Is not empty	The field you are testing does contain data
Contains the keyword	The field you are testing contains a keyword or particular string of text
Does not contain the keyword	The field you are testing does not contain a keyword or particular string of text
Is one of	More than one value being present in this field could satisfy this test
Is not one of	Any of these values not being present in this field could satisfy this test
Is less than	Can only be used on date, time, and numeric fields
Is greater than	Can only be used on date, time, and numeric fields
Is less than or equal to	Can only be used on date, time, and numeric fields
Is greater than or equal to	Can only be used on date, time, and numeric fields

What types of tests can be conducted?

Test examples

Is equal to	Incident Day Name is equal to Monday
Is not equal to	Specific location is not equal to Car park
Is empty	Closed on is empty
Is not empty	Date of birth is not empty
Contains the keyword	Action taken at time contains the keyword police
Does not contain the keyword	Occupation does not contain the keyword nurse
	Filter: Enter keywords ✓ Check all × Uncheck all
Is one of	Specific location is one of 4 selected
	ØReception ØStared/public toilet ØStaff lunch room □Other ✓

		Filter: Enter keywords ✓ Check all ¥ Uncheck all	8
		□Tuesday	^
Is not one of	Incident Day Name is not one of 2 selected	□Wednesday	
	Incluent buy nume to not one of 2 concered	Thursday	
		□Friday	
		✓Saturday	
		✓Sunday	\sim

Multi-test conditions

There will be times where you want to create conditions with more than one test. There are two main scenarios:

- Your condition tests one field for more than one possible value
- Your condition comprises of two or more different fields being tested

Testing **one field for more than one possible value** is straightforward. Select the field you wish to test, add it to the drop zone, and change the test type to **is one of**:

		is not empty contains the keyword does not contain the
		keyword is one of
Where	Incident Day Name is	s one of [select some options]
		+

You can then go and select multiple values from the list:

Where	Incident Day Name is one of	5 selected	
		Filter: Enter keywords ✓ Check all ¥ Uncheck all	0
		∎Monday	
	(✓Tuesday	I
	2	✓Wednesday	I
	7	ſ€Thursday	I
		✓Friday	
		■Saturday	-

If you wanted to achieve the opposite, you could use the **is not one of** test (usually because it's more efficient):

Where	Incident Day Name is not or	ne of 2 selected	
		Filter: Enter keywords	
		*Uncheck all	0
		Tuesday	^
		Wednesday	
		Thursday	
		SFriday	
		Saturday	
		€Sunday	*

When your condition requires the **testing of two or more fields**, there are two distinct scenarios. The first is when that condition is the <u>only one</u> you require for your report filter purposes.

Use the **And/Or** button to determine whether <u>all</u> tests must be passed, or whether just one could satisfy the condition:

Where	Subject affected is equal to Worker
And	Primary incident type is equal to Manual task
\sim	+

In the above example, we've chosen **And** to ensure that a record will not be counted unless <u>both</u> of the tests we have added are passed.

In a lengthier example, we have said that a record should only be counted if <u>all</u> of these tests are passed:

Where	Subject affected is equal to Patient / Client
And	Primary incident type is equal to Behaviour
And	Ward/Unit is equal to Emergency Department
And	(Behaviour) Type of aggression is equal to Verbal aggression
And	(Behaviour) Towards is equal to Toward a person
And	(Behaviour) Security attended is equal to Yes
	+

But what if we wanted a record to be counted based on two *unrelated* conditions, and each of these conditions tested multiple fields?

Let's use the following example: We want records to be counted if they were either:

- Worker incidents that happened on Saturdays and Sundays, OR
- Relative/Visitor incidents that happened in the Emergency Department

We have two distinct sets of conditions there; each condition has its own sub-tests.

In this situation, you need to create two separate conditions in the drop zone. Click the button in the drop zone to do this:



Note the new darker-blue box, with its <u>own additional drop zone</u>. This is where you can go and add the tests which make up the first condition listed above in our example:

Where		
		Subject affected is equal to Worker
	And	Incident Day Name is one of 2 selected
		+
		+

You can now click the outer-most drop zone to add a second distinct condition. Note the new **And/Or** button:

Where		Subject affected is equal to Worker
	And	Incident Day Name is one of 2 selected
		+
And		
- 5		
	-	+

Once we add in the tests required for our second, unrelated condition, it looks like this:

Where	Subject affected is equal to Worker
	+
Or	
	Subject affected is equal to Relative / Visitor
And	Subject affected is equal to Relative / Visitor Ward/Unit is equal to Emergency Department +

The image above uses red boxes to illustrate that there are 2 completely separate conditions for this report; each condition has several tests which must be met before a record would be counted.

Creating a time filter that crosses midnight

Earlier in this guide, it was mentioned that in the Date/Time Range options group, you could not create a filter for a time range that crossed midnight.

The following is an example of an advanced filter that crosses midnight:



Or, when you have additional filter criteria for your report:

Where	Incident Involved is equal to Staff Member		
And	Severity is one of 2 selected		
And	Incident Time is greater than or equal to 21:00		
	or Incident Time is less than 08:00		
	+		
	+		

Deleting tests

Deleting tests is simple. When you hover your mouse over any test, you will note the \mathbf{x} icon at the end of the row:



Click the \mathbf{x} icon to delete the test. You will not be prompted to confirm this action.

CHOOSE A REPORT LAYOUT

You will need to select an appropriate layout for the purpose of your report. Remember, the layout is connected to the question "What do you need to know about that data?", as the layout controls the way the data is to be aggregated, along with all the other visual properties of the report.

۰	My Wo	rkspace 🔻	Management 👻	Administration - Analysis - Help - Log Out	USER: System Manager (Manager)
		0 0	0	Create Incident Report	
	0			Report Layout	
			Please choose	the layout of your report. The layout you choose will affect:	
			 How your date 	ita will be aggregated	
			 What types of the amount 	of summary information to display for each record in your report	
			Other visual	properties, such as fonts, colour, title, footer content, and so on	
0	ATE/TIME RANGE				
	▼*		Report Layou	Jt: By Facility	
	BASIC FILTERS				
	*				
	U ⊕		Can't find a sui	iitable layout for your report?	
	FILTERS		You can create	: your own using the Report Layout Editor:	
	⇔ *		Open the F	Report Layout Editor	
	ADDITIONAL OPTIONS				
	LAYOUT				
	SUMMARY				

If you have the permission to do so, you can use the **Report Layout Editor** to create a new layout, or edit an existing one. Please refer to the **Report Layout Editor guide** for instructions on how this works.

Some report layouts are "hard-coded", and cannot be modified. Some of these layouts have some extra options that you can configure; the following is an example of such options:

Addtional Lay	out Options
The Layout that	you have chosen has the following additional options that you may configure:
Chart Type:	
chart type.	
③ 3D Colum	n
🔘 Bar (horiz	ontal)
🔘 Bar (verti	cal)
🔘 Pie	
🔘 Timeline	
Generate (Chart Only

ADDITIONAL OPTIONS

Various extra report options are available depending on the register your report based on, and the layout you choose.

0		
90	Create Incident Report	
-		
•	Additional Options	
	Further options for creating your report. The number of options presented here depends on the selected register and report	layout chosen.
	Consolidate linked Incidents	
	When checked, any linked Incidents in your report will be counted as 1 occurrence, instead of the sum of all linked Incidents. The inf from the master record.	ormation displayed in the report will come
DATE/TIME RANGE	Restrict to Sentinel Events only	
T	When checked, only incidents which were marked as being Sentinel Events will be included in your report.	
BASIC FILTERS	Exclude items without any contributing factors	
Œ	When checked, only incidents which have contributing factors recorded will be included in your report.	
ADVANCED FILTERS		
a l	More filter options:	
ADDITIONAL	Incident ID(s)	
	2 Staff Mbr ID(s)	
LAYOUT	First Name	
ies *	Surname	
SUMMARY	Add a footnote/ comment to your report.	
	You can add a footnote or comment to your report by entering text into this box. The footnote will be appended to the end of the report	rt.
	_	

• Further report options will be displayed here. Each has an explanation, and the options that you see are dependent on your system configuration, and the register in question.

• More filter options are available here, and the filter options displayed depend on the register the report based on. If you want to filter the report to include certain record IDs, please make sure you enter the IDs separated with a comma, and no spaces, e.g. 155,158,164,177,191 etc

• This is where you can enter a comment or footnote for the report. The text entered here will appear at the end of the report, with the report criteria:

Inciden	ts by Facility	and Loca	tion		RiskMan Education
ID	Incident Date/Time	Gender Age	Summary Details	Service Day Of Week	Severity
Report C	riteria (If Applicat	le)			
Incident D 1 Jan 2012	ate from				
Incident D 31 Jan 201	ate to 2				
Incident I Patient/Clie	nvolved int				
Facility Wattle Priva	ate				
Comment, This report	/Footnote details all incidents by	r facility and loc	ation and is used in the monthly subcommittee meeting.		

RUN THE REPORT

Once you have applied all the necessary settings, you can run your report. To do so, click the run icon **3** in the toolbar.

The time taken for your report to run is dependent on many different factors, including:

- The complexity of your report. Remember, the more information you request to be brought back in a report, the longer it will take to run.
- The demand on the server at any given time. This means that in some situations, due to the sheer number of users accessing the system, your report could take a little longer to run.

Note

If the browser you are using has a pop-up blocker function, this might prevent your report from appearing. You may need to consult your internal IT department for help resolving this.

SAVE THE REPORT

Once you have your report configured correctly, you can then save it for future use. The first step is to go to the **Summary** options group:

Ø	0 0	Create Incident Report	
0		Summary	
	Report Name: 🕦	Staff Incidents by Facility	
	Report Title: 1) Organisation Title: 1)	2 Staff Incidents by Facility 3 RiskMan Education	
	Allow editing of the report titles at ru	ntime?: ON This report should be tabled every month	
FILTERS	Report Description/ Comments: 🗿	at the WHS review committee meeting	
ADVANCED		whs worker employee injury facility	
ADDITIONAL OPTIONS	Searchable keywords for this report:	o (j)	
SUMMARY			

• The **Report Name** is the name you will see in your list of saved reports.

• The **Report Title** is the title that appears in the top left corner of every page in the generated report. More often than not, the Report Name and Report Title will be the same.

• The **Organisation Title** is the title that appears in the top right corner of every page in the generated report. The organisation name of your RiskMan system is the default value.

You have the option to allow the **Report** and **Organisation Titles** to be modified when the report is run. This can be useful to contextualise each edition of the report – for example, the default Report Title might be "Staff Incidents by Facility", but when you run the report you change it to read "Staff Incidents by Facility – September 2017". This option is set **on** by default.

• Add a meaningful **Report Description** or **Comments**. It should be clear enough that anybody would know exactly what this report is for and what it contains *without having to run the report*.

When browsing through your saved reports, there is also a search function. Add some useful keywords, related to the purpose/content of the report, which would make it quicker to find.

You can now save your report. To do so, click the save icon ♥ in the toolbar. What you see next depends on your individual user permissions.

• If you only have permission to save to My Reports (or your organisation has not elected to use the Report Library)

You will see your My Reports folder structure:

 Incidents reports (migrated) Risks reports (migrated) 	My Reports		
Risks reports (migrated)	퉬 Incidents rep	orts (migrated)	
	🕌 Risks reports	(migrated)	

Select your desired folder, or create a new folder if required by right-clicking an existing folder:

- 45	Add New Fo	older	
	Rename	ed)	
- 🎽 e	Delete		

Give the new folder a name and press **enter**. Select the new folder by clicking it, and click the **Save** button. Once the report saves, you will be taken back to the Reports page.

• If you do have permission to save reports to the Report Library

You will need to choose where you want to save this report – My Reports, the Report Library, or both:

0	My Reports
0	Reports Library
0	My Reports & Reports Library

If you choose to save to both My Reports *and* the Report Library, you will first go through the steps on the previous page to save the report in your My Reports folders. Then you will be prompted where you want to save the report in the Report Library:

Reports Lib	ary			
퉬 Inciden	ts reports (mi	grated)		

The same functionality applies as before; select an appropriate folder, or create a new one as required.

Once you have selected the desired folder, click the **Save** button. Once your report saves, you will be taken back to the Reports page.

WORKING WITH EXISTING REPORTS

The My Reports interface

🎊 📀 My Workspace 🔻 Manag	ement - Administration -	Analysis 🔻	Help 🔻	Log Out		USER	: System Manager (Manager)
+ Incident			Repo	rts			
7 1 1 2 1 5		Му	Reports				
My Reports Incidents reports (migrated)		St	art typing here t	o search			
Risks reports (migrated)		Report Nan	ne		Has Schedule?	Generated Reports	Date Created
WHS reports	WHS Incidents by Facility				No		14 Nov 2017
			4	Report Detail WHS Incidents by Fa	S icility		
	Target register Created on Created by Report description Reports generated by schedules Added from library? Original report title Original organisation title	Incidents 14 Nov 2017 Manager This report st No WHS Inciden RiskMan Edu	rould be tabled o ts by Facility vication	every month at the WHS re	wiew committee meetin	g	

• Folder structure: These are the folders containing reports. There is a limit to the number of subfolders you are able to create, determined by your system administrator. The maximum number of subfolder levels is five.

2 Report list: When you select a folder, the reports saved in that folder are displayed here.

6 Search this folder: You can also search for reports from the current folder by name, description, and keywords. Start typing your search term and any matching reports will appear in the report list.

O Report details: This is the information we entered in the **Summary** option group when the report was created.

6 Report functions: When you select a report, the available functions will appear, <u>based on your</u> <u>individual user permissions</u>. Each function is described on the following pages.

Run a My Report

To run the selected report now	click the Run icon 7.	You will see the following c	lialog:
		9	

WHS Incidents by Facility	
Report Title:	
Organisation Title: 1 RiskMan Education	
Date Range: ()	Dates
From : 01 Oct 2017	
To: 0 31 Oct 2017	
File Format: Portable Doc Format (PDF)	-

All you need to do now is:

- Modify the Report and Organisation Titles as desired (if the option was enabled when the report was saved)
- Select the required date range for the report
- Choose the format in which you want the report generated

Edit a My Report

To edit the selected report, click the Edit icon *▶*. Make any changes required and save your report in the usual way.

Delete a My Report

To delete the selected report, click the Delete icon $\widehat{\mathbf{m}}$. You will be asked to confirm this action. Please note that deleted reports <u>cannot be recovered</u>, so be careful! Also, if you delete a report from a folder you have shared with other users, they will not be able to see that report anymore either.

Clone a My Report

To clone the selected report, click the Clone icon ⁽²⁾. This makes a copy of the report in the current folder. From there you can edit the cloned report as required. This can be a great time saver if you wish to have several similar reports.

Moving reports between folders

To move a report between folders, simply click and drag the report to the desired folder:

My Reports						
Wy Reports	Start typing	here to search				
Risks reports	Report Name	Has Schedule?	Generated Reports	Date Created		
V WHS reports	Here is yet another report	No		17 Nov 2017		
Belder B						
🕌 Folder C						

A green arrow appears over the target folder; release your mouse button when your cursor is over the desired folder:

🐌 Feedback repor	ts	
🐌 Risks reports		Report Name
✓<>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	Here is yet another	seport
📗 Folder A	♦	
🕌 Folder B		

You can only move reports between folders you have created yourself, or folders where you have the Read / Write / Maintain permission – this applies to both the destination folder, and the folder of the report being moved.

Moving folders to a new location

Folders can also be dragged and dropped to arrange them the way you want:

My Reports						
Wy Reports Reedback reports	Start typing here to search					
Risks reports	Report Name	Report Name Has Schedule?		Date Created		
	Here is yet another report	No		17 Nov 201		
Folder C						

A green arrow appears over the target folder; release your mouse button when your cursor is over the desired folder:



The end result:

	My Reports
	🐌 Feedback reports
- v	\mu Risks reports
	🐌 Folder C
- v	
	🕌 Folder A
	🕌 Folder B

You can only move folders you have created yourself, or folders where you have the Read / Write / Maintain permission – this applies to both the destination folder, and the folder being moved.

Share a My Report folder with other people

If you have the permission to do so, you can share folders from your My Reports with other people.

When other users run the reports from folders shared to them, the data that appears in the resulting reports will be based on *that user's* domain, rather than *your* domain. This means there is no risk of

users potentially being able to see information to which they have no permission.

Start by finding the folder you want to share, and right click on it with your mouse. This brings up the available options:

Add New Folder creates a new folder on the next level within the current folder.

Rename allows you to change the name of the current folder.



Delete obviously deletes the current folder, however you cannot delete a folder unless it is already empty.

Share will allow you to set the share permissions for the current folder.

There are 3 levels of folder sharing permissions in My Reports:

- Read
- Read / Write
- Read / Write / Maintain

PERMISSION	WHAT CAN THE USER DO?
Read	The user can see and run all the reports in the folder.
	They cannot add reports to the folder.
Read / Write	The user can see and run all the reports in the folder.
	They can add reports to the folder (provided they have the user permission to save reports).
	The user can see and run all the reports in the folder.
	They can add reports to the folder (provided they have the user permission to save reports).
	The user can modify the sharing permissions of the folder.
Read / Write / Maintain	The user can change the name of the folder.
	The user can add, modify, and delete their own subfolders.
	The user can move reports to other folders (refer to page 29).
	The user can move the folder to another folder (refer to page 30).
	The user can delete the folder, provided the folder contains no reports or subfolders.

Here's what each level of permission means:

Deleting a report

Even if a user has Read / Write / Maintain permission to a folder, they will not be able to delete a report which is not their own.

The only users who can delete a report are the **report's creator** and a user with the **Report Library Administrator** permission (*General* > *Reporting Permissions* > *Is Reports Library V2 Administrator*).

Assigning Sharing Permissions



• Share with all users: Allows all users with permission to access Reports the ability to see this folder with read only permission.

O Share with specific users: Start typing a user's name in the text box. When you find the desired user, grant them the level of permission you want them to have. Their name will be added to

the respective list box on the right hand side. To remove a user, select their name from one of the 3 list boxes and click the **Remove** button.

• Share with entire Template of users: Select the register which contains the template of users to whom you want to grant permission, then select the desired template from the second drop down box. When you find the desired template, grant it the level of permission you want it to have. The template will be added to the respective list box on the right hand side. To remove a template, select its name from one of the 3 list **boxes** and click the Remove button.

It should be noted that sharing permissions are not "cascaded" to any subfolders.

Let's look at the following folder structure example:

My Reports							
My Reports	Start typing here to search						
Risks reports	Report Name	Has Schedule?	Generated Reports	Date Created			
 WHS reports Folder A 	WHS Incidents by Facility	Yes	6	14 Nov 2017			
🕌 Folder B							
🕌 Folder C							

Now we will grant the user **Brett** read only permission to the **WHS reports** folder. When a user has a folder shared with them, the folder title appears as follows:

My Reports							
WHS reports (shared by Manager)	Start typing here to search						
	Report Name Has Schedule?		Generated Reports	Date Created			
	WHS Incidents by Facility	Yes		14 Nov 2017			

Note that Brett cannot see the other 3 folders in the WHS reports folder! Now we'll grant Brett read only permission to **Folder B**. Here is what Brett's view will be:

My Reports						
My Reports Wy Reports WHS reports (shared by Manager)	Start typing here to search					
Folder B (shared by Manager)	Report Name	Has Schedule?	Generated Reports	Date Created		
	Here is another report	No		17 Nov 2017		

As you can see, permissions apply only to the individual folder concerned, and not the subfolders within it. But what if we give Brett permission to see **Folder B** but NO permission to the **WHS reports** folder? Here is the result:

My Reports						
My Reports	(Start typing here to search				
		Report Name	Has Schedule?	Generated Reports	Date Created	
	Here is another report		No		17 Nov 2017	

RELATED TOPICS

Report Layout Editor

Report Schedules

Report Library