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# - Roam & Roam Script Builder -

FOR RISKMAN VERSION 2403

Last reviewed September 2023

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# INTRODUCTION

## How does it all work?

The RiskMan **Roam app** has been designed to allow users to easily capture data using mobile devices.

To facilitate this, you need to determine exactly which data you want them to collect.

For example, you may wish to enable your users to capture incidents using the app. However, your incident entry form (presumably for default users) might have a large number of fields – more than 50, depending on your system configuration and Template settings. Obviously, it would be impractical to force users to fill in so many fields using their mobile device; after all, the intent is generally to enable *quick* data capture.

What you need to do is create a **script**, using the **Roam Script Builder** – the administrative component of the overall process. A script contains **paths**, which in turn contain the fields you want your users to complete when they use the Roam app, and also all of the settings required; in this scenario, you could look at the script as a simplified version of your "Default" incident User Template.

So far, we have:



A user's **mobile device** with the **Roam app** installed (we'll just refer to this as the **app** from now on for simplicity).



The **Roam Script Builder**, which is a feature in your RiskMan system.



A **Script**, which defines what data you want your users to collect when they use the **app**. The data is arranged into **paths**.

The next step is to get the **script** you create into the hands of your users, so they can start recording data.

To do this, a user needs to open the **app**, and register their current device. Once registered, the **app** will automatically download your **script**. The user can then start recording data. We'll explain more about registration later.

Exactly how the app downloads the script you create is important, and we'll try to explain that now in terms which (hopefully) aren't too technical.

When you create a **script**, you will also define a **passkey**. The passkey is usually just a logical name for your script, for example "CompanyNameRoam2021". Once you're happy with the script you've created, its **passkey** is then stored on the **RiskMan Verification Server** (or RVS for short). The **RVS** is a secure server which is accessible via the internet. When a user installs the Roam app on their device, they will use the **passkey**, along with their RiskMan username and password, in order to determine that they are a valid user, and that their device should download the specific **script** that you created for them.

Now we also have:



The **RiskMan Verification Server** (**RVS**), which authenticates **app users** as being part of your organisation



The **passkey**, which is a property of the script you create. You will need to communicate the passkey to your users to allow them to use the app.

The final piece of the puzzle is **RoamConnect**, which is a function that runs on your organisation's servers. This is a secure service that acts as the go-between for your RiskMan system and your app users.

Ordinarily, a system such as RiskMan would be contained on your internal network, and never exposed to the internet. **RoamConnect** is the bridge that allows your users to send data via the internet, and safely pass that into your RiskMan system as a new record, thereby keeping your RiskMan system safe and private.

Finally:



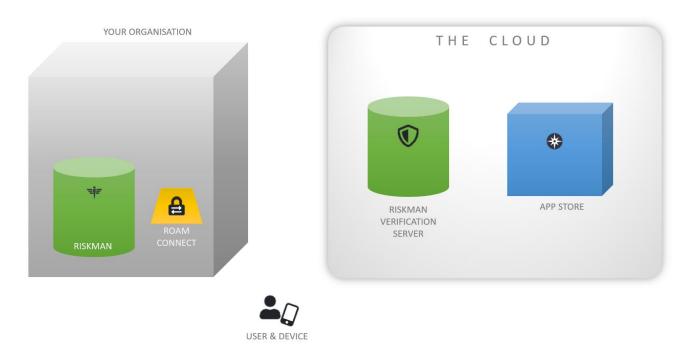
**RoamConnect**, which allows your users to safely and securely transmit data from the **app** to your RiskMan system.

You need to supply the **passkey** to your **app users** so that they can register their devices. One way to do this might be by sending it in an email, along with instructions of what the users need to do.

Once a user has the passkey, they will use that, plus their usual RiskMan username and password to verify their identity. The app then talks directly to RoamConnect to download your script to the Roam app, and your users are now ready to go!

Let's look at all of that information diagrammatically:

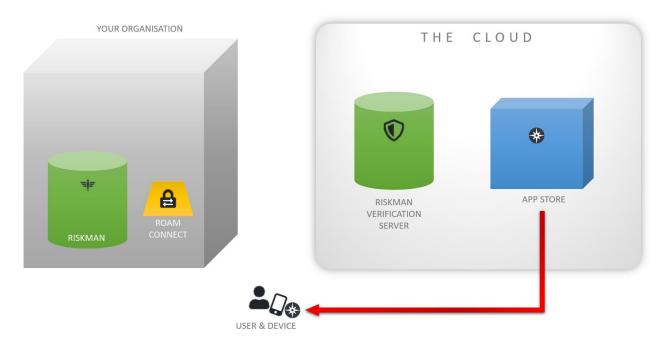
#### Step 1



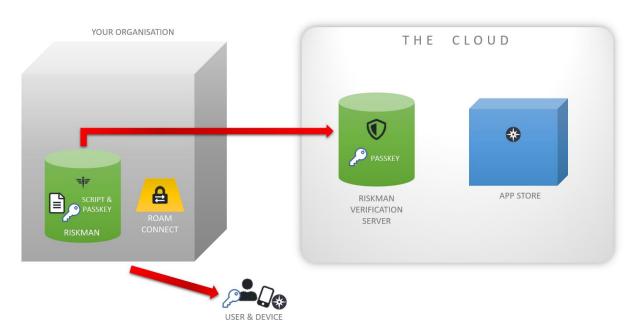
Above, we can see your organisation. Within your organisation is your **RiskMan system**, and **RoamConnect**.

In the cloud, you can see the **RVS**, and **app store**. Finally, there is a **user** with their **device**.

#### Step 2



The user needs to get **Roam** on to their device; they can either download it themselves from the respective **app store**, or your IT team can deploy it to company-owned devices.

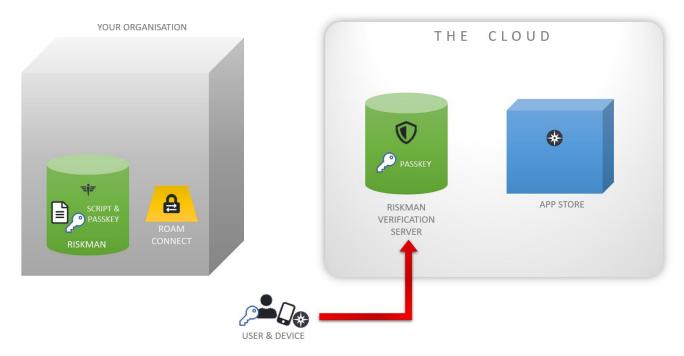


#### Step 3

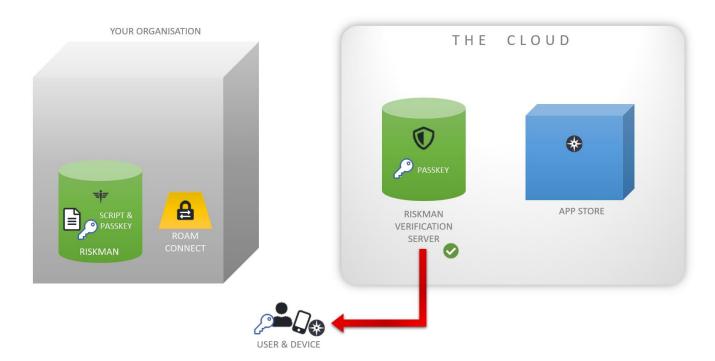
Once you have created your **script**, along with its **passkey**, you will publish it. The **passkey** will be sent to the **RVS**.

You will also need to send the passkey to the user.

#### Step 4



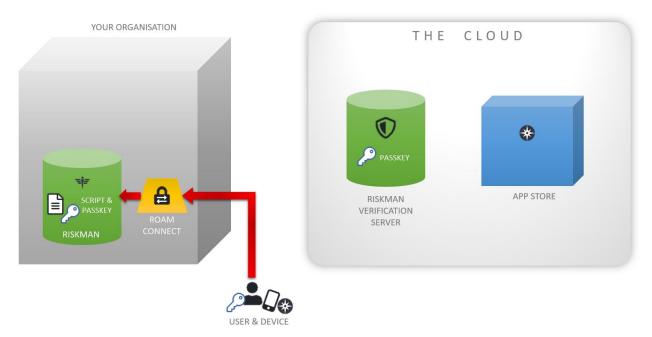
The user will then enter the **passkey** and their login details into the **Roam app**. The app talks to the **RVS** to check that the passkeys match.



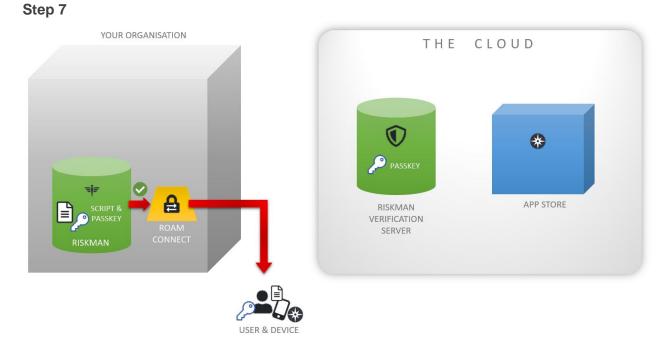
Once verified, the **RVS** sends the app on the user's device the information required to talk to **RoamConnect** in your organisation.

#### Step 6

Step 5



The **app** then talks to **RoamConnect** in your organisation to verify their username and password.



Once the credentials are verified, the **script** is downloaded to the **user's device** and they are ready to go.

#### Please note that steps 4 to 7 usually take just a few seconds to complete!

When the user has new records to transmit, the app will talk to RoamConnect securely to send that information to your RiskMan system. Users can capture new records when they are offline; they will be stored on their device and transmitted when they next have an active data connection (be it WiFi or cellular).

# About the Roam app

The Roam app is available for iOS (Apple) and Android devices. The app can be found and downloaded to your device by searching for "riskman roam" or even just "roam" in your preferred app marketplace. There is no charge to download and use the app.



The app is designed so that the user experience between iOS and Android devices is essentially identical.

The minimum operating system requirements to use Roam on a mobile device are:

- **iOS 14** for Apple devices
- Android 13 Tiramisu (Version 13.0), API 33 for Android devices

Though the app can be freely downloaded and installed on a device, users will not be able to capture any data until you have setup and deployed your required script(s) using the Roam Script Builder.

## Registering to use the app

After Roam is installed on a mobile device, users will need the following to authenticate themselves before they can capture data:

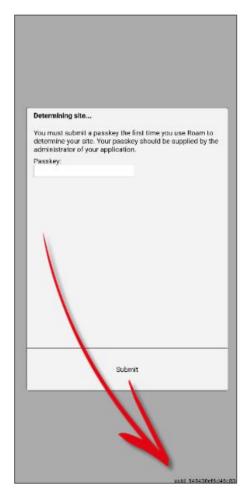
 Passkey – a unique text string that identifies a user as belonging to your organisation, and subsequently allows the app to use your RoamConnect service via the internet. The passkey is defined by you and needs to be provided to all staff who wish to use the app.

	e	
Unregistered dev	ce detected	
You must sign in Passkey:	the first time you use Riskman Roa	m.
Username:		
Password:		

• **Username & Password** – the user's existing username and password to login to RiskMan. The Universally Unique Identifier (uuid) for a device is now shown on the login splash page.

 The Universally Unique Identifier (uuid) – Users may sometimes experience difficulties registering their device when entering a Passkey, especially if the device has been registered before when using ROAM, and the Passkey is now different. It is now possible to obtain the device Universally Unique Identifier (uuid) on the Passkey login page to provide to Administrators who can manage device registrations.

Once a user has successfully registered their device, they no longer need to sign in when they want to use the app.



# Passkey information is visible in a Script Properties information rollover in script builder

It is now possible to see the **Pass key** details when rolling over the ① Information button in the Roam Pathbuilder in basic mode.

				۶A	
	Script Prop	perties			
Build(Unpublished)	: 100003				
Organisation Name	Education - V20.10.03				
Pass key	Education-V20.10.03_E97F				
Description	Education - V20.10.03 script				
Web Service URL	https://sites.riskman.net.au/Riskn	man_Traini	ngDemoROAMWebse	ervices_V2	00103/
	Edit Script Pr	Properties			

## The Passkey is visible in the script builder table

Previously it was necessary to go to the information icon in advanced builder to see the Passkey. Now the Passkey is contained within the script builder table for Roam

	Build	Passkey	Organization	Active	Description	
	100000		NewScript		Create New Script	+
Θ	100002	Education-V20.10.03_E97F	Education - V20.10.03	~	Education - V20.10.03 script	/ 🗋 🕹 🕄

## Deregister a mobile device

System Administrators may deregister a user's device through management of the user's Profile. Roam will not work unless a user Profile is activate on the Riskman system. When a profile is **deleted** or **expired** the user's device will no longer be registered for the Roam app.

This means that even if the user retained the app on their device, they will not be able to connect with the Client's Riskman ROAM service and therefore not enter any records.

To deactivate a user's device without removing their profile, this can be managed via *Administration* > *List and Code Maintenance* > *Mobile Device Registration.* An example of a time you would want to do this is if the user misplaced their device.

		2			_		6		6		
Device Id	۴	Username 🕈	P	IsEnabled 👻 💡		Deregistered 📍 🕴		Ŷ	Expiry	۴	0
	۴		Ŷ	-	-	•		۴		Ŷ	
1cdf70d179fa13d4		Manager		V		False	10B41D4A-AAB6-40C3-BEE4- 70C361A4F27A		Jun 30 2021 5:06AM		ŵ
40CC8B52-B2EB-4E62-A6BB- 0EE71742BDDE		Manager		V		True	4B32F5F5-ADBB-4A87-8177- 4A62D5D50094		Jun 30 2021 4:55AM		面
53A21BA0-0E6D-479D-9175- 37430555A10B		Manager		V		False	539C31B1-B32F-4160-9B4B- A93EFAE41F7B		May 5 2021 6:28AM		面
545430ef6d46c835		Manager		V		True	F029D090-CF03-4F16-891F- ADF8A8651A75		May 4 2021 6:37AM		面
704B7E7F-EA23-4E57-98FD- C9F850B42A04		Manager		V		False	93348AF4-737C-4029-97FB- A5FF29A77A6C		Jun 29 2021 7:48AM		面
A0CC4BB1-F512-4DD6-9A76- 49CB9CED1CDC		Manager		V		True	974F38B7-1455-4C77-8572- 2BC096C11955		Jun 30 2021 4:44AM		面
CA1FDE40-0B09-43BC-A8AA- 5704C656B3A7		Manager		V		True	7CFA946A-49C7-4600-ABC2- B11370EA8521		Jun 7 2021 3:05AM		面
♥ Create Filter											

- This is the key identifier of the mobile device. The user is able to find their device ID in the Roam app. Click on the cog icon with in the app to display the device ID
- 2 This is the signed in user. This is helpful to find the device that is to be deregistered
- Our contract of the device. The device cannot be reactivated/re-registered once it has been disabled
- Flag indicating if the device has been deregistered. Re-registering the device will make it active (reactivated)
- S Read-only unique identifier used for security check purposes

O The duration in which the device is to remain active. Expiry is calculated based on the Global Setting "How many hour(s) before Mobile Devices expire?" and login may be required when a device is expired. This is also read-only

To deregister a device, make sure that you "untick" **is enabled** for that device. After a period of 5 to 10 minutes, this setting should take effect.

# **ROAM** app Interface

There are four interface screens and the form available once you have logged into a script.

# Roam Script Builder: Defining your users' experience

You are in total control of what users will see when they use the app – you can make the experience a good one, or you can make it a poor one.

We're going to use a reasonably simple incident register throughout this document to explain how to use the Roam Script Builder.

As mentioned earlier in this document, in many situations you will not want to force the users to capture *all* of the fields they would need to complete if they were entering data via a computer.

The incident entry form, as seen by Default users, is shown to the right. With almost 40 fields being shown, and the majority of them mandatory, it can be argued that forcing the user to complete all of them on a mobile device would be onerous and/or time-consuming.

		Incider	it Entry		
	*	Submit this form to ou will be able to modify th	record the incident. is page once it is submitted.		
Who is Reporting the Incident					
Reporter's Name			Reporter's Position		~
Contact Phone Are you Entering this Incident on	Yes O No O				
Behalf of Another Person?					
Who/What Was Affected?					
Incident Involved	Patient	×	NHI #		Fetch
First Name Date of Birth	11		Surname		
Gender		<b>V</b>	Age		
Ethnicity		~			
Street Suburb/City					
Postcode			Country	New Zealand	~
Admission Date			Discharge Date		
Reason for Admission/Visit					
Admitting Specialist			Anaesthetist		
Funders		×			
Others Involved / Witnessos					
Add Other Involved / Witness					
Where Did It Happen?					
Site Department		> >			
Location of incident		*			
When Did It Happen?					
Incident Date			Incident Time	0	
Type of Incident					
Click here to select the type of in Type of incident	scident				
What Happened?	1				
Summary	-				*
Details					
					4
Was this a Near Miss? Did the Incident Result in Harm?	Yes O No 🖲				
Describe Immediate Action	IS O NO O				- 7
Taken					
Transfer Required		Y			
Journal Entries					
DateCreated Journal Type	Description	Follow Up Alloca	ited To	Follow Up By Date Item Actio	med
Documents					
Add Document					

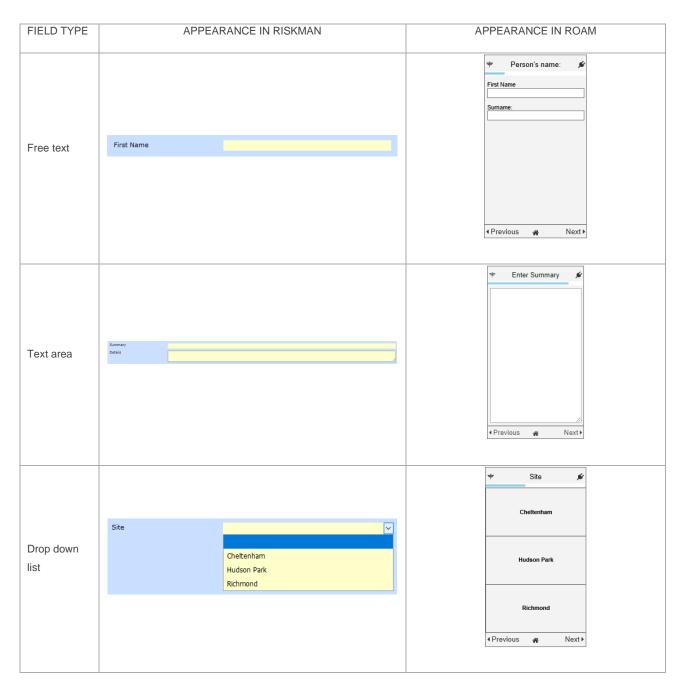
Instead, we want to specify that only certain fields need to be entered via the app - therefore, preparation is key.

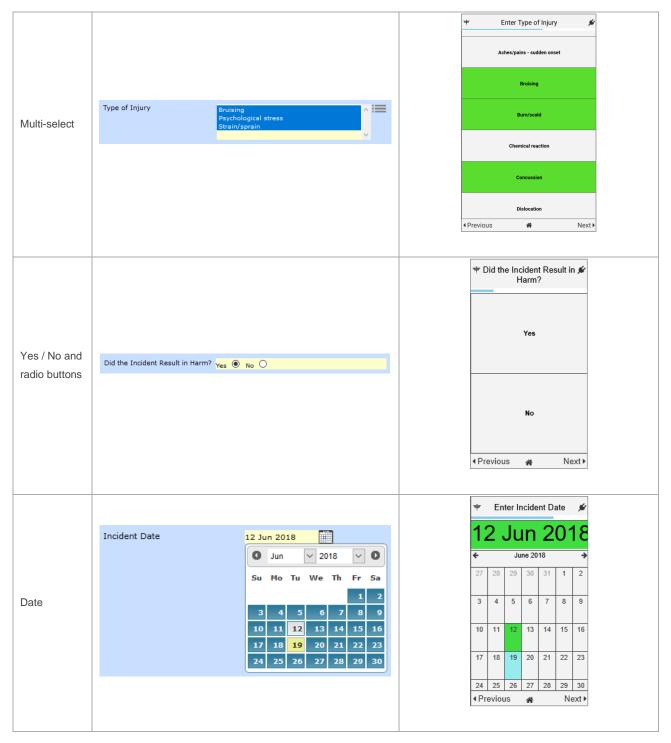
In situations like this, we'd strongly recommend that you <u>do not start in the Script Builder</u>; rather, start with the actual data entry form. Scan through all the fields and make a list of the fields that you want in the app.

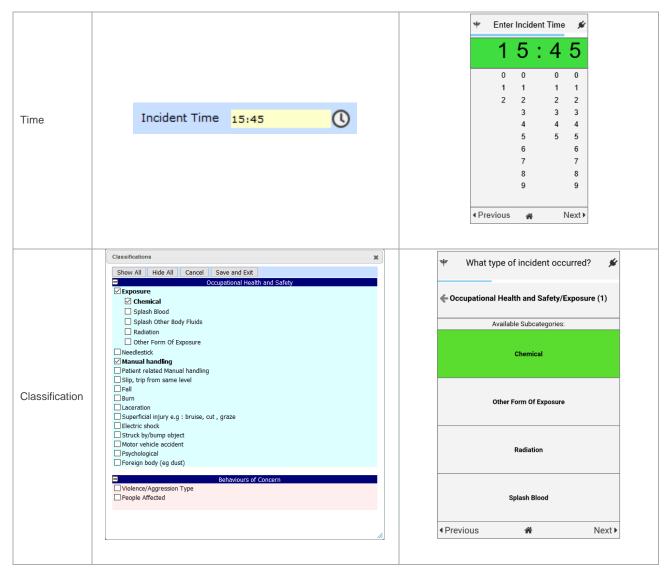
Having a goal to work towards will make the process of using the Script Builder much easier.

# Which field types are supported in the Roam app?

The following fields can be included in scripts that you create:







The following field types currently can't be utilised in a Roam script:

- Subforms
- Journals
- Associated risks
- Any other multi-select pop up screens
- Visual selection tools, e.g., the body part selector

# THE SCRIPT BUILDER INTERFACE

## Script Versions page

To access the Roam Pathbuilder, a user must have the following user permission:

• General > Administrative Permissions > Can manage Roam Script Builder

Access the Roam Script Builder by navigating to Administration > Roam > Roam Script Builder.

The first thing you will see is the Script Versions Page:

B 🖌	My Workspace	•	Manager	nent 🔹 Administration 👻	Analysis + Help +	Log Out	:		USER: System Manager (Man
				I	Manage Script V	/ersio	Enter 1	filter criteria	<b>T</b>
Editing a scrip versions.	pt and saving or p	oublis	hing the ch				. You may also edit a script by clickin is of a particular script use the arrow	· ·	
			Build	Passkey	Organization	Active	Description		
	- 1		100000		NewScript		Create New Script	+	
		Θ	100004	Education-V20.10.03_E97F	Education - V20.10.03	<b>~</b>	Education - V20.10.03 script	1 0 0 0	

• This table is empty in the beginning but is where the scripts you create will be stored. We'll explain the meaning of each column in the table after we've created a basic script.

2 The info icon shows and hides the help text in the white box at the top of the page.

Later, once we have at least one script saved, there will be further options available on this page.

To create a new script, click the + icon in the first row of the table:

E	Build	Passkey	Organization	Active	Description		
1	100000		NewScript		Create New Script	+	
<b>⊙</b> 1	100004	Education-V20.10.03_E97F	Education - V20.10.03	~	Education - V20.10.03 script	100	reate new so

# The script list is searchable

Scripts may be searched to quickly locate a script based upon a search term in the filter box. The GUID may also be used in the search function. The filtered results will stay in place until the search box is cleared.

1	٢	My Workspace	•	Manage	ment 🝷	Administratio	n -	Analysis 🔻	Help 🔻	Log Ou	t			USER: System Manag	jer (Manager
							I	Manage	Script	Versio	ons Enter	filter criteria		T	0
E	You may manage your script versions using the list below. Icons are available to edit, publish, and remove existing scripts. You may also edit a script by clicking on the scripts row. Editing a script and saving or publishing the changes will result in a new version (build) of the script. To see all the versions of a particular script use the arrow icon to the left of the row to show those versions. To create a new script click the row that states 'Create New Script'.														
				Build	Passke	У		Organizati	ion	Active	Description				
				100000				NewScript			Create New Script		+		
			Θ	100004	Educatio	on-V20.10.03_	E97F	Education -	- V20.10.0	3 🖌	Education - V20.10.03 script	1 🗅 🛆	0		

# **CREATING A BASIC, LINEAR PATH**

We're now going to look at creating a basic path to introduce you to the interface and basic functionality. Remember, we strongly recommend you only start using the Script Builder tool once you have identified all the fields that you want users to complete!

We're going to create a script, containing a path, which will allow users to capture incidents.

After reviewing the fields on the incident entry form, we've decided that we want the users to capture the following data:

- Reporter's name
- Incident Involved
- First name & Surname
- Site
- Department
- Location of incident
- Incident date, Incident time
- Type of incident
- Summary
- Ability to attach photographs

After clicking Create new script, the screen will appear as follows:

TRAINING SITE						
ielp 👻 Log Out			USER: Sys	tem Manag	er (Manager)	
Roam Pathbuilder						
operties						
or i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Roam Pathbuilder	Roam Pathbuilder	Roam Pathbuilder	Roam Pathbuilder       Image: Constraint of the second secon	Roam Pathbuilder       Image: Comparison of the second secon	

As you can see, the first thing we need to do before we can start creating paths is fill in the relevant Script Properties.

# **Script Properties**

All properties are mandatory unless stated otherwise.

## Site ID

This is automatically populated based on a setting in your system.

#### Pass key

This is the code that you will need to communicate to your users. A generic passkey is automatically populated; however, you can create your own. The passkey is **not** case-sensitive.

#### **Organisation Name**

Automatically populated from a Global Setting in your system.

Site ID:		
10055		
Pass key:		
Train2021		*
Organisation Name:		
Education - V21.06.00	)	
Description:		
Script build for Incider	nt and FB	
Web Service URL:		
https://sites.riskman.n	et.au/Riskman_TrainingDemoROAMWebs	
Support Contact:		
Riskman Incident Not	fication	
Support Email:		
<enter organisation's<="" td=""><td>contact's email address&gt;</td><td></td></enter>	contact's email address>	
Support Phone:		
<enter organisation's<="" td=""><td>contact's phone number&gt;</td><td></td></enter>	contact's phone number>	
300	Page Change Speed (ms)	
300	Dialog Popup Speed (ms)	
30000	Polling Speed (ms)	
100	Build Change Pulse (poll ticks)	
30	Registered User Pulse (poll ticks)	

#### Description

A short description of the purpose of this script. This description is shown on the Script Versions page.

#### Web Service URL

This is the URL the app needs to connect to for your users to transmit their data. This URL should be provided to you by your IT team <u>after</u> they have finished setting up all required modifications on your server.

#### Support Contact, Email, and Phone

These properties are not yet implemented in the app, but once they are, they will form the basis of what happens when a user asks for help via the app. These details will be displayed so that the user can act.

The Additional Function Clear Queue is visible on the device once the device updates.

#### Note

The following properties will generally be fine with their default values. It's only likely you will need to change them when advised to by RiskMan.

#### Page Change Speed

The speed in milliseconds for the 'page change' effect (when moving from one screen to the next). The default value of 300ms should be fine in most circumstances. A lower value will make the page change quicker.

#### **Dialog Popup Speed**

The speed in milliseconds for a dialog box to animate. The default value of 300ms should be fine in most circumstances. A lower value will make the dialog popup effect appear quicker.

#### **Polling Speed**

"Polling" is when the app and RoamConnect will periodically talk to each other to see if a user is connected. The Polling Speed is the speed in milliseconds between checks. A higher value will decrease the server load. The optimal value is around 30000 (30 seconds). A lower value (i.e. more frequent polling) could affect the battery usage of a user's device. If you get feedback from users saying that Roam is using a high amount of battery, you can consider increasing this value. Please note that the subsequent settings rely on the polling speed, so for example setting polling speed to

60000 (60 seconds) means that the functionality attached to the following settings will take twice as long to execute.

### Build Change Pulse (poll ticks)

If you make changes to a script, users will need to update their app. The Build Change Pulse is the setting that tells the app how frequently it should check with RoamConnect to see if the script on the user's phone is up to date. A higher value will decrease server load. The optimal value is around 1200.

#### Registered User Pulse (poll ticks)

The app will periodically check with RoamConnect to see if a user is still registered – that is, their RiskMan user profile is active (not deleted or expired). This is an important check to perform, as a user might have left your organisation, however, may still have the app, and your script, on their device. The Registered User Pulse is the setting that tells the app how frequently it should check with RoamConnect to verify if a user is registered or not. A higher value will decrease the server load. The optimal value is around 120.

#### Authentication Wait Pulse (poll ticks)

Roam will periodically request the user to authenticate their username and password. When asked to do this, the user can opt to tap "Later" if they didn't want to do it right then. This setting controls how long it will take to ask the user to authenticate after tapping "Later".

#### Import Registry Pulse (poll ticks)

This setting controls how often the app will attempt to transmit new records saved on the device to RoamConnect, so that the data can be added as new records in your RiskMan system. A higher value will decrease the server load. The optimal value is around 600.

Once you have entered all the required script properties, click the **Save** button to start creating a path!

These settings are only available upon initial build of the script. To access the settings after you save the initial script property settings have been saved, you must work in Advanced mode. This will require an authentication code to access. Please contact RiskMan Support on +61 3 9686 5456 or via <u>noreply.SupportHUB@rldarix.com</u> to obtain help with this feature.

# The Path Builder screen

		<b>Training Site</b>	TRAINING SITE	<b>L)</b> RLDatix <sup>-</sup>
🔹 📀 My Worksp	oace 🔻 Managem	ent 👻 Administration 👻 A	nalysis 🔻 Help 👻 Log Out	USER: System Manager (Manager)
	<b>6</b> #	Ro	Dam Pathbuilder Education - V20.10.03 script	•
tig C Incide Risk	nt 🗨	Piesse confirm all details are correct before submitting:	Finish	
	Next >	Submit! All details are correct Previous		
Select a function	on 🗸	Select a function V		

This is the Path Builder screen. Like many other parts of RiskMan, you'll notice there is a toolbar up the top, with functionality icons on the left- and right-hand sides. The most essential ones are:

Bave the script

**D** Undo your last action



Return to the Script Versions page

Switch to Advanced mode (covered later in this guide)

Show some basic Information about the script

Show all Paths as a tree

We'll explain the other icons as they become relevant to what we're doing.

Beneath the toolbar, you can see there are two simulated Roam screens, to give you an idea of what each step in your path will look like. These are the first and last screens in your path - the register selection screen, and the final step, asking the user to confirm that all details are correct before submitting a new record. As you add new steps in your path, you will see more simulated screens representing each step, which will be displayed horizontally. Under each simulated screen, you can see a drop-down box. This contains various functionality to modify each step in some way.

# Working with the first step

You may notice a small floating label which asks you to select a register to get started.

Before doing so, notice that in our example there are 4 registers to choose from.

What if you weren't intending to use Roam to record quality activities? Or any of the other registers?

Fortunately, you can remove registers from this screen if you aren't going to use Roam to capture data for them. Let's say we only want to use Roam to record incidents, and risks and hazards.

## **1.1.1** Removing a register from the Start screen

Click the **Select a function...** drop down under the Start screen and select **Limit Visible Registers**.

A small dialog will appear:



Use this multi-select list to specify which registers should be available to users when they use Roam. The result:

✤ I need to record a new	ew 🖋
Incident	
Risk/Hazard	
ñ	Next •

Ŧ	☞ I need to red	☞ I need to record a new 🖋			
Start	Incident	Quality Activity	(		
	Risk/Hazard	Feedback			
	4	≱ Next≯			
[	Select a function				

It should also be noted that the list of available registers will also be filtered based on a user's individual profile permissions. For example, if you opted to show the quality activity register, but a user didn't have permission to that register in RiskMan, then that same rule will be obeyed by Roam and user will not see it.

We'll now click on the Incident value to start the path for the incident register:



Now that we've selected the incident register, every subsequent step we add to the path will be for the incident register.

## **1.1.2** Adding the first step to your path

To add a step to your path, click the plus icon in between the two screens:

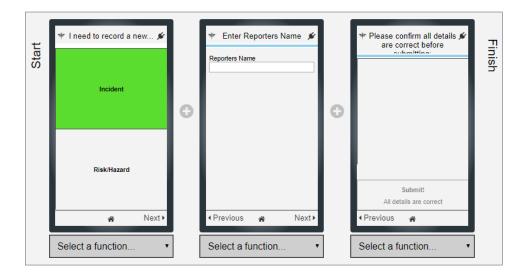


This will show you a drop-down box with all the fields that can be added to your path:

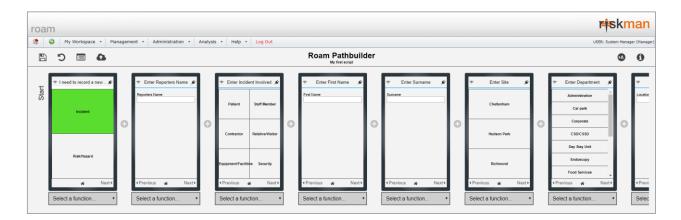
Please select a step from the list to insert before this position	n	
(1) Enter Photos of Environment		
	Insert	Cancel

Open the drop-down box to find the field you want to add. You can also type the name of a field, and the list will be filtered as you type. Select your desired field and click the **Insert** button.

The first field we'll add in this example will be **Reporter's Name**. Now, the screen looks like this:



Repeating this to add all the fields we listed on page 9, our complete path looks like this:



We can scroll horizontally to see the entirety of our linear path.

## Ways you can modify a step

The following options are available in the drop-down box beneath each step:

**Insert step before** inserts a new step to the left of the selected one.

**Replace this step** allows you to replace the current step with a new one, without affecting the rest of the path.

**Edit this step** provides you with a variety of options, depending on the type of field in question. We'll look at examples of this on the next page.

**Remove this step** removes the current step without affecting the rest of the path.

**Copy path after** copies the rest of the steps in the path after the selected one, which allows you to paste it in an alternative path.

Add new navigation and Clear this navigation will be explained later.

## Properties common to every step

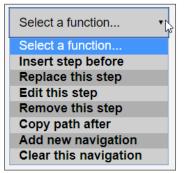
#### 1.1.3 The ID Field

Every step that you add to every path needs to have an individual ID number. As you can see, an ID number is generated by default, which follows the pattern of [Register name]\_[Field name]\_[Random number]. There generally should be no need to replace this ID value.

#### **1.1.4** Changing the title of a step

The default title for each step in your path is simply "Enter [field name]". In some cases, you may wish to modify the title, either because it doesn't make sense, or perhaps to shorten the length of the title.

To edit the title of a step, click its respective dropdown box and select **Edit this step**. We're going to change the title for our Site step. The **Edit Step** dialog box appears:



Previous 🏘 Next 🕨	Edit Step 0
	ld:
Select a function •	Incidents_Site_51604
Select a function	Step Title:
nsert step before	Enter Site
Replace this step	AndrewsList 0
Edit this step 🚤	
Remove this step	User can skip this field Allow searching of list
Copy path after	Selection Type: Selection Style:
dd new navigation	Single-select   Multi-column
Clear this navigation	Cancel Save

In the **Question** field, you can modify the text that appears at the top of a step. We're going to change the text to read *Where did it happen?* Then click **Save** to see your changes:

☞ Where did it happen?	*			
Chettenham				
Hudson Park				
Richmond				
• Previous 🐐 Ne	ext⊧			

## 1.1.5 What happens when the title of a step is very long?

Sometimes it isn't possible to shorten the title of a step, for example, an audit question.

The space for a step title can expand, but only to a certain point. If there are more characters in a step than can be displayed, the remainder of the characters will be truncated:

The presence of the ellipsis lets you know that there is more text in the title. **Tap** the title itself to see the whole thing:



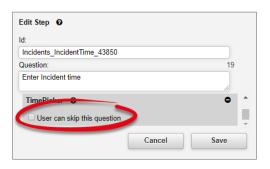
There is no practically enforced maximum number of characters for a step title.

		or sit amet, 🖋 scing elit
Full Title		
adipiscing eli		et, consectetur situdin ex nunc, pharetra ac?
	Ok	
	*	Next⊧
_		

## 1.1.6 Making a step optional

By default, every step that you add to a path is <u>mandatory</u>. If desired, you can make a step optional. To do this, check the box marked **User can skip this question**.

This will allow the user to tap the **Next** button at the bottom of their screen without having completed the question:





# Properties unique to free text fields

Ψ	Enter	First Na	me	¥
First N	ame			_
<ul> <li>Prev</li> </ul>	lous	ñ	Ne	ext⊧

## 1.1.7 Modify the field label

Every step has a title, but when your step contains a free text field, there is also a field label. In the example above, you can see the label reads "First Name". This text can be modified as shown here:

Edit Step 🛛			
ld:			
Incidents_FirstName_65233			
Step Title:			
Enter First name			
InputField O		•	٠
User can skip this field			i.
Label:			
First name			
			_
	Cancel	Save	

## **1.1.8** Put multiple text entry fields in the one step



In the current path, we have added two steps – First Name and Surname. Instead of having two steps with single free text fields, you can add multiple free text fields to the one step.

To do this, we're going to **edit** the **First Name** step, and click the **(+)** icon indicated:

This adds a second dark grey area, where we can specify another free text field that we want included in this step:

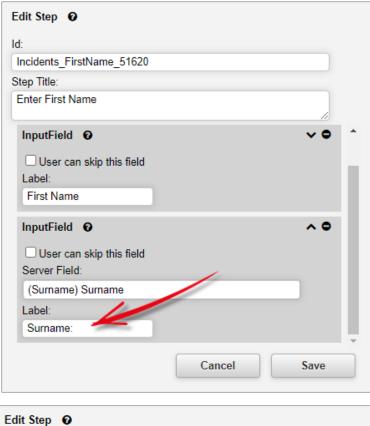
From the **Server Field** drop down box, we'll find the correct **Surname** field. The Select Server filed is searchable. Type the first three letters of the field for which you are looking:

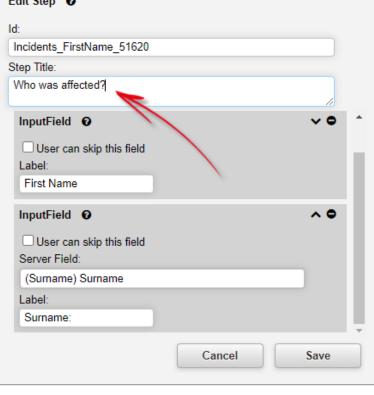
Edit Step 🛛		
ld:		
Incidents_FirstName_51620		
Step Title:		
Enter First Name		
Controls:		InputField ~ O
InputField 0		•
User can skip this field		-
	Cancel	Save

Edit Step Ø		
ld:		
Incidents_FirstName_51620		
Step Title:		
Enter First Name		
InputField O		~ •
User can skip this field		
Label:		
First Name		
InputField O		~ •
User can skip this field		
Server Field:	/	
Select a value		
Surn		0
(Surname) Surname		-
	Cancel	Save

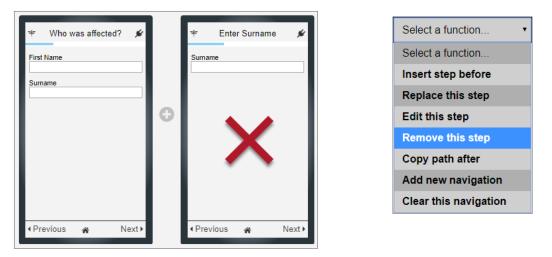
And, we'll leave the label as its default of **Surname**:

To make this step complete, we'll modify its **Question** to be something more appropriate:





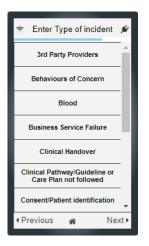




The result is shown here. Now we can remove the **Surname** step altogether, seeing as it is no longer needed.

# Properties unique to list fields

#### 1.1.9 Make a list field single-select or multi-select



You can set whether a user can choose only one, or multiple values in list fields. In the **Edit Step** dialog, you will see a drop-down list called **Selection Type**:

Edit Step 🛛	
ld:	
Incidents_Classification_21258	
Step Title:	
Enter Type of incident	
AndrewsCategoryList O	• ^
Selection Type:	Selection Style:
Multi-select	Multi-column 🔻
Single-select	Cancel Save
Multi-select	

### **1.1.10** Change the way the list is presented to the user

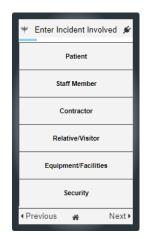
👻 Enter Incident Involved 🖋			
Patient	Staff Member		
Contractor	Relative/Visitor		
Equipment/Faciliti	es Security		
• Previous 🛛	Next ►		

As you may have noticed, Roam will change the layout of a list to make the best use of the device's screen, depending on whether the screen is in portrait or landscape orientation.

The default method of showing lists with 4 or more values is to use multiple columns when there is an even number of values in that list, as shown in the example above. Sometimes, depending on the content of the list (the text length of the values in that list), you can opt to force the list to be always displayed in a single column. In the Edit this step dialog, you will find a drop-down list called **Selection Style**:

Edit Step 🛛		
ld: Incidents_Incident_Location_9175 Step Title: Enter Department	58	
AndrewsList O User can skip this field Allow searching of list Selection Type: Single-select	Selection Style: Multi-column (Alternate) V Multi-column	Save
	Single-column Multi-column (Alternate)	

The default is **Multi-column**, however if you change it to **Single column**, the values will appear in one column:



There is also another value, **Multi-column (Alternate)**, which may be suited to use on larger devices like tablets; a bit of experimentation might be in need to see which you prefer.

# Allowing the user to attach photos to the record

There is a step available to add to a path which allows the user to take a photo and attach it or upload an existing photo from their device. Roam will automatically compress or resize image files which are too large (because mobile devices can take photos at increasingly high resolutions, meaning very large file sizes). At present it is not possible to take and attach video, however we will be exploring this for a future release.

This feature must be configured in List & Code Maintenance before you can use it in Roam. To do this:

- 1. Navigate to Administration > List & Codes Maintenance.
- 2. Search for **roam** in the search box.

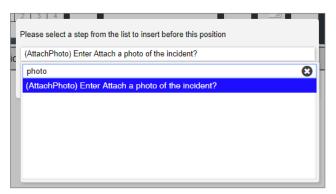
List Name:	roam	-
	List Caption	Records Found
	(Feedback) Roam Uploads List	0
	(Incident) Roam Uploads List	2
	(Quality Activity) Roam Uploads List	0
	(Risk/Hazard) Roam Uploads List	0

- 3. Select the register that you want attachments to be enabled for. In our case, we chose the Incident upload list.
- 4. Click the **B** icon in the toolbar to add a new row.
- 5. There are 5 properties that need to be configured:
  - **Field Name**: You must create a unique name in the database for your attachment step here.
  - Field Caption: This is the step title as it will appear in the Roam editor.
  - **Field Type**: There is only one value in this drop-down list (image\_array). You must select this.
  - **Upload Type**: Here you can determine if the user should be able to attach multiple images, or just one.
  - **IsEnabled**: Makes the step visible in Roam.
  - Our completed entry looks like this:

Field Name 💡	Field Caption 💡	Field Type 💡	Upload Type 🛛 🕈	IsEnabled 💡	•
AttachPhoto	Attach a photo of the incident?	image_array	MultipleDocUpload		Ŵ
♥ <u>Create Filter</u>					

6. Click the ♥ icon in the toolbar to save your changes.

You will now be able to add this as a step in Roam. To do so, click the icon as you usually would. Search for the caption you set in step 5 and your entry will appear:



You can then modify the step properties as with any other step. Image attachments will appear in the **Documents** section of the form when you view the record on a computer:

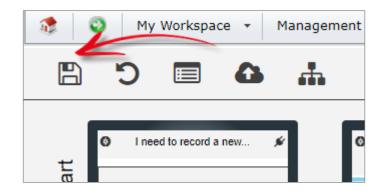
ocuments						
	Add Document					
		Attached I	Documents			
ID	Document Name	Description	Date Attached	Attached by	Size (KB)	Actions
500026	1531466851368.jpg	Mobile upload for AttachPhoto	13/07/2018 5:27:25 PM	System Manager (Manager)	416	• <b>6</b> 🕯

# **ONCE YOU HAVE FINISHED CREATING PATHS**

Once you have finished creating all the various paths you want, follow these steps to get the script on to your device.

# Save the script

Click the 🖺 icon in the toolbar to save your script. You will then be taken back to the **Manage Script Versions** page.



## Publish your script

Publishing your script means it will be available to users to download to their devices.

To do so, click the 📤 icon in the toolbar.

	Build	Passkey	Organization	Active	Description	
	100000		NewScript		Create New Script	+
Θ	100005	Education-V20.10.03_E97F	Education - V20.10.03	×	Education - V20.10.03 script	1 203

(If you need to remove the script for any reason, just click its 🔕 icon to **unpublish** it.)

# Test your script

It is a good idea to test your script prior to informing users that it is available to download. If possible, perhaps even create a script on your test or training environment for this purpose.

### 1.1.11 Download the script to your device

The first time you open the Roam app, you will be prompted to enter your credentials. After entering your credentials, tap **Sign In**.

Roam will attempt to authenticate your credentials; when this is successfully completed, Roam will download your script.

There are many variables which will affect how quickly the script takes to be downloaded to your device.

Generally, it will be quite fast (2 or 3 seconds), however it wouldn't be unusual for it to take 10 seconds or so.

Unregistered device det	ected
You must sign in the first	t time you use Riskman Roam.
Passkey:	
Genericroam_35e3	
Username:	
Manager	
Password:	
•••••	
	Sign In

### 1.1.12 Enter a new record

Once the script has been successfully downloaded to your device, you will land on the **My Records** screen.

This contains a list of records you have created using Roam, which is of course empty at this point.

Tap Add New to try out your new script!

We recommend entering several new records, testing all of the different fields in the path you created, ensuring everything behaves as you would expect.

If possible, test your script on different devices.

As you use the app with your script, you might realise that you want to do things such as change the way certain lists are displayed, change the order of the steps to flow more logically, or remove unwanted steps altogether.

When you submit your first record, you will land back on the My Records screen.

You'll notice your record is listed now, and there is also a column in the list named Status.

This column contains a colour-coded tick icon, and lets you know when your record has successfully been transmitted to your actual RiskMan system.

If the tick is grey, the record has not yet been transmitted to your RiskMan system.

₹.	My Records	ý
Record Type	Entered	Status
Incident	13 Jul 2018	0

The tick will turn green to indicate that the record has been transmitted to your RiskMan system.

₽	My Records	ý
Record Type Incident	Entered 13 Jul 2018	Status



## 1.1.13 Review the transmitted record(s) in RiskMan

Log in to your RiskMan system to review the data you recorded via Roam.

Notice that in the **Review History** of the record, the first entry states that it was originally submitted via Roam:

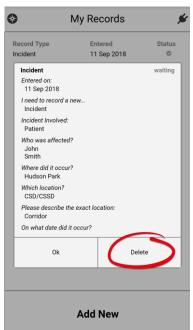
	Save (without Posting)	Post	
	Save any changes you have made to this Incident, and return to the Inbox.	Update any changes made to this posted record. ✓ A copy of the updated form will be available to all Authorised Users. €	
	Save	Post	
Review History			
Date 🔺 User	Notes		
13 Jul 2018 17:37 System !	lanager (Manager) Created the incident item via Roam		

## 1.1.14 Deleting a record from the app

If you tap a record in your My Records list, you can view (but not edit) its contents. There is also a delete button.

If you delete a record from the app which <u>has</u> already been transmitted to your RiskMan system, **the record in your RiskMan system will not be affected**.

If you delete a record from the app which <u>has not</u> yet been transmitted, **it is permanently lost**.



## Prompting users to complete a record after submitting via Roam

Remember that in our example script, we ended up with 11 steps in our path. However, a default user would need to complete several more mandatory fields than this if they submitted an incident by using RiskMan on a computer (In other cases, all relevant fields might be completed via the app, e.g., an audit).

If this is the situation you find yourself in, we would recommend configuring an alert which prompts the original reporter to log in to RiskMan via computer and complete the remaining mandatory fields on the form.

Let's look at how the alert setup would be done over the next few pages (Any setting that is not explicitly mentioned can be assumed to be left at its default setting).

### 1.1.15 Alert Details

0			Details	
	If you n	eed further information, please refer to the Alert Management G	uide in the help menu. If you encounter difficult	ies or errors, please contact RiskMan Support.
:=	Alert Name	Please complete your incident	Current Alert Status:	OFF OFF
DETAILS	Purpose / Description:	When a user submits an incident via Roam, this alert will	Alert ID:	New Alert
RULES		remind them to complete the rest of the incident form. Sends first notification 3 days after the date it was reported.	Alert GUID	Not yet generated, save the alert.
<b>O</b> <sup>o</sup>			Alert Information	
CONDITIONS			A new Alert that has not ye	et been saved.
	Alert Categorisation	No Alert categories have been defined		
RECIPIENTS	Please select a suitable folder for this alert. In turn, you can			
	display these folders as columns on your Alert			
SCHEDULE	Management page, enabling you to sort, group, and filter			
&	your list of alerts by these values.			
PROCESSES	Especially useful in systems where there are a large number of alerts.			

As always, enter a meaningful name and description for the alert so that other administrators know exactly what the alert is designed to do.

## 1.1.16 Alert Rules

	1		Desta a
			Rules
INTRODUCTION	If you need further inform	nation, please refer to the Alert Management Guide	in the help menu. If you encounter difficulties or errors, please contact RiskMan Support.
	Alert Method		
DETAILS	This setting determines when the items should be check setting you want to use to select it.	ked, and thus the alert triggered. Click the	Settings
RULES	Check each item when it is saved.	When the user enters a new item, or when an existing item is modified, the alert will run, and trigger if all the conditions are met. This is the most common method.	Should this alert be triggered as soon as an item is entered, or should it only trigger once there is a posted version?
			O Trigger on the unposted record
RECIPIENTS	Can all items periodically	The alert scans all items at the interval you specify (eg. Every 5 days), and triggers for each item that matches the conditions you specify. Usually used when you are creating a 'reminder' alert.	Wait until there is a posted version before triggering     Would you like this alert to trigger only the FIRST time it meets the conditions? Or
			would you like its origger EVERY time an item is saved and meets the conditions?
	Trigger the alert once a threshold has been exceeded	The alert will monitor for the type of item that you specify, but will not trigger until the count of that type of item has exceeded your pre-determined threshold within a given timeframe.	<ul> <li>Trigger only the first time for each recipient</li> <li>Orrigger every time an item is saved and meets the conditions, for each recipient</li> </ul>
SCHEDULE			<ul> <li>Trigger only once per item (usually only for Process alerts)</li> </ul>
-			
PROCESSES			Email Notifications
			4 Send an email every time the conditions are satisfied

• The Alert Method needs to be set to **Scan all items periodically**.

If the target register uses posting, we recommend setting the alert to Trigger on the unposted record.

• Because we want the user to be reminded more than once to complete the record, we will set the alert to **Trigger every time an item is saved and meets the conditions, for each recipient**.

• We want to Send an email!

### 1.1.17 Alert Conditions

6			Cor	nditions	
				order for the alert to trigger. You can add as many conditions as necessary. isting records there are which match the conditions you have added.	
DETAILS	Please enter a Descriptive name for these conditions:	Incident not complete	ed after submission via Roam		
RULES	The focus of this alert is Just Incidents		*	Select to add a related filter for	* Test Conditions
	detail Details	Where	Date Entered(Periodic)	)ays Since ≻= 3	E
RECIPIENTS	Details Of Counselling:	And	Created in ROAM? is equa	al to [select an option]	
		And	Details is empty		
SCHEDULE				+	

Here we will state what needs to happen for the alert to trigger.

As with every reminder alert, the first thing we need to define is *when do we want to start reminding the user*? In this case, we have said we want to start reminding the user 3 days after the incident was entered.

## 1.1.18 Alert Recipients

6		Recipients	
	Add a specific user as a recipient Type a name to search	The user who originally reported the record	面
DETAILS RULES	Add a user who appears in the Review History for each recordenat triggers this alert Select a user category	Note: To delete an alert recipient, click the rubbish bin icon at the right. The recipient name/type will be crossed out. When you save the alert, the recipient will be removed from the list. Clicking the icon again will cancel the delete.	
	Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username		

This part is simple; we need to select **The user who originally reported the record** from the field **Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert** 

### 1.1.19 Alert Email

6		EMail Notification
INTRODUCTION DETAILS RULES CONDITIONS	body - it will be inserted where your cursor is currently. Choose a Field:	mail Subject teminder: An incident you submitted via the Roam app needs to be completed mail Body
	Add Email Link to the body You may also include details about "related" information. This is where there are multiple sub- items that link to a parent item. A common example is Journals. To display this information in an email	If you could do this as soon as is practical. Thanks again! <u>Click Herr</u> to open the incident in RiskMan

Compose the email you want the users to receive, such as we've done in this example.

## 1.1.20 Alert Schedule

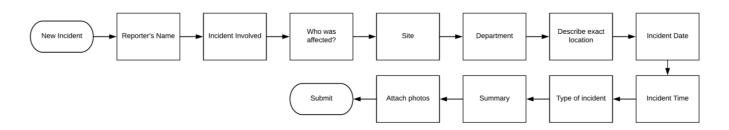
				S	Schee	dule							
How often shou	ld this alert be processed?												
Every:				Minute	H	our	Day	Wee	ek N	lonth	Yea	r	
Days of week		Saturday	Su	Inday	Mon	nday	Tues	day	Wedn	esday	Th	ursday	Friday
B Hours of the		00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11
Hours of the	lay:	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
ES			00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	
			10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
			20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
Minutes of th	hours:	ĺ	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	
			40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	
			50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	

The final step is to determine how often we want the user to receive a reminder email about an incomplete incident.

In the example above, we've set the schedule up so that the user is reminded twice a week (on Tuesdays and Thursdays), and the email should be sent at 10:30am.

# **NONLINEAR PATHS**

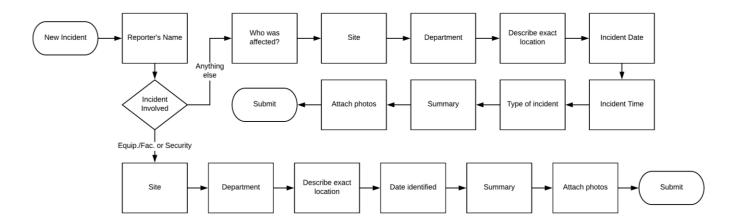
So far, we have kept things simple and just created a linear path – meaning that irrespective of the choices the user makes, they will always see the same fields in the same order.



But what if you wanted the user to collect different information based on different choices they make?

In our script, we ask the user to choose who was affected. In that list, we have two non-person values: Equipment/Facilities and Security. Because we created a fixed path, when the user selects either, they will be asked to choose the name of the person affected, which of course makes no sense. So, in much the same way as your incident form shows and hides various fields depending on the type of person or thing affected, you can create alternate paths, based on the values they choose when recording data.

With that in mind, we are going to create multiple paths which collect different information depending on the value selected in Incident Involved:



As you can see, we'll collect different information when the user is capturing a security or equipment/facilities-related incident.

## Copy a path

In our current circumstances, where we have two different paths which vary only slightly, one of the quickest ways to achieve our goal is to literally copy and paste the path and modify the new path as required.

The first step is to determine which step we want to copy from, which in this case, is **Incident Involved**. Click its drop-down box and select **Copy path after** (as shown to the right).

What you have just done is literally copied every step in the path after the Incident Involved step.

# Create a new navigation path

The next step is to determine which value(s) will present the user with an alternate path. In our case, we're going to start with Security, and click on it. When you do, you will be asked if you want to create a new navigation for that value:

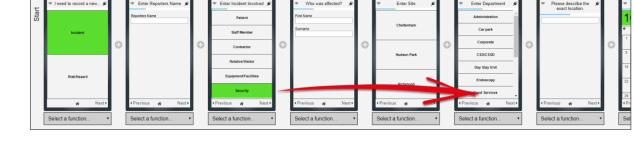
## Paste the path

After clicking **Yes**, you will see all the subsequent steps are removed, and only the Submit screen will follow.

Now you are free to go and add the fields you want the user to see when they tap **Security**, but in our case, we've copied the path, so let's paste it.

Click on the drop-down box for Incident Involved, and select **Paste path** after:

All the steps you copied before will be inserted after Incident Involved:







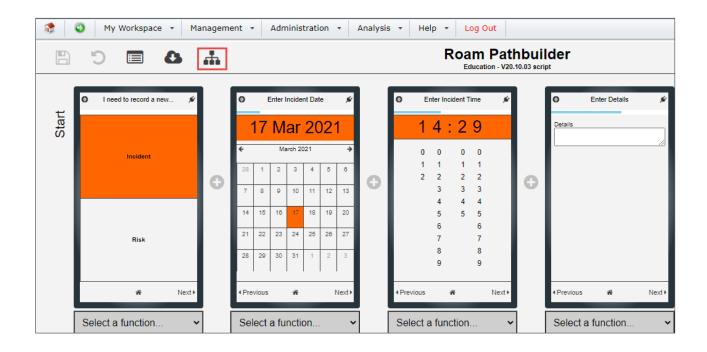


Now we can go and remove the steps that we don't need when the user is entering a security incident, and add any steps required for this path.

After defining the fields that should show for a security incident, we can go ahead and use the same copy and paste technique to add the same path when Equipment / Facilities is selected.

## Show All Paths as a tree

Show All Paths in a tree format is available in the tool bar in basic mode. Showing all paths in a tree format provides a visual overview of the pathways you have created for Users to select when entering a record.



Clicking the **Show All Paths as a Tree** icon in the toolbar will present a screen with a tree representation of the script pathways which have been built in the Roam script builder. This will assist when checking to ensure the required screens have been placed in the desired path location.

riskman Installation Incomplete				Hext	15991 New Edit: 19 Inbox: 16206
🔅 🧕 My Workspace 🔹 Management 🔹 Administration 🔹	Analysis + Help + Log Out				USER: System Manager (Manager)
		function out a new			
ident (Calendard erwerkender) Eder brack Eder brack Eder brackender Data and Frank Eder brackender Data and Frank Eder brackender Eder b	der Tidenskaldver-Viller Rechtert.	File Para code a Logi a constante en constante	dan Bahada Awali da dan	Intern Tabates dage	Plara e unifin al dada, me unita baine a unifing

The tree representation may not fit within the window so the contents may be zoomed in/out using the mouse wheel.

riskman Installation Incompleto			Bev: 15201 New Edits: 12 Inbox: 16205
🤹 🔕 My Workspace + Management + Administration + Analy	sis + Help + Log Out		USER: System Manager (Manager)
	I need to rec	ord a new	
return '{Submodule}'==='RMFeedback';	return '{Submodule}'==='RiskRegister';	return '{Submodule}'==='Quality';	retum '{Submodule}'==='NoSubForm
Please confirm all details are correct before submitting:	I Enter Type Of Risk	Please confirm all details are correct before submitting:	Please confirm all details are correct be submitting:
	Enter Location		
	Enter Risk Name		
9	Enter Estimated Cost of Breach	<u>i</u> .	
	Enter Risk Multiple Documents		
	Enter Risk Single Doc Upload		
	Please confirm all details are correct before submitting:		

The contents may be moved right/left/up/down by clicking the mouse, holding, and dragging the screen.

**RLDatix** 

### Roam & Roam Script Builder

riskman Installation Inc	omplete			Herr. 17	2201 New Edits: 12 Inbex: 16206
🔅 🧕 My Workspace + Management + Administrat	ion • Analysis • Help • Log Out				USER: System Manager (Manager
	return '{Submodule}'=	=='Incidents';		return '{Submodule}'==='RMFeedback';	return '{Submoo
	Enter Deta	ils	1	Please confirm all details are correct before submitting:	Enter
	Enter Incident Date	and Time		ė (	Ent
	Enter Incident in	nvolved			Ente
return '{IncidentIn	volved}'==='Hazard';	Enter Site	0		Enter Estima
	1	I		-	
Enter	Severity	Enter Location		ž l	Enter Risk I
President and a second se	Severity	Enter Type of incident		v v	Enter Risk
Enter		Litter Type of incident		× (	Enter Misk
Please confirm all d	etails are correct before	Enter Incident date		1	Please confirm all
sub	mitting:	T			sı
		Enter Incident time			
		I			
		Enter Supporting Documents			
	_				
		Please confirm all details are correct submitting:	before		

The tree view may be exported to a .png file by clicking the export button at the top right of the screen.

The screen may be closed by clicking the X button

### The other values for Incident Involved will all follow the original path.

As you can probably tell, this means there are myriad ways you could define different paths depending on the selections the user makes. Because of this, we strongly recommend you define all of this *before* you attempt to build your script.





Export

return '{Submod

# EDITING A SCRIPT IN ADVANCED MODE

Additional functionality is available when editing your script in advanced mode. However, we do recommend that you switch to advanced mode once you are comfortable editing scripts in basic mode, and you determine that you need to use some of the advanced functionality we're about to describe. You will need to contact RiskMan Support to obtain an authentication code to access this feature on +61 3 9686 5456 or via <u>noreply.SupportHUB@rldarix.com</u> to obtain assistance with this feature.

# Switching between Basic and Advanced modes

 Wy Workspace
 Management
 Administration
 Analysis
 Help
 Log Out
 Utests system Management
 Utests system Management
 Utest system

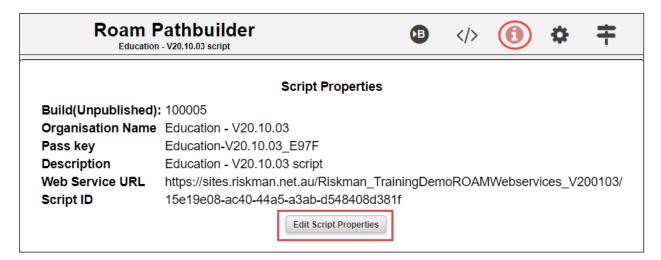
 Wy Workspace
 Management + Administration + Analysis + Help + Log Out
 Example
 Examp

To switch to advanced mode, click the 20 icon on the toolbar:

Click the icon again when you want to return to basic mode.

# **Additional Status Button**

Functions may be added to the Status Screen in addition to the existing **Add New** function. Only one additional function may be added. To add an additional function, open the advanced functions and click on the ① icon to open the Edit Script Properties box. This option can only be implemented in Advanced mode in script properties.



The Additional Status button options appear in the Script Properties dialogue box as a drop-down selection list.

Organisation Name:		
Education - V20.10.03		
Description:		
Education - V20.10.03 scr	ipt	
Web Service URL:		
https://sites.riskman.net.a	u/Riskman_TrainingDemoROAMWeb	
Support Contact:		
Riskman Incident Notificat	tion	
Support Email:		
<enter cont<="" organisation's="" td=""><td>act's email address&gt;</td><td></td></enter>	act's email address>	
Support Phone:		
<pre></pre>	act's phone number>	
Additional Status Button:		
Clear Queue	~	
None		
Clear Queue		
Sign Out		
Get Latest Import Now		
Reset		
30	Registered User Pulse (poli ticks)	
10	Authentication Wait Pulse (poll ticks)	
20	Import Registry Pulse (poll ticks)	

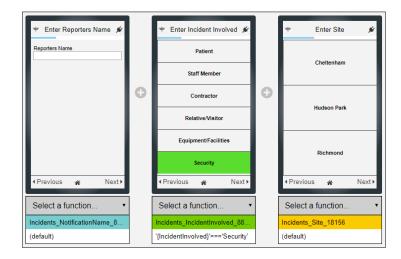
Options include:

- None Do not add an additional button.
- Clear Queue Clear successfully uploaded entries from the status queue
- Sign Out Sign out of Roam
- Get Latest Get the latest version of the script from the server
- Import Now Perform an import of entries immediately
- Reset Will reset Roam. This is not recommended, and should be for emergency use only

	Additional Status Button:	•	My Reco	ords	×
	Clear Queue 🗸	No records found.			
	None				
	Clear Queue				
	Sign Out				
	Get Latest				
	Import Now				
	Reset				
l					
		Add Ne	N	Clear Queue	٦

# The Path Builder screen in Advanced Mode

The first and most obvious difference you will see when in advanced mode is the presence of more information under each step in your path. This information shows the step ID, and denotes if nothing is selected, or if a value is selected:



In the example above, in the white space underneath the Reporter's Name step, you can see the text reads "(default)".

However, in the Incident Involved step, it states that the currently selected value is Security, and thus the path for Security is being shown after it. This can be useful when used with one of the new icons being displayed in the left toolbar: Show all paths.



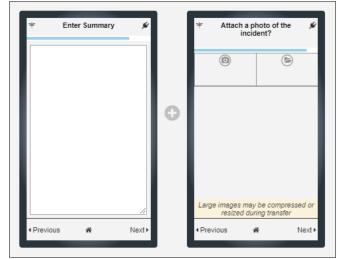
Clicking this icon will show you all of the various paths you have configured

based on the step ID. If you hover your mouse over a step ID, the name of the step will be shown as a tooltip.

# Creating steps for your path which aren't fields in your RiskMan system

In advanced mode, you can add steps to a path which are not fields from your RiskMan system. This allows you added flexibility; you can include more complex navigation choices.

Alternatively, it can help the user make sense of your path. In the example to the right, we go from Summary, straight to attach photos. This could potentially confuse some users – they might think that they *must* attach a photo (even though the step is not mandatory - they



could simply tap Next). To remove any ambiguity, we can create a **Flow Field** which asks the user if they want to attach a photo. If yes, next will be the attach photo step. If no, we'll skip the attach photo step.

## 1.1.21 Create a Flow Field

To create a flow field, click the **‡** icon on the right side of the tool bar. A dialog will pop up telling you that there are no fields found. Click the **Add Field** button:



You're then presented with the following dialog:

Field Id		Options	
	Submodule:	Incident	·2 °
1	nput Type:	list	•3
L	List Name:	Choose List 4	
F	Friendly Name:		5
	Ad	d Field Save	Cancel

• Field Id is the unique name for the flow field you're creating. We'll name ours addaphoto.

• Choose the register you want this flow field to refer to. This is because you are also able to create a flow field that uses the values from an existing field from that register, but we'll look at that concept a little later.

8 At this stage the only value in the **Input Type** is **list**.

Olick Choose List to create or configure the content of your flow field. We go into detail on this over the page.

• Create a **friendly name** for your flow field. We'll call ours **Do you want to add a photo?** and then we'll click **Add Field**.

### 1.1.22 Specifying List Values

List Ids			Selected D	etails		
New list	List Id:	Enter Unique Id		Add Values	Delete List	🖺 Save List
yesNo register Incidents_IncidentInvolved Incidents_Site Incidents Incident Location	Value	Friendly Nan	10			
	-					
	_			Us	e This List	Cancel

This dialog lets you specify the values that will be in your flow field. Highlighted above are some of the preset and existing list fields could use in your list:

**New list...** allows you to create your own list, with the values you require.

**yesNo**: This is your standard Yes / No question.

register: Is the list of registers in your system.

After that are all of the list fields which are already present on your existing path(s).

For the purpose of this example, we'll select **yesNo**, which is a hard-coded list that cannot be modified:

List Ids		Selected Details
New list	List Id: yesNo	Add Values Delete List 🖺 Save List
yesNo register	Value	Friendly Name
Incidents_IncidentInvolved Incidents_Site	Yes	Yes
Incidents_Incident_Location	No	No
		Use This List Cancel

Click **Use This List**, which will take you back to the previous screen:

Field Id		Options	
addaphoto 🖒	Submodule:	Incident	•
	Input Type:	list	•
	List Name:	yesNo Choose List	
	Friendly Name:	Do you want to add a photo?	
	A	ld Field Save	Cancel
		3476	Curren

This dialogue will contain all of the flow fields you create. Click **Save** to finish the process. If you want to create another flow field, click the **Add Field** button. We'll look at more examples of flow fields a little later.

## 1.1.23 Add the flow field to your path

Now you can add your flow field to the path. Click the (+) icon:

* Enter Summary 🖋	✤ Attach a photo of the incident?	
	0	
	0	0
	Large images may be compressed or resized during transfer	Submit! All details are correct
< Previous 🏘 Next⊁	∢Previous 🙀 Next⊁	∢Previous 🐐
Select a function •	Select a function •	Select a function •
Incidents_Description_49911	Incidents_AttachPhoto_20582	confirmation
(default)	(default)	

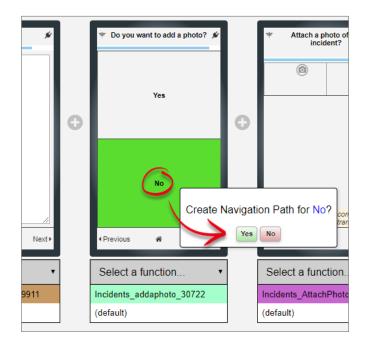
Your flow field now appears in the list with the rest of the fields from that register:

Please select a step from the list to insert before this position	
Select field as step	Ī
Start typing to find options	
(flow)(addaphoto) Enter Do you want to add a photo?	ľ
(ADRACdate) Enter Date CARM Notified	(
(ADRACnot) Enter CARM Notified	
(ASARating) Enter ASA Rating	l
(AdmissionDate) Enter Admission Date	l
(AdmissionDiagnosis) Enter Reason for Admission/Visit	l
(Adversereact) Enter Was there an Adverse Reaction?	

Add the field to your path:



Remember, the behaviour we want is that the user will see the **Attach Photo** step if they answer **Yes**, and if they answer **No**, they will be taken straight to the **Confirmation** step. Click **No** to start your alternate navigation:



When you click **Yes**, all steps after this one will be removed – which in this case is just the **Attach Photo** step. That means the **Confirmation** step is left, and that just happens to be what we want as the end of this path.

Switch between **Yes** and **No** to verify that there is a difference. In this scenario, you do not need to create a new navigation path for Yes, as it already does what we want it to do.

### Good to know

You can add the same flow field anywhere in your script, multiple times. Such as in this example, you now have a generic yes / no question you can add anywhere to direct the user down a different path; just change the name of the step when you add it.

### **1.1.24** Creating a flow field using your own custom list values

You can create a flow field that contains any list values you want – just keep in mind that the value the user selects will <u>not</u> be in the saved record in your RiskMan system (hence the name "flow" field: they are usually used to send the user off down different paths).

We're going to use the example of whether an incident occurred at one of our sites, or if it occurred offsite.

If the user says that the incident occurred at one of our sites, the next steps they will see will be **Site** and **Department**.

If they indicate the incident happened offsite, they will be taken straight to the Location step.

Click the  $\overline{=}$  icon in the toolbar to bring up your list of flow fields.

We're going to enter onsiteoffsite as the **Field ID**, and the **Friendly Name** will be Did the incident occur at our facility, or offsite?

Field Id		Options		
addaphoto	Submodule:	Incident	T	•
	Input Type:	list	T	
	List Name:	yesNo Choose List		
	Friendly Name:	Do you want to add a photo?		_
onsiteoffsite	Submodule:	Incident	•	•
	Input Type:	list	T	
	List Name:	Choose List		
	Friendly Name:	Did the incident occur at our facility,	or of	
	Ad	ld Field Save	Cano	cel

Now we'll click **Choose List**, and give our new list a unique ID:

List Ids			Selected D	)etails		
New list	List Id:	onsiteoffsite		Add Values	Delete List	🖺 Save List
yesNo register Incidents_IncidentInvolved Incidents_Site Incidents_Incident_Location	Value		Friendly Name	Us	e This List	Cancel

Next, we'll add the values we want in our list by clicking the **Add Values** button, enter the details we want, and then click the **Add Values** button again for the second value. It will now look something like this:

Selected Details		
List Id: Enter Unique Id	Add Values Delete List 🖺 Save List	
Value	Friendly Name	
onsite	It happened at one of our facilities	•
offsite	It happened offsite	•
	Use This List Cance	el
	Value onsite	List Id: Enter Unique Id Add Values Delete List Save List Value onsite It happened at one of our facilities It happened offsite

Note that the **Value** should be the unique property, and **Friendly Name** is what the user will see. Once we have all the values we need, click **Save List**. Note that your new list is now one of those listed on the left:

List Ids		Selected Details
New list yesNo register	List Id: onsiteoffsite	Add Values Delete List 🖺 Save List
	Value	Friendly Name
Incidents_IncidentInvolved Incidents_Site	onsite	It happened at one of our facilities
Incidents_Incident_Location onsiteoffsite	offsite	It happened offsite
		Use This List Cancel

Click the **Use This List** button, and then click the **Save** button on the next dialog.

You can then add your new flow field in the appropriate place, and then configure the paths after it accordingly:

👻 Who was affected? 🖋		♥ Did the incident occur at our facility, or offsite?		🌵 Enter Site 🖋
First Name Surname		It happened at one of our facilities		Cheltenham
	0		0	Hudson Park
		It happened offsite		Richmond
∢Previous 🐐 Next⊁		∢Previous 🗌 Next⊁		∢Previous 🐐 Next⊁
Select a function •		Select a function •		Select a function •
Incidents_FirstName_16940		Incidents_onsiteoffsite_76539		Incidents_Site_81517
(default)		(default)		(default)

## **Additional Features when Editing Steps**

Some features are not available whilst editing steps in basic mode.

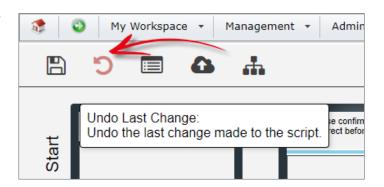
### **1.1.25** Server fields are searchable in the step editor.

Server Fields on edit step dialogs are now searchable. Simply type in the search text box to filter the list.

Edit Step 😧					
ld:					
Incidents_IncidentDate_57827					
Step Title:					
Enter Incident Date					
Controls:	SetField V O				
DatePicker 0	~ •				
User can skip this field					
SetField O	^ <b>0</b>				
Local Field:					
<enter local="" name=""></enter>					
Server Field:					
Select a value					
ind	0				
(IncidentInvolved) Incident involved					
(InvestigatedBy) Investigated By					
(InvestigationsFinding) Investigations/Findings					
	-				
Cancel	Save				

#### Note

Did you make a mistake? If you do, notice that one of the icons on the left toolbar is an **undo** function. There is no limit to the number of steps that can be undone.



## Properties unique to a text area fields

# 1.1.26 Make the text area take up the entire space on the screen

In the example, the title of the step is "Enter Summary", followed by a field label of "Summary" above the actual text input area. This appears to be redundant. If you were to delete the **Field Label** (i.e., Leave it blank), the text area will take up the entire space available.



In the example, we've removed the "Summary" text from the label field.

Edit Step 🛛			۴	Enter Summary	ø
ld:					-
Incidents_Description_49911					
Step Title:					
Enter Summary					
InputField  User can skip this field Label: <enter for="" input="" label=""> Cancel Save</enter>	•	Once we save the step, it looks like this:			

#### 1.1.27 Add a search box to a list field

Sometimes, a list field that you select might have many values in it. To improve the user experience, you can add a search box to a step, so that the user does not need to scroll through a long list of values.

To do this, in the Edit Step dialog, check the box labelled Allow searching of list:

Edit Step Ø		
ld:		
Incidents_IncTypeInjury_7851	5	
Question:		20
Enter Type of injury		
AndrewsList <b>O</b> User can skip this questic Allow searching of list	on	۰
Selection Type:	Selection Style:	
single •	Style 0	•
	Cancel	Save



Next

Previous 🖌 縃

This enables a search box at the top of the step, under the question. The list will be filtered as the

Q

ranial bruising

es

tress Next

user types:	
-------------	--

* Enter Type of injury	6	* Enter Type of inj
C	2	r
Bite		Burns
Burns		Concussion/intrac
Concussion/intracranial		Contusion/crushing/
Contusion/crushing/bruising		Fractures
Dislocations		Multiple injurie
Fractures		Other
Multiple injuries	•	Psychological st
Previous 🍘 Next	•	Previous ♣



# Further functionality that RiskMan can help you with

When editing a script in advanced mode, there is some additional functionality that we have exposed, but we cannot expect you to understand how to do them as it is literally the programming language. The two key areas of functionality are **filtering lists** and defining **sets**.

## 1.1.28 Filtering Lists

Allows us to restrict the values visible in a list. For example, you might have a site list containing the values:

- Site A
- Site B
- Site C
- Site D

We can add a filter to that field, if, for example you didn't want Site C to be available to choose.

## 1.1.29 Additional user fields available in ROAM for auto upload

Fields such as the username, display name, and email address of the registered user can now be auto uploaded as part of the record, without the user having to manually enter those details. This feature requires RLDatix assistance to set up.

### 1.1.30 Sets

A Set (verb) is quite literally setting a property for a step in your path. For example, if you have "Reporter's Name" in your path, you might want to auto-populate the logged in **user's** or **display name** (Reporters Name is restricted at this time) to save time. This can be achieved by creating a Set.

# 1.1.31 Set will allow a field to be sent to the server without putting that field in the script.

We can automatically populate steps on behalf of the user. For example, when entering data for a resident-related incident, and the Roam app is only being used for these kinds of Incidents (not staff – related, or volunteer -related etc), it is possible to auto – populate a field for incident involved = resident, and to then hide the step. This means that when the record is uploaded to the desktop version, the incident involved field will be automatically set to resident. This feature requires RLDatix assistance to set up.

### **1.1.32** Additional fields have been made available in the auto populate fields

In advanced mode, it is possible to add additional fields in the Edit Step function. This feature requires RLDatix assistance to set up.

- Username,
- User Display name,
- User Phone Number,
- User Email
- User Mobile Number
- User Position,
- User Secondary Email

### 1.1.33 Additional properties displayed in Advanced mode

Edit Step 🛛							
Incidents_NotificationName_81175							
Step Title:							
Enter Reporters Name							
Aways Redraw © Footer Required © Continue Required Back Required							
Controls:	Controls: InputField • C						
InputField O		•					
User can skip this field							
Server Field:							
(NotificationName) Reporters	Name	•					
Label:	Input Type:						
Reporters Name	text						
Height:		-					
	Cancel	Save					

When editing a step in advanced mode, there 4 properties visible:

- Always Redraw
- Footer Required
- Continue Required
- Back Required

These properties should only be modified on advice from RiskMan.

### 1.1.34 Generate Insert

When working in advanced mode, an option is available to be able to "Copy" your script and paste it between sites. For example, you complete building and testing of your script in your Training site (best practice). Once all testing is completed and you're satisfied with the Script, you will need to transfer this script to your Live site. Rather than rebuild it manually from scratch, you can take a copy of the script you have created in your Training site and apply it to your Live site.

Click the 3/2 icon in the toolbar to bring up the Generate Insert feature.

Generate Insert		
Script ID:		
35ea9268-1fc6-4fd7-a900-5674cf9953cb		Generate new script id
Pass key:		Web Service URL:
1806		http://192.168.7.37/RoamLocalClientWebService/
Build:		Description:
100006		RMI-MEHUL ACUTE1802
Site ID:		Organisation Name:
10000		QA - ACUTE - Internal Testing Site
Performance "your "data transition constrainment in Data Spaces of this Data Space "your "data transition" and "data Spaces" ("your and "data") "data Spaces" ("your "data Spaces") "data Spaces" ("your "data Spaces") "data Spaces" ("your "data Spaces") "data Spaces") "data Spaces") "data Spaces" ("your "data Spaces") "data Spaces") "data Spaces") "data Spaces") "data Spaces") "data Spaces" ("data Spaces") "data Sp	'id': 'enter' 'progress' 'r'return ewsList', 'o 'class' ''But cDate_151 al' false]] nts_Incide al' false]] rverField'/ "Descriptic	4° holena judenita, 1997'yaani 'han kasta da 'waani' 19° holena judenita, 1997'yaani 'han kasta 'kasta 'kasta' ['andria' '' yayaa' 197 na ''aafmatorij', holena, Beopto, 5724' (andri 19° holena judenita, 1997'yaani 'han la bala 'kasta' 'hanta' yaani 1997'yaani 'hal Yaraha 'kasta' judenita' (holena 'kasta') (holena 'kastana ila 'kastana beopto, 5734' (andria'
		Close Copy to Clipboard

As mentioned for the above features in advanced mode, please consult RiskMan to complete this process.

#### Note

The passkey will need to be changed at this point to be copied into the script. Remember, the passkey needs its own unique name.