

## - Alert Examples Supplement -

FOR RISKMAN VERSION 2410

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### INTRODUCTION

This document aims to provide examples of the various types of alerts that can be configured in RiskMan in order to orchestrate the workflows and processes required by your organisation.

When reviewing the examples of alerts in this document, please keep the following points in mind:

- It is intended that this document is used in conjunction with the **Alerts Management Guide**. This document provides examples of alert setup and configuration, whereas the Alerts Management Guide explains the actual functionality in-depth.
- The alert examples provided in this document were created in various different system configurations. Every RiskMan client configures RiskMan differently, so while some of the fields, registers, or functionality shown in the examples may not match your own system, what is more important is understanding the concepts behind the functionality. You can then transplant the examples into your own system, being sure to make adjustments to fit your own datasets, system functionality, etc.
- Most of the examples in this document are centred on the Incident Register. This is because the Incident Register is far and away the most commonly used register by RiskMan clients. Again, the concepts that are used can be applied to basically any other register in RiskMan.
- For each example alert provided, we quite deliberately do not exhaustively show every single setting or piece of configuration. Doing so would likely make it more difficult to read, and many settings are consistent or are up to you to decide. For example, most alert examples do not show how an email might be configured, unless the email itself was particularly unique to the alert example in question.
- This document will be amended as time goes by to include further examples of different types of alerts, including those which serve to demonstrate new alert-related functionality which may be added to the system in future releases of the software.
- Finally, remember that <u>alerts are the most important part of your system</u>. They control how your system behaves, and primarily grant users permission to see appropriate records.
  - They can be tricky, or sometimes difficult. RiskMan International wants to ensure when you are setting up alerts that you "*measure twice and cut once*". With that in mind, please do not hesitate to contact RiskMan Support if you have any questions about setting up an alert, or if you would like us to double-check the setup of an alert you have created before you switch it on.

You can contact RiskMan Support via the following:

- By phone: Call the helpdesk directly on +61 3 9686 0009
- By email: Send your queries, along with other helpful materials to <u>https://hub.rldatix.com/SupportHUB/s/</u>. Please note you may need to request an account to access this service.
- If an account is needed, then please go to <u>HUB: Sign In (rldatix.com)</u> and click on Request an account at the foot of the login box.

### **NOTIFICATION ALERTS**

#### **Common settings**

Notification alerts will use the following settings in all examples, unless there is cause for an exception, which will be explained on a per-example basis.

#### Rules > Alert Method

The Alert Method will <u>always</u> be Check each item when it is saved.

The other 2 alert methods are specifically for

- Reminder alerts, and
- Threshold alerts

#### **Rules > Settings**

• If the alert is for a register that utilises posting (incidents, feedback), you can stipulate here that the alert should not trigger unless the record has been posted. This can be useful in certain scenarios, such as ensuring a manager has confirmed the severity of an incident before notifying senior management of serious incidents

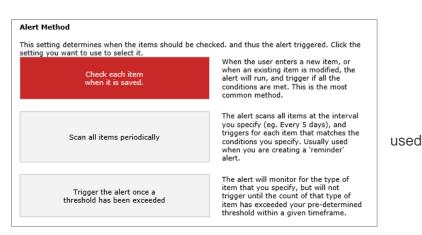
In the vast majority of cases, for a notification alert,
 *Trigger only the first time for each recipient* should be selected.

• Your requirements determine which email option(s) to choose.

• Seeing as these alerts are to *notify* somebody of something, we will always use the *Authorise* option

S The backdate function does not need to be used for

notification alerts. Refer to the Special Alert Functions section of this document for an example on when and how to use the backdate function.





#### Schedule

You do not need to make any changes to the Schedule options for a notification alert. There are some scenarios where you might need to, and these are explained as variations for some alert examples.

### Notify the WHS manager by email when an OHS injury occurs

#### Conditions

On the incident form, we have determined that the following fields and values would need to be present in order for it to be considered a staff injury:

The subject affected is a must	Who Was Affected?
be Worker	The subject affected is a*     Patient / Client       Worker     Relative / Visitor       Type of worker*     Non-Individual / Environment
Level of harm sustained must be either <b>Injury/illness</b> or <b>Death</b>	Level of harm sustained Primary nature of injury / illness

Our resulting conditions look like this:

Where	Subject affected is equal to Worker
And	Level of harm sustained is one of 2 selected
	+

#### Recipients

In this example, we have named a specific user. This might be the case in a single facility or other smaller scale implementation.

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient Type a name to search	Lauren Haupt	⑪
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category <b>*</b>	Note: To delete an alert recipient, click the rubbish bin icon at the right. The recipient name/type will be crossed out. When you save the alert, the recipient will be removed from the list. Clicking the icon again will cancel the delete.	
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username		
Add a group of recipients		

#### Email

Email Subject													
-	ury has been lodged	in RiskMan at [Prog	ram]										
Email Body													
X 🗇 🛅 🖸	🖥   🖘 🛷   🕸   1	$\mathbf{X}^2  \mathbf{X}_2 \mid \frac{1}{2} \equiv \frac{1}{2} \equiv \frac{1}{2}$	2 2 2		•	٩	5 A 2 N						
Normal	▼ Arial	- (F	ize) 🔻	BI	U	÷	≣	Ξ	∃	0	• A	•	
An OHS injury	has been entered in I	RiskMan by [Notifical	ionName1 Ple	ase inve	etinate	as so	on as	noss	ihle				
7 th Office Injury		totalical		000 11100	ouguto	45 50	on as	p000	ioic.				
Incident Summ	non												
Incident Sumn	nary.												
Person affected	d: [FirstName] [Surna	me]											
Initial incident o	outcome: [Outcome]	3											
Brief description	n: [Description]												
Click Here to or	pen the incident and	review it.											
4													

• We have decided to put the name of the ward / unit in which the incident was recorded into the subject line of the email. What is shown in the square brackets is the database field name, as opposed to the friendly label that you see on the incident form.

acini	L Y						oowo	onne		spical
Ward	/ Unit *					E	ndos	сору		
Divisi	on *					Т	w c.	uraia	1	1
NTRODUCTION	Now often should this alort be p	received?								_
OCTALS	Bvero)		Minute	Hour	Day	Week	Month	Year		
OS	Sort order when processing:	1000	5							
CONDITIONS	The alert will test it's conditions Every minute	on this schedule:								
	Pridey, 13 January 2017 34-45 P Pridey, 13 January 2017 34-55 P Pridey, 13 January 2017 34-55 P	riday,13 January 2 hiday,13 January 2 hiday,13 January 2	Report	er's r	name	•			Syste	em Manage
ROVEDULE PROCESSES		hday,13 January 2017 hday,13 January 2017	15:00							

**2** [NotificationName] is the database field name for the field Reporter's Name.

• In the body of the email, we have included the name of the person affected – achieved by entering the First Name and then Surname fields; the initial outcome rating of the incident, and the content of the Summary field. This is considered good practice – try not to include too much information in the email, lest the user perhaps be disinclined to click the link and open the record as they may feel they have all the information they need.

• You are able to determine where the link to open the record should appear in the email. Click the *Add email link to body* button to insert the "Click here" link text wherever your cursor is. Note



that you can change the link text from "Click Here" to something else just by typing what you want and deleting what you do not want.

### Notify falls coordinator of a new resident fall

#### Conditions

This alert needs to trigger for resident falls that happen at a multi-campus hospital which has a site for residential care.

Site must be <b>Residential Aged</b> Care	Where Did It Occur?       Site       Residential Aged Care
The Event relates to must be either <b>Patient/Client/Resident</b>	Who Was Affected?         The Event relates to a *
<i>Type of Event</i> must be <b>Fall</b>	Select Classifications  Patient Care Support Services Show All Fall Fall

Our resulting conditions look like this:

type of	Where	Site	is equal to	Residential A	and Care		
(Intection) Type of Intection	where	Site	is equal to	Residential A	Jeu Gale		
(Restraint) Type of restraint used	And	The Ev	ent relates to	is equal to	Patie	ent/Client/Resident	
(Slip/Trip/Fall) Type of Contami	And	(Multis	elect)Type Of E	Event is	equal to	Patient/Client/Resident> Patient Care> Fall	
(Slip/Trip/Fall) Type of External			2			+	
(Slip/Trip/Fall) Type of Internal							
Type of Worker							
(Multiselect)Type Of Event							

• Because one of the fields we needed to test was a multi-select field, we needed to select the appropriate field in the **The** focus of this alert is list.

	Incidents (V2) and Type O Incidents (V2) and Preventative / Corrective Actions	
turn of	Incidents (V2) and Recommendation	
type of	Incidents (V2) and Journals	
(intection) Type of	Incidents (V2) and (OHS) Body Parts Affected	
(Restraint) Type of	re Incidents (V2) and (OHS) Type of Injury	
(o):- (T-:- (T-II) T	Incidents (V2) and Type Of Event	
(Slip/Trip/Fall) Typ	Incidents (V2) and (Behaviour) Problem	

Without this, the **Type of Event** field would not be available to test against. This same action must be performed whenever you need to create conditions for multi-select lists, subforms, and journals.

Youre able to create a second Focus, if you need to build the condition based on a second multiselect field. Click **Select to add a related filter for** then clicking on the sub form. This will present a second condition builder row. This second condition builder row will display the fields from the selected sub forms

The focus of this alert is Just Incidents	-	Select to add a related filter for	v	Test Conditions	
Start typing a field name here (Formal Review) Date report due to C * (Formal Review) Date signed by CEO (Formal Review) Date submitted to Q (Formal Review) Executive Sponsor (Formal Review) Final RCA report sig *		Preventive Ac Contacts Causal Factor Recommenda Click to enter File Notes	's itions	Ţ	
Restriction V filter for Preventive Action to act upon re	ecords and emails 🗸 Disable thi	s Filter			
Start typing a field name here (Preventive Action)Action ID		+		t i	
(Preventive Action)Associated Contri					
(Preventive Action)Corrective Action					
(Preventive Action)Describe Action					
(Preventive Action)Person Responsib *					

The second condition builder will need to be selected as a And, or an But not option.

Restriction: means to add or include this condition

Exclusion: means to not include this condition

(Or) against the alert focus: or it can be either condition build

Disable this filter, removes the second condition builder row that you have added

ease enter a Descriptive name for these conditions:	Eg. Staff manual handling injuries; Risks with overdue status, etc
ne focus of this alert is Just Incidents	-
Start tuning a field name hare	
Start typing a field name here (Formal Review) Date report due to C	
(Formal Review) Date signed by CEO	
(Formal Review) Date submitted to Q	
(Formal Review) Executive Sponsor	
(Formal Review) Final RCA report sig *	
Dr (against alert focus) filter for Preventive Act	ion Disable this Filter
Start typing a field name here	
(Preventive Action)Action ID	
(Preventive Action)Associated Contrib	
(Preventive Action)Corrective Action	

You can then search for the required value you wish to test.

(Multiselect)Type Of Event	is equal to	Patient/Client/Resident> Patient Care> Fall
		fall
		Hazard> Slip/Trip/Fall> From height (excluding stairs)
		Hazard> Slip/Trip/Fall> From same level (including slips and trips
		Hazard> Slip/Trip/Fall> From stairs
		Patient/Client/Resident> Patient Care> Fall
		Relative/Visitor> OHS> Fall, Trip or Slip (V)
		Worker> OHS> Fall, Trip or Slip (W)

# Notify a user's nominated line manager when they enter a new incident (uses Manager/Staff Relationships)

#### Purpose

If your configuration of RiskMan utilises Manager/Staff Relationships to establish reporting pathways, then this example is relevant to you.

	Adn	ninistration 🔻	Reports 🔻	Help 🔻	Log Out
	9	Configuration			
┢	್ಷ	Tools		•	
	8	User Permissio			
	ж	Manager/Staff		•	Edit Staff
	<b></b>	Alerts Manage	ement		Staff Hierarchy <sub>ny</sub>

#### Recipients

In this case, the Recipient will be set as the "Reporter's Manager":

		Recipients
Add a specific user as a recipient		The nominated line manager(s) of the user who originally reported the record
Type a name to search	•	
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each triggers this alert	record that	
Select a user category	-	
Alert a user named in a field		
Select a field that contains a Username	-	
Add a group of recipients	<b>•</b>	

In a system where Manager/Staff Relationships are used, when this alert is triggered, only the **immediate** line manager will receive the email we configure; however, all staff <u>up</u> the reporting channel will have <u>permission</u> to see the record in question.

#### Conditions

In order for this alert to trigger, we only need one simple condition to be met. We usually base this on a mandatory field that the default user needs to complete, thereby assuring that all inicidents will trigger this alert. In this case, we have chosen the **Summary** field:

Where	Summary of incident is not empty	
		+

# Notify a Department Manager of a new incident lodged in their department (uses Org Structure list)

#### Recipient

This example is rather similar to the previous one. However, this example refers to organisational structure lists contained within list & codes maintenance:

	List & Codes Maintenance							
List Name:	Aler	rt Roles - Department	: Manager [AlertRoles	_Department] 🔻	Lists for Registe	er:	*	
		Department 💡	Role 💡	Username 💡	Sort Order 💡	•		
		A&E	Department Manager	Vaseem Ali	999	ŵ		
		Biochemistry Lab	Department Manager	Rajini Kausalya	999	ŵ		
		Clinical Physiology	Department Manager	Asma Said Al-Balushi	999	面		
		₹ <u>Create Filter</u>						
		♥ <u>Create Filter</u>						

Various permutations of this type of list exist in some systems today; however, the principal in selecting the recipient is always the same:

Add a specific user as a recipient	Department Manager	
Type a name to search	▼	
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each re	ecord that	
triggers this alert Select a user category		
Select a user category		
Select a user category		
Alert a user named in a field		
Alert a user named in a field		
Alert a user named in a field		

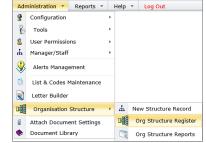
Remember that this kind of list allows you to target the responsible line manager in case a record is overdue for being followed up, or other similar situation.

#### **Escalation processes**

If your system uses manager/staff relationships, then you can easily have an escalation process in place if, for example, an incident does not have investigations performed in a satisfactory timeframe.

<u>Refer to Reminder Alerts</u> for an example on notifying a manager that they have not yet completed their investigations, and also creating escalation processes if nothing is done.

## Notify a unit manager that a new incident has been lodged for their unit (uses Org Structure Register)



This is an example of an alert in a system that uses an

Organisation Structure register in order to automatically assign the recipient.

#### Conditions

As this is an initial notification alert, all we need to do is ensure that we have a condition whereby a field that is mandatory for the default user has been filled in, which will ensure this alert will trigger every time for any new incident:

What Happened?	
Summary	Abs
Details	Abc
Action taken at time	0

In this example system, we know that the **Summary** field is displayed for <u>every</u> incident, regardless of what type it is, and it is always mandatory. We will use this field as our condition to trigger the alert:

Where	Summary is not empty
	+

#### Recipient

In this example, we will use the last option; Add group of recipients, and select **Unit/Department Owner**:

	Recipients
Add a specific user as a recipient	
Type a name to search 🔹	
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert	
Select a user category	
Add a group of recipients	
Group Name	
	Parameter Help
HHS Groups	Parameter Help Please enter the name of the group
HHS Groups Facility Groups	
	Please enter the name of the group
Facility Groups	Please enter the name of the group Please enter the name of the group
Facility Groups Unit/Department Owner	Please enter the name of the group Please enter the name of the group No parameter required
Facility Groups Unit/Department Owner Unit/Department Secondary Owner	Please enter the name of the group Please enter the name of the group No parameter required No parameter required

The **Unit/Department Owner** group recipient has been selected. The next thing to do is click the **Tick** button to add this selection as our recipient:

	Recipient
Add a specific user as a recipient	7
Type a name to search	
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that	
triggers this alert	
Select a user category 🔹	
Select a user category	
Select a user category	
Alert a user named in a field	
Alert a user named in a field	
Alert a user named in a field	
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	
Alert a user named in a field	
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	

In this final screenshot, you can see our selection added as the recipient:

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient	Unit/Department Owner - Parameter:null	啣
Type a name to search 🔹		
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category	Note: To delete an alert recipient, click the rubbish bin icon at the right. The recipient name/type will be crossed out. When you save the alert, the recipient will be removed from the list. Clicking the icon again will cancel the delete.	
Alert a user named in a field		
Select a field that contains a Username		
Add a group of recipients		

#### How the lookup works:

When an incident is entered, based on the combination of where it occurred, RiskMan will look up the corresponding matching value in the Organisational Structure register.

In the example to the right, we can see that the incident occurred in the ward/unit of **Pharmacy**, at **Bailey Henderson Hospital**.

Where Did It Occur?		
Hospital and Health Service *	DARLING DOWNS	~
Service Region	Toowoomba	~
Facility *	Baillie Henderson Hospital	~
Ward / Unit *	Pharmacy	~
Division *		
Service / Stream *	Clinical Support	~
Specific location		~
Did the incident occur offsite? *	○ Yes ○ No	

	0	Ν	1y W	orks	pace 🔹	Management *	A	dministration 👻	Repo	ts 🔹 Help 👻	Log (	Out			USE	R: Systen	n Manage	r (Ma
ŕ	Ŷ		Sele	ct a r	ecord to	display the available tool	s.			Structure and edits of Org					٥	Ħ	×∃	
Draç			eader ist	here	e to grou	by that column	•	Hospital and Health	Service	Facility	Ŷ	Date opened	Ŷ	Date terminated/closed	Eacil	ity code		•
			ist		10 -	Record Type	' •		9		' ۲		' ۲		Taci	ity code		' ۲
	۲	N	one		5	Hospital and Health Ser	vi	DARLING DOWNS										
	۲	N	one		200	Facility		DARLING DOWNS	6	Baillie Henderson Hos	pital	12 h 2000			0070	)1		
	۲	N	one		201	Facility		DARLING DOWNS		Toowoomba - Breasts	cre	1 Jun 1992			8081	16		

The system locates the corresponding record in the Organisational Structure register:

Then it locates the matching ward/unit, and identifies the user(s) currently listed as responsible for it:

8	Nursing Informatics & Workforce	Nursing & Midwifery	Karen Abbott	Toowoomba	Administration, Level 2	×
1	Payroll Services	Other Support Services	Caseie O'Dee	Toowoomba	Maudsley, Level 2	×
N	Pharmacy	TW Clinical Support	Graham Caitens	Toowoomba	Recreation Centre, Level 1	×
8	Public Health Unit Management	Medical Services	Dr Penelope Hutchison	Toowoomba	Browne, Level 1	×
8	Purchasing & Supply Services	Other Support Services	Maryanne French	Toowoomba	Whishaw, Level 2	×
5	Queensland Country Practice	Medical Services	lanette lones	Toowoomba	Garry Davies Service Centre, Level	×

So in the case of this incident, we can see that **Graham Caitens** will be the user alerted.

# Notify a user when they are listed as the accountable executive for a new risk

This example is the common method used to notify any user that they have been nominated as responsible for something. Although we are using the example of the executive accountable for a risk in the risk register, this is example is fairly universal and you can simply switch out the register and field name of your choice.

#### Scenario

When a user is nominated as the accountable executive for a new risk, notify them via email:

Key Personnel				
Accountable Executive	BROWN, MARY (bro013n)	8	Notify of Associated Incident	Yes 🔿 No 🖲
Responsible Manager	BURNS, PETER (bur03glr)	8	Notify of Associated Incidents	Yes 🔿 No 🖲
Opened By	Manager 💌	8	Reported To	\$

#### Conditions

At the most basic level, all we need to do is check to see if the **Accountable Executive** field has been completed. As soon as there is a user listed in that field, we want this alert to be triggered:



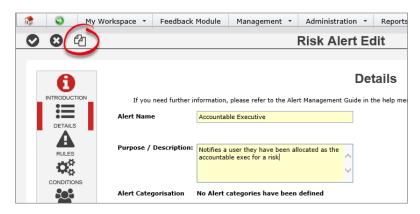
#### Recipient

We need to tell the system to choose the user listed in the **Accountable Executive** field and make them the recipient:



#### **Pro Tip 1: Alert Cloning**

You will notice that in the example listed above, there were two fields where responsible users can be nominated; Accountable Executive, and Responsible Manager. Once you have saved the first alert, you can use the alert **Clone** button (as shown to the right here) to instantly



create the alert that monitors the Responsible Manager field instead. You will just need to change the Recipient to "The user listed in the Responsible Manager field" via the "Add a user named in a field" option under Recipients.

#### Pro Tip 2: When using this technique to notify users named in subforms

This exact technique can be used to notify users listed in subforms, however in order to be able to choose the fields from subforms, you must remember to do the following.

Let's suppose that we wanted to use this technique to notify a user that a preventative/corrective action has been assigned to them:

Is P	Is Preventative / Corrective Action Required?									
	Add Action									
	Action ID	Action Description	Costs (\$)	Person Responsible for Implementation					Date action completed	
<b>S</b>		Put up signage to inform staff of proper procedure		Andrew_mgr (Andrew_mgr)			15 Feb 2017	No		×

In order to be able to use the fields from the subform as both conditions and recipients, we need to make sure that we choose that this subform is the focus of this alert:

6		Conditions		
	Here you need to define the conditions w	hich must be met in order for the alert to trigger. You can	add as many conditions as neo	essary.
:=	The 'Test Conditions' button will to	ell you how many existing records there are which match t	he conditions you have added.	
	Please enter a Descriptive name for these conditions: Eq. Staff n	nanual handling injuries; Risks with overdue status, etc		
RULES	The focus of this alert is Incidents and Action	Select to add a related filter for	•	Test Conditions
CONDITIONS RECIFIENTS SCHEDULE PROCESSES	Start typing a field name here Accountable Medications) Action tak (Accountable Medications) Actual me (Accountable Medications) Additional (Accountable Medications) Commenc (Accountable Medications) Commenc (Accountable Medications) Date loss/		t	

Now we are able to search not only for the fields on the main form, but also the fields in the Preventative/Corrective Actions subform:

ocus of this alert is Incidents and Action	*		Select to add a related filter for
action	_		
(Action)Action Description		Where	(Action)Person Responsible for Implementation (Username) is not en
	^	1	+
(Action)Person Responsible for Imple			
(Action)Person Responsible for Imple			
(Action)Date Person Responsible Not			
(Action)Outcome measure	~		

This also allows us to see the "person" fields from the subform in order to add them as the recipient of the alert:

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient	User(s) listed in the "(Action)Person Responsible for Implementation (Username)" field	ť
Type a name to search		
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category Alert a user named in a field		
Select a field that contains a Username	T	
Add a group of recipients	•	

## Create an exception which doesn't sent workplace harassment incidents on to a user's line manager; instead sends them to a certain HR user

This example involves not one, but two alerts. One alert will send on all incidents to a user's manager, excluding staff workplace harassment incidents; the second will send on staff workplace harassment incidents only to a certain user in the HR department.

This example is based on a system using Manager/Staff Relationships, but the technique itself is fairly universal.

#### Scenario

In this example, we will be focussing on the following section:

Type of Incident	
Classification *	Workplace
Primary incident type *	Workplace
Workplace	
Туре *	Workplace harassment

You will need to adjust the following example settings to suit your own system configuration. For example, your system might have a separate classification for workplace harassment (or similar).

#### Alert 1: Send incidents to the line manager, with the exception of workplace harassment

#### Conditions

Because the field we want to test, *Workplace – Type*, is a multi-select list, we will need to ensure that we select is as part of the **alert focus**, as shown in  $\mathbf{0}$  below:

Conditions								
focus of this alert is Incidents and (WHS) N	Workplace	-	Select to add a related filter for v	Test Conditions				
Start typing a field name here		Where	(Multiselect)(WHS) Workplace is not equal to Workplace harassment					
Who did you report the incident to?	^							
WHS review complete			Ŧ					
WHS summary / review								
Worker's Division								
(Multiselect)(WHS) Workplace	v							

We can then see **9** the **(WHS) Workplace** field in the list of available fields.

We will add that field as our condition: We want this alert to trigger **e** if the value chosen in that field **is not equal to** Workplace harassment. This means the alert will trigger for absolutely anything else, and the incident will be sent to the appropriate line manager, as expected.

#### Recipient

Our recipient will be the line manager of the user who entered the incident:

dd a specific user as a recipient	The nominated line manager(s) of the user who originally reported the record	
Type a name to search		
dd a user who appears in the Review History for each record that iggers this alert	Note: To delete an alert recipient, click the rubbish bin icon at the right. The recipient name/type will be crossed out. When you save the alert, the recipient will be	
Select a user category	removed from the list. Clicking the icon again will cancel the delete.	
lert a user named in a field		
Select a field that contains a Username		
dd a group of recipients		
•		

#### Alert 2: Send any Workplace Harassment incidents only to a certain user in HR

#### Conditions

The conditions are just as simple for the second alert. If Workplace harassment <u>was</u> selected, then irrespective of any other information in the incident, it should only be sent to the appropriate HR user for confidential follow up:

	Conditions									
focus of this alert is Incidents and (WHS) Workpl	ace 🔻	Select to add a related filter for	-	Test Conditions						
Start typing a field name here	Where	(Multiselect)(WHS) Workplace is equ	al to Workplace harassment							
Who did you report the incident to?										
WHS review complete			Т							
WHS summary / review										
Worker's Division										
(Multiselect)(WHS) Workplace										

Pro Tip: Yes, you should Clone the original alert in order to save time!

#### Recipients

Now we will send any of these confidential harassment incidents only to a certain user in HR:

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient	Nick Jones	面
Type a name to search		
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert		
Select a user category		
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	·	
Add a group of recipients		

# Notify a user who created a journal task that it has been marked as complete

This example "closes the loop" with journal tasks, notifying the user who *created* the journal task when the nominated user marks it as **Actioned**.

#### Scenario

This alert will monitor journals of the type "Action required" and for when journals of that type are marked as Actioned:

Journal Entries							
Add New Journal	Entry						
DateStamp Jo	urnal Type	Comment / Action Req	uired		Follow Up Allocated To	Follow Up By Date	Item Actioned
8 25 Jan 2017 02:01 Action required Please follow up with the NOK and report your findings. Thanks Nick Jones 30 Mar 2017 on							on
Journal Type: Action required DateStamp: 25 Jan 2017 02:01							
Comment / Action Required:	Please follow	up with the NOK and re	eport your findinger The				
Follow Up By Date: No Action Follow Up Allocated Nick Jones (Nick Jones)							
Edit	Delete		Cleanes -,	0	New Unsaved	Journal Entry	

#### Conditions

Because we want to add conditions for Journal fields, we have to ensure we select Journals as the **alert focus**:



#### Recipients

We will use the **Alert a user named in a field** option to nominate the **(Journals)Username** field, which is the name of the user who originally created the journal action.

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient Type a name to search	User(s) listed in the "(Journals)Username" field	ធ៍
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category		
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	-	
Add a group of recipients	•	

# Notify the CEO of all the serious patient incidents that happened in the previous 7 days via a digest alert

This example demonstrates how to use the Digest Email functionality. A digest email is a summary of all the records that matched/triggered your alert during a given timeframe, eg. The previous 7 days.

It should be noted that at this stage, digest alerts can only be used when the recipient of the alert is a specific (i.e. Static) user, instead of dynamically assigned users.

#### Rules

In order for the settings for a Digest Email to appear, you must have selected that you want to send a digest email in the Rules section:

6		Rule	es		
INTRODUCTION	If you need furt	her information, please refer to the Alert Management Guide in the	help menu. If you encounter difficulties or errors, please contact RiskMan Support.		
:=	Alert Method				
DETAILS	This setting determines when the items should be che want to use to select it.	cked. and thus the alert triggered. Click the setting you	Settings		
RULES	Check each item when it is saved.	When the user enters a new item, or when an existing item is modified, the alert will run, and trigger if all the conditions are met. This is the most common method.	Should this alert be triggered as soon as an item is entered, or should it only trigger once there is a posted version?		
CONDITIONS	Scan all items periodically	The alert scans all items at the interval you specify (eg. Every 5 days), and triggers for each item that matches the conditions you specify. Usually used when you are creating a reminder alert.	Wait until there is a posted version before triggering		
	Trigger the alert once a threshold has been exceeded	when you are creating a reminder alert. The alert will monitor for the type of item that you specify, but will not trigger until the count of that type of item has exceeded your pre-determined threshold within a given timeframe.	Would you like this alert to trigger only the FIRST time it meets the conditions? Or would you like it to trigger EVERY time an item is saved and meets the conditions?		
SCHEDULE		~	<ul> <li>Ingger every time an item is saved and meets the conductors, for each recipient</li> <li>Trigger only once per item (usually only for Process alerts)</li> </ul>		
PROCESSES			Email Notifications		
			Send an email every time the conditions are satisfied Send a Digest email at the end of the nominated interval which summarises every item that setting the aleft conditions.		

Please note that Digest Emails can only be configured using the **Alert Method** of **Check each item when it is saved**.

#### Conditions

For the purpose of this example, we have stipulated that we consider the incident to be "serious" if the **Confirmed Outcome** was either **1** or **2**. We have use the "is one of" test to achieve this easily:

cus of this alert is Just Incidents	¥		Select to add a related filter for
confirmed		Where	Subject affected is equal to Patient / Client
Confirmed level of care	^	And	Outcome (confirmed) is one of 2 selected
Confirmed Level of Harm			
Confirmed treatment required			<mark>⊠1</mark>
Outcome (confirmed)			22
outcome (commed)			
Reason for confirmed outcome change	~		

#### Recipients

We have selected our CEO manually as the intended recipient. Remember that digest alerts will only work when you select a specific user as the recipient, as opposed to the dynamic methods.

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient Type a name to search	Lauren Haupt	面
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category	Note: To delete an alert recipient, click the rubbish bin icon at the right. The recipient name/type will be crossed out. When you save the alert, the recipient will be removed from the list. Clicking the icon again will cancel the delete.	
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username		
Add a group of recipients		

#### **Digest Email Setup: Time Frame**

The first thing to configure for our digest email is what time frame we want to include, and how often we want the digest email to be sent to the recipient.

In our example, we have said that we want the digest email to be delivered every Monday morning at 8:30am, and it should include the previous 7 days from the day prior to the run date as the time frame:

Digest Email					
Time Frame: The previous 7	Day(s) vp to Prior Day End v				
Run Frequency:Every week on Mor	nday at 08 : 30				

Note that we could also achieve the same time frame by saying that we want it for the previous 1 week up until the prior week's end, which is considered to be Sunday:

Digest Email						
Time Frame: The previous 1	Image: Weeks(s)     Image: up to     Prior Week End     Image: up to					
Run Frequency:Every week on	Monday at 08 : 30					

#### **Digest Email Setup: Static Content**

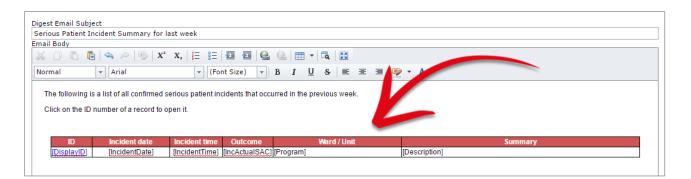
Add the static content of the email as required. Our example is as follows:

mail Body	nt Incident Summary for la	
% 🗇 🖪	🛅   🖘 🔑   🕸   X²	X,   Ξ Ξ = = =   🙆 🚷   ☶ ▾   दि   🚼
Normal	▼ Arial	▼ (Font Size) ▼ B I <u>U</u> S ≣ Ξ Ξ 🕸 ▼ A ▼

#### Digest Email Setup: Summary Table (dynamic content)

The idea of a digest email is to summarise all the associated records in the digest via a table. You can choose the columns you wish to display in summary of each record in the digest. You can also designate that one column should be the clickable link to open the associated record – which would usually be the ID number of the record.

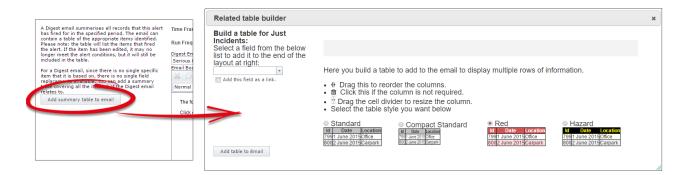
Here is what our end point looks like. We will then examine how we arrived at the end point.



As you can see, we have decided to build our summary table including the following fields:

- Incident ID (inserted as the clickable link to open each respective record)
- Incident Date
- Incident Time
- Confirmed Outcome Rating
- Ward / Unit
- Summary

In order to add this table to the body of the email, we need to click the **Add summary table to** email button, which will then open the **Related Table Builder**:



The idea of the related table builder is to:

- 1. Find and add all the fields from the form you want as columns in your table
- 2. Adjust their widths, and the order in which they appear in the table
- 3. Choose a pre-defined table format
- 4. Apply finishing touches once you have added the table to your email body.

Let's follow those steps now.

#### Find and add all the fields from the form you want as columns in your table

From the drop down field on the left, find each field you wish to add to the table. As you click on a field, it will be added to the table as a column header, in the grey area marked below:

Related table builder					×
Build a table for Just	<ul> <li>I Drag this to reo</li> <li>I Click this if the</li> </ul>	column is not required. ider to resize the column.	play multiple rows of inf	formation.	
Add table to Email	Standard     Id Date Location     7991 June 2015Office     8002 June 2015Carpark	Compact Standard	Red     Id Date Location     7991 June 2015Office     8002 June 2015Carpark	Hazard     Hazard     Id Date Location     7991 June 2015     Office     8002 June 2015Carpark	

The first field we will add is **Incident ID.** Because we want Incident ID to be the clickable link to open each record in the table, **before** we add it to the table, we will **0** select the **Add this field as a link** check box:



**2** Start typing the name of the field we want – 'incident'. Then **3** click on the desired field:

Related table builder	
Build a table for Just Incidents: Select a field from the below	
list to add it to the end of the layout country	
	Here you build a table to
Incident Day Name	rde
Incident ID Incident review date	colu
Incident status Incident time	/ide
Is Grouped Incident	•
Is Initial Incident (Unposted Only)	Id Date Location

The field is added to the table column header area:

Related table builder				:	×
Build a table for Just Incidents: Select a field from the below list to add it to the end of the	4	Incie	dent ID	節	
Add this field as a link.	● 俳 Drag this to reo ● 童 Click this if the	column is not required. /ider to resize the column.	splay multiple rows of inf	formation.	
Add table to Email	Standard     Id Date Location     7991 June 2015Office     8002 June 2015Carpark	Compact Standard	Red     Id Date Location     799f June 2015Office     8002 June 2015 Carpark	Hazard Id Date Location 799[1 June 2015]Office 800[2 June 2015]Carpark	//

Repeat to add the other fields you wish to add as columns in your table:

Related table builder							×
Build a table for Just Incidents: Select a field from the below list to add it to the end of the layout at right: Add this field as a link.	∲Incident ID ՠ	Incident date	∲ Incident time 1≊	₩Ward / Unit ⊞	∲ Outcome (confirmed) 啣	∲ Summary 聞	
	Here you build a ● IF Drag this to ● If Click this if ● If Drag the cel ● Select the tabl	reorder the col the column is n divider to resiz	umns. ot required. ze the column.	play multiple rows	s of information.		
Add table to Email	Standard     Id Date Locatio     799/1 June 2015/Office     800/2 June 2015/Carpari	n Id Date L 7991 June 2015 0		Red     Id Date Loc     7991 June 2015Offit     8002 June 2015Car	ce 7991 Jun	ard late Location le 2015Office le 2015Carpark	

You will notice that the space allocated for each column you add is divided equally between the total number of columns. You will have a chance to adjust the column widths as appropriate in the next step.

#### Adjust column widths, and the order in which they appear in the table

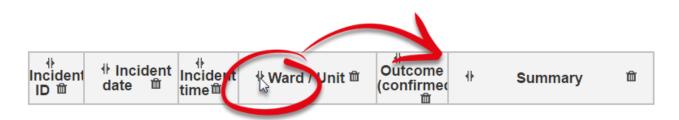
Place your mouse cursor on the border line in between each column header in order to resize it:

Incident ID Incident ID Incident ID Incident ID Incident ID Incident ID Incident In	ward / Unit
---	-------------

After adjusting the widths, our columns are looking more appropriate for the content they will likely contain:

Incident         Incident         Incident         Incident           ID m         date         m         time	nt ∲ Ward / Unit 🛍	outcome (confirme∉	₩	Summary	面
--	--------------------	-----------------------	---	---------	---

The next step to change the order of the columns as desired. To do this, click on the <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> icon of a column header, and drag it to the desired position:



Our final column header setup is as follows:

H Incident date ∰ Incident date ∰ Incident (confirmed) ∰	<b>₩Ward / Unit ាា</b>	₩	Summary	面
--	------------------------	---	---------	---

#### Choose a pre-defined table format

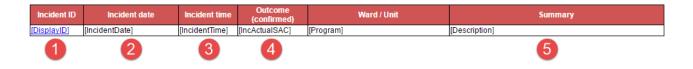
Choose from one of the table formats at the bottom of the related table builder dialogue.
 Click the Add table to email button when you are happy with the setup of the table. It will be added to your email body where the cursor was.

Related table builder								×
Build a table for Just Incidents: Select a field from the below list to add it to the end of the	∦ Incident ∦ Inc ID ⊞ date	cident Inciden <sup>∰</sup> time <sup>∰</sup>	t Outcome (confirme	ił Ward / Unit ան	4	Summary	面	
layout at right:	<ul> <li>II Drag this to</li> <li>II Click this if</li> <li>II Drag the ce</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Here you build a table to add to the email to display multiple rows of information.</li> <li> Image: The column is not required. Image: The column is not required. </li> <li> The column is not required. Select the table style you want below </li> </ul>						
Add table to Email	Standard <u>Id Date Locati</u> 7991 June 2015 Office 8002 June 2015 Carpa	0n Id Date 7991 June 2015				Hazard d Date Locati 7991 June 2015 Office 8002 June 2015 Carpa		
2	-			U				

rious Patient Inci	ident Summary for last v	veek			
ail Body					
( 0 6 🖻	🗠 🚧 🦥 X² X₂				
ormal	- Arial		e) - B I	<u>U</u> - S = = = 👰 👔	A
-	a list of all confirmed serior umber of a record to open		s that occurred in the	e previous week.	
Incident ID	Incident date	Incident time	Outcome (confirmed)	Ward / Unit	Summary
	[IncidentDate]	[IncidentTime]	[IncActualSAC]	[Program]	[Description]

#### Apply finishing touches once you have added the table to your email body

We have decided to make the following formatting changes to our table:



• Change the column header to just say "ID". Centre the actual display ID number, and format it as bold.

- 2 Centre actual date value
- Centre the actual time value
- **O** Change the column header to just say "Outcome". Centre the Outcome value.
- **6** Format the actual summary value to be in italics.

Our finished table now looks like this:

	ID	Incident date	Incident time	Outcome	Ward / Unit	Summary
D	DisplayID]	[IncidentDate]	[IncidentTime]	[IncActualSAC]	[Program]	[Description]

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT ALERTS**

## When a user submits an incident, send them an acknowledgement email to confirm receipt of the record, and inform them what they can do next

This is a great alert to have in your system in order to provide guidance to end users on both RiskMan functionality, and also pointers about policy / procedure in your organisation.

Granted, in many organisations, there may be a significant percentage of users who do not have a company email address. However, having an alert in place like this can really assist with getting buy-in with a new (or even existing) system.

#### Conditions

As seen previously, this is another scenario where we need to check for a mandatory field being filled in, order for the alert to trigger. In this example we are using the Summary field:

		Conditions	
The focus of this alert is Just Incidents		Select to add a related filter for	Test Conditions
summary	Where	Summary is not empty	
Complaint summary			
SBAR Summary		+	
Summary			
WHS summary / review			

#### Recipients

The recipient will be defined as the original reporter of the record, based on the Review History content:

#### Alert Examples Supplement

	Re	ecipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient		The user who originally reported the record	ŵ
Type a name to search	-		
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each re triggers this alert	ecord that		
Select a user category			
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	-		
Add a group of recipients	-		

#### Email

The email is the most important facet of this alert. We want the email to be as useful as possible for the user - including direction on what do to next in the incident process, as well as pointing out useful functionality - without it being so long or detailed that the user doesn't bother reading it.

With that in mind, this is one way of configuring the email:

#### Dear [NotificationName]:

Thank you for submitting incident #[DisplayID] in RiskMan. This email is to confirm that this [IncidentInvolved] incident has been received, and has been forwarded on to your immediate line manager for review.

The following is a summary of the incident for your information:

Incident Type: [IncidentInvolved]

Summary: [Description]

Initial Severity/Impact Rating: [Outcome] (please note that this rating may be altered when your manager reviews and investigates the incident)

Incident Location: [Specialty], [Program]

#### What happens next?

Your incident will be reviewed by your line manager, and depending on the severity, by additional personnel too. Please note that you can always return to any incident you have submitted and:

- Add further information as it becomes available
- Correct any information as required; for example if the severity of an injury ended up being different than what was first suspected
   Check to see who else has viewed and/or modified your incident.

#### How do I open the incident?

To open this incident again, you can either:

- · Click on the blue link at the bottom of this email, or
- Log in to RiskMan, and from the menu at the top of the screen, choose My Workspace > Review My > Incidents. This will display a list of all the incidents you have submitted. You can open any of these incidents by clicking its blue ID number.

#### What can I do once I've opened the incident?

When you review an existing incident, you are able to:

- Check the Review History. The Review History is an electronic audit trail which details every action associated with the incident. You will be able to see who has been notified of the incident, who has looked at it, who has edited it, and when all these actions occurred. The Review History is located at the very bottom of the Incident form.
- Check the Change History. The Change History outlines the exact modifications made on the form, and who made each change. This will allow you to see who has added which pieces of information (or who has edited information you wrote). The Change History is a button located in the Control Panel at the top of the Incident form.
- Create a Personal Alert. If desired, you can create a Personal Alert for this incident, which will notify you via email whenever this incident is modified by somebody else. To setup a Personal Alert, in the Control Panel at the top of the form, click the Alert Me! button, and choose the length of time you would like the system to monitor this incident for changes
- If you add any further information to the form (or modify any existing information), click the Submit button at the bottom of the page to save your changes. Remember, every time anybody modifies an incident, a new historic version of the incident is created, meaning no information is ever 'lost'.

If you require any further assistance with RiskMan, please consult your line manager. Alternatively, in the Help menu within RiskMan you will be able to access the appropriate reference quides.

# When an incident is marked as closed, send an acknowledgement email to the original reporter, thanking them for submitting the incident and confirming what has been done about it

This example is obviously going to be very similar to the previous one. Again, the aim is to close the feedback loop and include the original reporter in the overall process.

#### Conditions

Depending on how your system is configured, there are a number of ways you may elect to trigger the alert, including:

- Investigations completed date has been filled in
- Investigation status = complete
- Incident Closed on date has been filled in
- Incident status = closed

#### This is our example:

		Cor	nditions		
e focus of this alert is Just Incidents (V2)	•	Select t	o add a related filte	r for 🔹	Test Conditions
status	Where	Incident Status	is equal to	Closed - Review Completed	
Assessment of risk status documen Emergency response status				+	
Incident Status					
Investigation Status Status (Unposted only)					

#### Recipients

As with the previous example, the recipient will be defined as the original reporter of the record, based on the Review History content:

	R	ecipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient		The user who originally reported the record	
Type a name to search	-		
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each r triggers this alert	ecord that		
Select a user category			
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username	Ŧ		
	•		
Select a field that contains a Username	v 		
Select a field that contains a Username			

#### Email

As with the previous alert example, the email is arguably the most important part of the alert. You need to decide what information is included, such as should you include information from fields to which the user does not have permission. We have configured our example as follows:

Dear [NotificationName]:
On [DateEntered] you submitted the following incident on RiskMan:
Incident Type: [IncidentInvolved]
Summary: [Description]
Severity/Impact Rating: [Outcome]
Incident Location: [Specialty], [Program]
This email is to confirm that the investigations for this incident have now been marked as completed. Thank you for reporting this incident - it has helped us provide a better and safer environment for all our patients, staff and visitors at [Incident_Location].
Investigations were completed by [InvestigatedBy] on [DateClosed]. The severity/impact of the incident has been recorded as [Outcome].
If you wish to review the outcome of the investigations, you can click on the link below to open and review the incident.

## **REMINDER ALERTS**

Remind the responsible line manager that the investigations for an incident have not yet commenced, and the incident has now been in the system for more than 7 days. Add an escalation alert if nothing is still done 21 days later.

#### Situation

If an incident has <u>no</u> investigation/follow up added at all after **7 days** of an incident being reported; then, remind the appropriate line manager every 4 days via email that this hasn't been done. If, **after 21 days**, there is still NOTHING entered in that field, **escalate** this to *that* manager's line manager.

Alert 1: Checking if the immediate line manager has entered something into investigations or not

#### Rules

This alert will be a **periodic** alert; meaning that we will scan all items periodically at the interval we specify using the **Schedule** settings.

DETAILS	Alert Method This setting determines when the items should be checked, and thus the alert triggered. Click the setting you want to use to acket it it.
	Check each item when it is saved. When the user enters a new item, or when an existing them is modified, the alert will run, and trigger if all the conditions are met. This is the most common method.
RECIPIENTS	Scan all items periodically Scan all items periodically The alert scans all items at the interval you specify (eg. Very 5 days), and triggers for each item that matches me conditions you specify. Usually used when you are creating a reminder aler.
SCHEDULE	Trigger the alert once a speedy, but will monitor for the type of item that you speedy, but will not trigger undil the count of that type of item has exceeded your pre-determined threshold within a given timeframe.
DDOOFFCCTC	

#### Conditions

We will check if anything has been entered into the investigations/findings field. We will also check to see how long since the incident was entered - greater than 7 days, and fewer than 21 days:

Where	Investigatio	ons/Findings is empty
And		Incident date(Periodic) Days Since >= 7
	And	Incident date(Periodic) Days Since =< 21
		+
		+

Note that when you are creating a periodic alert, as in example above, there will be two versions of each date field – **Incident date**, and **Incident date (Periodic)**. The latter is the field to use in your test for the number of days until or since that date, is it allows you to use the numerical operators such as greater than or equal to, and less than or equal to.

The reminder will only be sent to the user while the record is between 7 and 21 days old in the system. Please note that this is just one example of how you might measure the age of the record; you could also opt to base this timing on when the record was first entered into RiskMan instead.

#### Recipients

The recipient will be the line manager of the person who entered the original record, as they are expected to perform the follow up for an incident in the first instance.

Add a specific user as a recipient		The nominated line manager(s) of the user who originally reported the record	
Type a name to search	•	1	
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each r triggers this alert	record that		
Select a user category			
Select a user category			
Select a user category Alert a user named in a field			
Alert a user named in a field			
Alert a user named in a field	<b>•</b>		

#### Schedule

We wanted to remind the responsible manager **every 4 days** that they haven't started any investigations for an incident. So we will setup the Schedule accordingly:



You could set up the reminder schedule based on day of the week if you wanted; it just depends on your requirements. In this case, we will remind the responsible manager every 4 days (based on the date of the month) that they haven't entered any investigations, and send the resulting reminder email at 11:15am.

The Escalation Alert: If the initial line manager still hasn't done anything about this record, and it's now more than X days old, let's escalate this to their immediate manager for follow up

Let us suppose that it is now more than 21 days since the incident, and STILL nobody has entered any investigations. You want this record to be escalated to the line manager of the manager who is responsible for that initial investigation.

#### Conditions

The conditions for the escalation alert will look like this:

Where	Investigations/Findings is empty
And	Incident Date(Periodic) Days Since >= 21
	+

So, now we are saying that if it is now at least 21 days since the date the incident occurred, and the investigations field is <u>still</u> empty, then trigger this alert.

#### Recipient

The immediate line manager has not completed their responsibilities within the given timeframe. So, we need to push this up the tree to that person's manager. We select the recipient accordingly:

Reci	pients	
Add a specific user as a recipient Type a name to search	The nominated line manager(s) of the line managers of the original reporter	面
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category	Note: To delete an alert recipient, click the rubbish bin icon at the right. The recipient name/type will be crossed out. When you save the alert, the recipient will be removed from the list. Clicking the icon again will cancel the delete.	
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username		

#### Schedule

This will be down to your requirements. We have opted to send the reminder email to the manager's manager every Wednesday at 10am.

			Sc	hedu	le							
How often should this alert be processed?												
Every:			Minute	н	our	Day	Wee	ek N	lonth	Yea	r	
Days of week:	Saturday	Su	ınday	Mor	nday	Tues	day	Wedn	esday	Th	ursday	Friday
Hours of the day:	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11
Hours of the day.	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
Minutes of the hours:		20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
minutes of the nours:		30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	
		40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	
		50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	

# Remind a user that a journal task assigned to them is now overdue, and has not been actioned

#### Scenario

This alert is designed to monitor journals where action is required, we are now PAST the due date of that action, and the task has not been marked as actioned.

#### Conditions

The conditions for this alert warrant some further explanation:

		Conditio	ns			
focus of this alert is Incidents (V2) an	nd Journal 👻 🚺	Select to add a rel	ated filter for		-	Test Condition
status	Where 2 (Jo	urnals)Follow Up By Da	ate(Periodic)	Days Since >=	3	
Assessment of risk status documen	And 3 (Jo	urnals)Item Actioned	is equal to	No		
Emergency response status	And (JO	urnals)Journal Type	is equal to	Further Action		
Investigation Status	And 5Sta	atus (Unposted only)	is not equal to	Deleted		
Status (Unposted only)				F. Contraction		
(Journals)Status						

• Remember to select Incidents & Journals as the **focus** of the alert – otherwise the Journal fields will not be available to be added as conditions, and you will not be able to select users named in journals as recipients.

Phis condition lets us determine when we should start to remind the user that their task is overdue. If you set this to be 1, then the reminder will be sent on the first day after the due date. We have opted to give the user a 3 day grace period before we start to remind them. It's up to you to find the right balance!

• This test ensures that the alert will on trigger for journal tasks which have not yet been marked as actioned.

• We have restricted the alert to only look at journal types of Further Action. You may need to do something similar in your own alert, depending on how you have configured journals for this register.

• This test ensures that the alert should not trigger for journals which are attached to incidents which have been deleted. We would always recommend adding this condition to journal-related

alerts. If we didn't include this condition, and a journal task is assigned for an incident, and that incident is subsequently deleted, then the alert doesn't care whether it is triggering for journal tasks attached to deleted incidents or not. This is an undesirable behaviour, so be sure to include this condition with your journal-related alerts.

#### Recipients

We will use the "Alert a user named in a field" function to dynamically assign the recipient:

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient	User(s) listed in the "(Journals)Follow Up Allocated To" field	ť
Type a name to search		
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that friggers this alert		
Select a user category		
Alert a user named in a field		
Select a field that contains a Username		

**Optional:** You could also notify the user who <u>created</u> the journal task by adding "(Journals) Username" as a recipient.

#### Email

Here is an example of an email we might send to the responsible user to inform them that their task is overdue:

Dear [FollowUpUser]
This email is to inform you that a journal task assigned to you as part of incident #[DisplayID] is now overdue.
Please complete this task as soon as practical by clicking the link below and marking the journal task as Actioned.
Task Summary:
Originally assigned to you on [JournalDateStamp]
The original due date of the task was [JournalFollowUp]
Task Description:
[JournalDescription]
Click Here to open the associated incident and mark the task as Actioned.

## Remind a user that an action assigned to them for a risk is overdue

This example monitors the Action subform in a Risk Register, and reminds a user when an action assigned to them has become overdue. The following is the subform in question:

Ac	tion Plan							
	Add Action							
	Action Assigned Date	Action By Date	Action Description			Completed On	Action Response	
<b>S</b>	25 Jan 2017		Provide additional signage around the facility on the importance of handwashing	Sally Kruger (sallyk)	sallyk			×

#### Conditions

Given the available fields in this subform, we will base our conditions around the **Action By Date** field, and that the **Completed On** field is still empty:

		Conditions		
he focus of this alert s Risks and Treatn	nent/Actio	Select to add a related filter for	<b>•</b>	Test Conditions
completed	Where	(Treatment/Actions)Action By Date(Periodic)	Days Since >= 3	
(Treatment/Actions)Completed On (Treatment/Actions)Completed On(	And	(Treatment/Actions)Completed On is empt	у	
		+		

As you can see, we still favour giving the user a grace period. Also, don't forget to select the appropriate subform as your alert focus (as highlight in the screenshot).

#### Recipients

We have use Alert a user named in a field to add the "Allocate to" field to determine the recipient:

Add a specific user as a recipient       Type a name to search       Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert       Select a user category	Recipients					
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category	Add a specific user as a recipient	User(s) listed in the "(Treatment/Actions)Allocated To(Username)" field				
triggers this alert Select a user category  Alert a user named in a field	Type a name to search					
	triggers this alert					
Select a field that contains a Username	Alert a user named in a field					
	Select a field that contains a Username	Ŧ				

# Remind the key users that the anticipated completion date for a quality activity is 14 days away, and the status of the activity is currently not set to 'completed'

Here is an example of a reminder alert that notifies users that a key date is approaching, rather than past.

#### Scenario

Piriatinski, Boris (Boris Piriatinski)	Person #2 position	
Commenced		
	Anticipated completion date	8 Feb 2017
	Commenced	Commenced

We will have 3 recipients for this alert; **key person 1 & 2**, and also the person who **approved** the quality activity.

We will be testing the Activity Status field, and we will also add conditions so that the alert will only trigger 14 days before the date listed in the **Anticipated completion date** field.

#### Conditions

Conditions						
ne focus of this alert is Just Quality Activi	ities 🔻	Select to add a related filter for	•	Test Conditions		
anti Anticipated commencement date	Where	Activity status is equal to Commenced Anticipated completion date(Periodic) Days Until =< 14				
Anticipated completion date Anticipated outcome	And	Anticipated completion date(Periodic) Days Until >= 14 Anticipated completion date(Periodic) Days Until >= 13				
Anticipated commencement date(P		+				
Anticipated completion date(Periodi						

There are two things we are concerned with for these conditions:

 The alert should only trigger on quality activities which have a status of
 Commenced. This eliminates the chance that the alert will trigger for activities which

Activity status	
	Proposed
	Accepted
	Commenced
	Completed
	Not accepted
	Not completed

were not accepted, or have already been completed, or are just proposed at this stage, etc.

• The way we have added the periodic date tests for the Anticipated Completion Date field will ensure the alert will only trigger 14 days before the date listed in that field.

#### Recipients

We have 3 recipients to add to this alert; the users listed in the fields:

- Person #1 name
- Person #2 name, and
- Approval by

	Recipients	
Add a specific user as a recipient Type a name to search	<ul> <li>User(s) listed in the "Approval by" field</li> <li>User(s) listed in the "Person #1 name" field</li> <li>User(s) listed in the "Person #2 name" field</li> </ul>	節 節 節
Add a user who appears in the Review History for each record that triggers this alert Select a user category		
Alert a user named in a field Select a field that contains a Username		

# **RESTRICTION ALERTS**

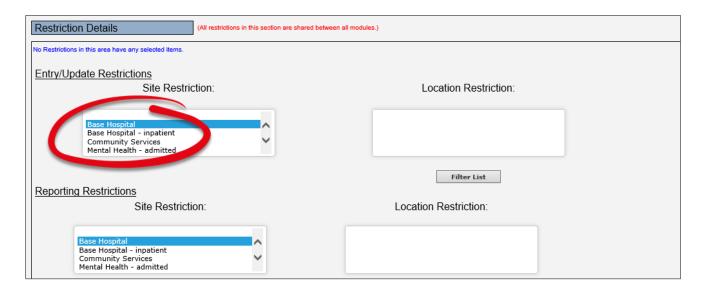
### Allow a user to see only records of a certain type in a register

Let's picture the following scenario: In your system, there are two users who have permission to see the Incident Inbox:

0	3	Sele	ct a rec	ord t	o display i	the availab	le tools.	INB	New Incidents and	edits of Incidents	ew		¢	
Drag	a c	olum	n heade	r her	e to group	by that co	lumn							
		ŋ	Dist		ID	Group	Date Notified 📍	Notification Type 📍	Who was affected 💡	Campus 🕈	Summary 🕈	Actual Severity 📍	Overall Severity (Actu	Primary Incident
					Ŷ	٩	<b>▼</b> Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	٩	٩	Ŷ	
	۲		None		349		29 Apr 2015	Clinical Incident	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	а		Unknown	Adverse outcome/
	۲		None		348		29 Apr 2015	Clinical Incident	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	a		Unknown	Hazard-emergency
	۲		None		347		5 Dec 2014	Non Clinical/Non O	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	Complaint made t			
	۲		None		334		18 Aug 2011	Non Clinical/Non O	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	see ADR form	4	4. No Harm/Near	Adverse outcome/
	۲		None		327		8 Dec 2010	Clinical Incident	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	cvdff	3	3. Mild	Retained Instrume
	۲		None		326		29 Nov 2010	Clinical Incident	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	anskljdj	3	3. Mild	Adverse outcome/
	۲		None		321		22 Mar 2010	Clinical Incident	Health Care Recipi	The Royal Women'	test	3		Bruising
	۲		None		317		30 Dec 2009	OH&S Incident	Health Care Provid	The Royal Women'	test	3	3. Mild	Death, cause unkn
	۲		None		316		30 Dec 2009	OH&S Incident	Non-Person	The Royal Women'	test			Air quality/smoke/
	۲		None		313		30 Dec 2009	Non Clinical/Non O	Non-Person	The Royal Women'	test test		4. No Harm/Near	Adverse outcome/
	۲		None		515		30 Dec 2009	Non clinical/Non C	Non-Person	The Royal Wollien	test test		4. No Hami, Near	Adverse ouccom

Now, if a user has permission to see the Inbox, then unless you place any additional restrictions on that user, then they will see **all records in the Inbox** across the entire organisation.

To further restrict what a user can see in the Inbox, you can restrict them down to a particular site via their user profile:



Adding the site restriction shown above will allows a user only to see incidents from **Base Hospital** in the Inbox. But what if this is not granular enough?

Suppose the responsibility for posting incidents was divided between two users: one user who is responsible for posting all the patient related

Who Was Affected?	User 1's responsibility		User 2's responsibility
The Event relates to a $*$	Patient/Client/Resident	O Worker	O Relative/Visitor O Non-Person

incidents; and the other, responsible for posting all other incidents, including WHS, non-person, etc.

The good news is that you can further restrict the records that a user can see using alerts (also, note that this same technique applies to any register accessed via the Management menu).

#### Part 1: Create the requisite alerts

In our example we will need to have 2 alerts configured; one for each user.

#### Conditions

The first alert, for the user who needs to work with patient incidents, will have the following:

		Con	ditions		
The focus of this alert is Just Incidents (V2)	-	Select to add a related filter for			Test Conditions
the event	Where	The Event relates to	is equal to	Patient/Client/Resident	
(Slip/Trip/Fall) Where did the even The Event relates to				+	

The second alert will be the opposite:

		Conditions	
The focus of this alert is Just Incidents (V2)	-	Select to add a related filter for	▼ Test Conditions
the event (Slip/Trip/Fall) Where did the even The Event relates to	Where	The Event relates to vision of equal to Patient/Client/Resident	

#### Part 2: Apply additional restriction to each user's profile

The second step involves applying an additional setting to each user's profile. Load the profile, choose (in this case) the **Incident tab**, and scroll down to the **Specific Restrictions** section:

Specific Restrictions (Restrictions in this section are specific to the register.)	
Entry/Update Restrictions	
Show only "Alerted" Incident (V2) items in Inbox.	
The Event feidles to Restriction.	
Patient/Client/Resident	
Relative/Visitor	
Non-Person	
Reporting Restrictions	
Show only "Alerted" Incident (V2) items in Reports.	
The Event feidles to Restriction.	
Patient/Client/Resident	
Relative/ visitor Non-Person	
Non-Person	
Restrict to these Reports:	Restrict to these Journal Types:
(Sub-Report) Journal	General Comments
(Sub-Report) Medication	Task Further Action
(Sub-Report) Pressure Injury (Sub-Report) Preventative Corrective Actions	Internal Notification

Enabling the two options shown above will ensure the users can only see incidents in the Inbox that their respective alert has given them permission to see. This setting overrides all other methods of defining what a user can see.

# THRESHOLD ALERTS

Threshold alerts count the number of occurrences of records of your chosen type. If the number of occurrences of that type of record exceeds the limit you designate during a time frame that you stipulate, then your nominated user(s) can be informed of that with these alerts.

These alerts are often used in conjunction with Indicators. Indicators can be setup to do the same thing, however we can consider having to go and run the indicator set to be "passive" – meaning if the user does not run the indicator set, they might never know that a threshold (or tolerance) has been exceeded. Therefore, for select situations, it could be advantageous to use threshold alerts to monitor certain things, as this "active" means of monitoring means the users will be informed as soon as the threshold has been exceeded.

When creating a threshold alert, in the **Rules** section, you must select the **Alert Method** of **Trigger the alert once a threshold has been exceeded**. This will then expose the threshold options in the **Settings** section:

A	Rules					
INTRODUCTION	If you need further information, please refer to the Alert Management Guide in the help menu. If you encounter difficulties or errors, please contact RiskMan Support.					
:=	Alert Method					
	This setting determines when the items should be ch want to use to select it.	ecked, and thus the alert triggered. Click the setting you	Settings			
RULES	Check each item when it is saved.	When the user enters a new item, or when an existing item is modified, the alert will run, and trigger if all the conditions are met. This is the most	Should this alert be triggered as soon as an item is entered, or should it only trigger once there is a posted version?			
Q <sub>8</sub>		common method.	Trigger on the unposted record			
CONDITIONS		The alert scans all items at the interval you specify	$\bigcirc$ Wait until there is a posted version before triggering			
	Scan all items periodically	(eg. Every 5 days), and triggers for each item that matches the conditions you specify. Usually used when you are creating a 'reminder' alert.				
RECIPIENTS		when you are creating a reminder alert.	What should this alert do regarding access permissions to the item for each recipient.			
EMAIL	Trigger the alert once a threshold has been exceeded	The alert will monitor for the type of item that you specify, but will not trigger until the count of that type of item has exceeded your pre-determined	AUTHORISE access			
		threshold within a given timeframe.	DENY access			
SCHEDULE			REVOKE ALERTED access     REVOKE ALL access			
			Remove DENY access			
&			NONE			
PROCESSES						
			Number of days in the threshold timefame: 7			
			Maximum number of matching items in the timefame: 5			
			The alert will trigger if there are more than 5 matching items in any 7 day period.			
			Maximum number of emails to send per day when the threshold is a exceeded:			
			What date field should the alert monitor?:			
			These checks will occur each time an item is entered that meets the specified conditions.			

The last two settings control the following:

Maximum number of emails to send per day when the threshold is exceeded: On the day when the threshold is first exceeded, an email will be sent to the recipients. However, if another (incident) is entered on the same day that matches the alert conditions, do you want yet another email to be sent on the same day? Or is once per day enough? Most users tend to set this setting to 1.

What date field should the alert monitor: You must stipulate which date field from the register in question that the system should use to monitor and count occurrences.

# If there are more than 4 manual handling incidents in a 21 day period at a given facility, notify a particular user

#### **Threshold Settings**

Number of days in the threshold timefame:	21 ‡
Maximum number of matching items in the timefame:	4 1
The alert will trigger if there are <u>more</u> than 4 matching items in any 21 Maximum number of emails to send per day when the threshold is exceeded:	day period.
What date field should the alert monitor?:	Incident Date 🔹
These checks will occur each time an item is entered that meets the sp	ecified conditions.

#### Conditions

Conditions					
focus of this alert is Incidents (V2) and	d Type O 🔻	Select to add a	related filter for	▼ Test Co	ndition
Start typing a field name here	Where	(Multiselect)Type Of Eve	nt is equal to	Worker> OHS> Manual Handling (W)	
(Exposure) Was all personal pro (AAC) Problem	And	Site is equal to E	Base Hospital		
(AAC) Process			+		
(ADR) Comments					
(ADR) Contact Details (email or					
(ADR) Date reported					
(ADR) Date Reported to SAFEVIC					

In the system that we made this example, "Type of Event" is a multi-select field. Subsequently, we had to ensure we chose "Type of Event" as the alert focus, so that we could add a condition for that field.

# If resident #7654321 has 3 or more falls in a 14 day period, notify the facility manager

#### **Threshold Settings**

Number of days in the threshold timefame:	14	* *	
Maximum number of matching items in the timefame:	2	* *	
The alert will trigger if there are <u>more</u> than 2 matching items Maximum number of emails to send per day when the threshold is exceeded:	s in an 1	iy 14 day period.	
What date field should the alert monitor?:		ent Date	-
These checks will occur each time an item is entered that me	eets th	ne specified conditi	ons.

#### Conditions

Conditions					
he focus of this alert is Incidents (V2) ar	nd Type O 🔻	Select to add a related filter for		▼ Test Condition	itions
client	Where	(Multiselect)Type Of Event	is equal to	Patient/Client/Resident> Patient Care> Fall	
(Elder Abuse) Client Required A	And	Client ID/MRN is equal to	7654321		
(Elder Abuse) Relationship of all (Patient/Client) Age			+		
Client ID/MRN					
Details - Has the pressure injur					
Has the patient/resident/client					
Other Details - Has the pressur					

As with the previous example, the system this alert was built in has a multi-select field for incident classification.

Please note that at present, there is no functionality in the system that allows you to stipulate that the alert should simply count based on <u>any</u> Client ID/MRN. That means that if you want to monitor multiple people, you will need to setup a separate alert for each person you wish to monitor. Remember that the **Clone** function will save you time if this is what you need to setup.